

امتحان اللغة الإنجليزية / الوحدة الرابعة

المعلم عامر عمر 0797392912

Question One:

For items (1 – 30), choose the correct answer from A, B, C, or D to complete each of the following sentences.

Energy will be provided by solar power and wind farms, and there are also plans to build the world's largest hydrogen plant. A desalination plant will be used to provide the city's water, with 80% of water used being recycled. Biological waste will be used as an energy source too, and industrial waste will be recycled.

1. The advantage of the desalination unit is to:

- A. provide the city's water B. build the world's largest plant
C. provide the city's wind farms D. build the world's wind farms

The book consisted of sixteen chapters which explain how best to grow trees, fruit and vegetables, as well as herbs and sweet-smelling flowers; perhaps the most famous chapter of all was the one that described how to treat different types of soil. Ibn Bassal also worked out how to irrigate the land by finding underground water and digging wells. He designed water pumps and irrigation systems.

2. Ibn Bassal worked out how to irrigate the land by.....

- A. using old water pumps and irrigation systems
B. digging wells and finding underground water
C. finding underground water and using old water pumps
D. explaining how best to grow trees, fruit and vegetables in his book

3. Ais an old-fashioned word which means " doctor ".

- A. chemist B. physician C. polymath D. physicist

4. If we take more often, there will be fewer cars on the roads, which will result in cleaner air in our cities.

- A. economic growth B. negative effect C. public transport D. biological waste

5. is to supply land with water.

- A. Irrigate B. Criticize C. Outweigh D. Vary

6. Scholars have discovered an document from the twelfth century.
 A. origin B. original C. originate D. originally
7. If we replace as much carbon as we burn, we are carbon
 A. friendly B. dioxide C. footprint D. neutral
8. I'd like you to this document into English.
 A. translator B. translate C. translation D. translated
9. is the state of being able to continue forever, or for a very long time.
 A. Desalination B. Sustainability C. Geometry D. Revolutionize
10. Fatima al- Fihri used her father'sto build a learning center in fez, Morocco
 A. harmony B. composition C. philosopher D. inheritance
- 11.The correct definition of **talent** is:
 A. an expert in many fields B. a room for scientific experiments
 C. an engineer D. a special ability
- 12.Who was the mostwriter of the twentieth century?
 A. influence B. influential C. influentially D. influencer
- 13.We will have an examination intomorrow.
 A. geometry B. philosopher C. polymath D. effect
- 14.The can separate a medicine into its components.
 A. Mathematician B. Dominate C. Chemist D. Scales
- 15.We can all work hard to reduce ourby living a more environmentally-friendly lifestyle.
 A. pedestrian friendly B. carbon footprint C. zero-waste D. windfarms
- 16.The citymy brother works as accountant is very far, so he tries to move to another city.
 A. which B. where C. who D. when
- 17.The physiciantreated my grandfather was really experienced.
 A. who B. whose C. which D. where
- 18.**The Olympic Games** were held in London in 2012CE.
 The correct cleft sentence that emphasizes the information in bold is
- A. The event that was held in London in 2012 CE is the Olympic Games.
 B. The place where the Olympic Games were held in 2012 CE was London.
 C. The event that was held in London in 2012 CE was the Olympic Games.
 D. It is the Olympic Games which were held in London in 2012 CE.

19. The car my friend John bought runs on electricity and gas.

- A. whose B. that C. who D. where

20. It at midnight when I stopped studying for my final exams.

- A. is B. been C. be D. was

21. I always go to the supermarket sells organic vegetables and fruits.

- A. where B. which C. whose D. whom

22. The heat made the journey unpleasant.

The correct cleft sentence which emphasizes the underlined words is:

- A. It was the heat which made the journey unpleasant.
B. It is the heat that made the journey unpleasant.
C. It was the heat which makes the journey unpleasant.
D. It is the heat which made the journey unpleasant.

23. me to drive the car carefully.

- A. It was my uncle who taught B. My uncle who taught
C. It is my uncle teaching D. It was my uncle taught

24. The family house burnt in the fire was immediately given a suite in a hotel.

- A. where B. when C. whose D. who

25. The person

- A. who helped me in fixing my car last time is your brother.
B. who helped me in fixing your brother last time was my car.
C. who helped me in fixing my car last time was your brother.
D. who helps me in fixing my car last time was your brother.

26. Apart from the rooms in the castle, there are also about twenty-three stables horses may have been kept.

- A. when B. where C. whose D. who

27. My father bought our house with an from his grandfather.

- A. inhiritance B. inheretance C. enheritance D. inheritance

28. The sentence that has been written correctly is:

- A. Wind energy are an example of farms energy.
B. Wind farms are an example of renewable energy.
C. wind farms are an example of renewable energy.
D. Wind farms an example are of renewable energy.

29. The strategy which helps in structuring paragraph is:

- A. Each paragraph should cover two main ideas.
- B. Introducing the topic in the first sentence of each paragraph.
- C. Explaining ideas in more detail in the last sentences of the paragraph.
- D. Summarizing ideas in the first sentence of the paragraph.

30. In hot countries solar is an important source of energy.

- A. , / power B. , / power C. . / power D. : / power

Question Two:

The Arab world has many famous chemists in its history, but the person who is known as the founder of chemistry is probably Jabir Ibn Hayyan. He is most well-known for the beginning of the production of sulphuric acid. He also built a set of scales which changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory.

Ali Ibn Nafi' is also known as 'Ziryab' (or 'Blackbird', because of his beautiful voice). He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad, and it was his talent for music that led him to Cordoba in the ninth century CE. He is the person who established the first music school in the world in Cordoba, Al-Andalus, teaching musical harmony and composition. He revolutionized musical theory, and is also the person who introduced the oud to Europe.

Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer – a true polymath. He made ground-breaking discoveries in many of these fields, but it is probably his work in arithmetic and geometry that has made him most famous.

1. Who is the founder of chemistry?
2. Why is Ali ibn Nafi' also known as 'Ziryab'?
3. Find a word in the text that means (a room for scientific experiment).
4. What does the underlined pronoun (He) refer to?
5. Ali ibn Nafi' made some important achievements in music. Write down two of these achievements.
6. What has made Al-Kindi most famous?
7. Write down the sentence which indicates that Al-Kindi was a polymath.
8. Why is Ibn Hayyan's set of scales significant?

GOOD LUCK

LEARN 2 BE AMER OMAR

امتحان اللغة الإنجليزية / الوحدة الرابعة

المعلم عامر عمر 0797392912

Question One:

For items (1 – 30), choose the correct answer from A, B, C, or D to complete each of the following sentences.

Energy will be provided by solar power and wind farms, and there are also plans to build the world's largest hydrogen plant. A desalination plant will be used to provide the city's water, with 80% of water used being recycled. Biological waste will be used as an energy source too, and industrial waste will be recycled.

1. The advantage of the desalination unit is to:

- A. provide the city's water
B. build the world's largest plant
C. provide the city's wind farms
D. build the world's wind farms

The book consisted of sixteen chapters which explain how best to grow trees, fruit and vegetables, as well as herbs and sweet-smelling flowers; perhaps the most famous chapter of all was the one that described how to treat different types of soil. Ibn Bassal also worked out how to irrigate the land by finding underground water and digging wells. He designed water pumps and irrigation systems.

2. Ibn Bassal worked out how to irrigate the land by.....

- A. using old water pumps and irrigation systems
B. digging wells and finding underground water
C. finding underground water and using old water pumps
D. explaining how best to grow trees, fruit and vegetables in his book

3. Ais an old-fashioned word which means " doctor ".

- A. chemist
B. physician
C. polymath
D. physicist

4. If we take more often, there will be fewer cars on the roads, which will result in cleaner air in our cities.

- A. economic growth
B. negative effect
C. public transport
D. biological waste

5. is to supply land with water.

- A. Irrigate
B. Criticize
C. Outweigh
D. Vary

1. An architect is someonedesigns building.
(which , where , when , who)
2. The machinebroke down has now been repaired.
(which , where , whose , who)
3. It was the month of Ramadan.....Ibn Sina died.
(when , where , which , who)
4. A widow is a woman.....husband is dead.
(who , whose , where , when)
5. I would like to live in a countrythere is plenty of sunshine.
(when , who , whose , where)
6. The Sahara Desert,is in Africa, is very hot.
(where , which , whose , who)
7. He is the mandaughter I met in Jordan.
(which , where , whose , who)
8. The hotelwe stayed wasn't very clean.
(who , where , whose , which)
9. The peoplework in the office are very friendly.
(which , where , when , who)
- 10.The day I have to call to schedule an appointment is Monday.
(who , where , which , when)
- 11.It was a customs officer..... stopped us.
(who , which , when , where)
- 12.The chemist discovered the sulphuric acid is Jabir ibn Hayyan.
(who , which , whose , whom)
- 13.I always go to the supermarket..... sells organic vegetables.
(who , which , whose , whom)
- 14.Ali,mother is a professor, forgot his umbrella.
(whose , who , when , where)
- 15.The current residents of Masdar City are all students at the Masdar Institute of Science and Technology, a university students are fully committed to finding solutions to the world's energy problems.
(whom , whose , when , which)

14) Queen Rania opened the Children's Museum of Jordan in 2007 CE.

The person.....

- A. who opened the Children's Museum of Queen Rania in 2007 CE was Jordan.
- B. when opened the Children's Museum of Jordan in 2007 CE was Queen Rania.
- C. who the Children's Museum of Jordan opened in 2007 CE was Queen Rania.
- D. who opened the Children's Museum of Jordan in 2007 CE was Queen Rania.**

15) I like Geography most of all.

The subject.....

- A. who I like most of all is Geography.
- B. where I like most of all is Geography.
- C. that I like most of all is Geography.**
- D. which all of like I most is Geography.

16) The Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in 784 CE by Abd Al- Rahmman 1.

The mosque.....

- A. when the Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in 784 CE was Abd Al- Rahmman 1
- B. that was built in 784 CE by Abd Al-Rahmman1 was the Great Mosque in Cordoba.**
- C. was the Great Mosque in Cordoba was built in 784 CE was Abd Al-Rahmman 1.
- D. which the Great Mosque in Cordoba was built by Abd Al- Rahmman 1 was 784 CE.

17) Choose from A, B, C or D the correct **cleft sentence** that emphasizes the information in the bold in the following sentence.

The Olympic Games were held in London in **2012 CE**.

- A. The year when was 2012 CE the Olympic Games were held in London.
- B. The year where the Olympic Games were held in London was 2012 CE.
- C. It was in 2012 that the Olympic Games were held in London.**
- D. It was 2012 that were held in London the Olympic Games.

18) The Olympic Games were held in London in 2012 CE.

The event.....

- A. which took place in London in 2012 CE was the Olympic Games.**
- B. where the Olympic Games were held in 2012 CE was London.
- C. where the Olympic Games were held in London was 2012 CE.
- D. when the Olympic Games were held in 2012 CE was London.

19. The car my friend John bought runs on electricity and gas.

- A. whose B. **that** C. who D. where

20. It at midnight when I stopped studying for my final exams.

- A. is B. been C. be D. **was**

21. I always go to the supermarket sells organic vegetables and fruits.

- A. where B. **which** C. whose D. whom

22. The heat made the journey unpleasant.

The correct cleft sentence which emphasizes the underlined words is:

- A. **It was the heat which made the journey unpleasant.**
B. It is the heat that made the journey unpleasant.
C. It was the heat which makes the journey unpleasant.
D. It is the heat which made the journey unpleasant.

23. me to drive the car carefully.

- A. **It was my uncle who taught** B. My uncle who taught
C. It is my uncle teaching D. It was my uncle taught

24. The family house burnt in the fire was immediately given a suite in a hotel.

- A. where B. when C. **whose** D. who

25. The person

- A. who helped me in fixing my car last time is your brother.
B. who helped me in fixing your brother last time was my car.
C. **who helped me in fixing my car last time was your brother.**
D. who helps me in fixing my car last time was your brother.

26. Apart from the rooms in the castle, there are also about twenty-three stables horses may have been kept.

- A. when B. **where** C. whose D. who

27. My father bought our house with an from his grandfather.

- A. inhiritance B. inheretance C. enheritence D. **inheritance**

28. The sentence that has been written correctly is:

- A. Wind energy are an example of farms energy.
B. **Wind farms are an example of renewable energy.**
C. wind farms are an example of renewable energy.
D. Wind farms an example are of renewable energy.

29. The strategy which helps in structuring paragraph is:

- A. Each paragraph should cover two main ideas.
- B. Introducing the topic in the first sentence of each paragraph.
- C. Explaining ideas in more detail in the last sentences of the paragraph.
- D. Summarizing ideas in the first sentence of the paragraph.

30. In hot countries solar is an important source of energy.

- A. , / power B. , / power C. . / power D. : / power

Question Two:

The Arab world has many famous chemists in its history, but the person who is known as the founder of chemistry is probably Jabir Ibn Hayyan. He is most well-known for the beginning of the production of sulphuric acid. He also built a set of scales which changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory.

Ali Ibn Nafi' is also known as 'Ziryab' (or 'Blackbird', because of his beautiful voice). He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad, and it was his talent for music that led him to Cordoba in the ninth century CE. He is the person who established the first music school in the world in Cordoba, Al-Andalus, teaching musical harmony and composition. He revolutionized musical theory, and is also the person who introduced the oud to Europe.

Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer – a true polymath. He made ground-breaking discoveries in many of these fields, but it is probably his work in arithmetic and geometry that has made him most famous.

1. Who is the founder of chemistry?
2. Why is Ali ibn Nafi' also known as 'Ziryab'?
3. Find a word in the text that means (a room for scientific experiment).
4. What does the underlined pronoun (He) refer to?
5. Ali ibn Nafi' made some important achievements in music. Write down two of these achievements.
6. What has made Al-Kindi most famous?
7. Write down the sentence which indicates that Al-Kindi was a polymath.
8. Why is Ibn Hayyan's set of scales significant?

1. Jabir Ibn Hayyan
2. Because of his beautiful voice.
3. Laboratory
4. Jabir Ibn Hayyan
5. He is the person who established the first music school in the world.
He revolutionized musical theory.
6. His work in arithmetic and geometry that has made him most famous.
7. Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer – a true polymath.
8. Because it changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory.

GOOD LUCK
AMER OMAR

0797392912 المعلم عامر عمر

AWA2EL
LEARN 2 BE

