**الامتحان التدريبي لنمط ضع دائرة**

**اللغة الانجليزية** – **Action Pack 12**

**الفروع الاكاديمية** – **Academic Streams**

**بدارين 0772898811**

**النصوص Reading**

**المفردات Vocabulary**

**الاشتقاق Derivation**

**القواعد Grammar**

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| **Reading Texts : اولا : النصوص**  **Read the following paragraph and then answer the questions that follow.**  **اقرا الفقرة التالية ثمّ أجب عن الاسئلة التي تليها.**  It’s normal to **feel a bit blue** from time to time. However, studies show that negative emotions can  harm the body.  Anger can also have harmful effects on health. When you see red, your blood pressure is raised and you can suffer from headaches, sleep problems and digestive problems. However, what about positive feelings and attitudes? Until recently, scientists had not investigated whether there is a link between positive feelings and good health.   1. **The underlined colour idiom " feel a bit blue" in the paragraph means:** 2. feel sad 3. feel angry 4. useless possession 5. permission 6. **when you see red, you can suffer from headaches, …………………and digestive problems.** 7. Sleep problems 8. Walking problems 9. Waking up problems 10. Talking problem 11. **Quote the sentence which shows that anger affects health.** 12. Anger can also have harmful effects on health. 13. It’s normal to feel a bit blue from time to time. 14. scientists had not investigated whether there is a link between positive feelings and good health. 15. However, what about positive feelings and attitudes?   **Read the following paragraph and then answer the questions that follow.**  **اقرا الفقرة التالية ثمّ أجب عن الاسئلة التي تليها.**  Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. This is largely due to the country’s commitment to making healthcare for all a top priority. Advances in education, economic conditions, sanitation, clean water, diet and housing have made our community healthier.   1. **Health………….in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East.** 2. situations 3. conditions 4. positions 5. things 6. **Advances in education, economic conditions, sanitation, clean water, ………………….have made our community heathier.** 7. diet and housing 8. commitment and promising 9. diet and economy 10. economy and industry   **Read the following paragraph and then answer the questions that follow.**  **اقرا الفقرة التالية ثمّ أجب عن الاسئلة التي تليها.**  The King Hussein Cancer Center (KHCC) is Jordan’s only comprehensive cancer treatment centre. **It** treats both adult and paediatric patients. As the population of the country increases, more and more families will rely on the hospital for cancer treatment. Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region, as they are attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.   1. **The underlined pronoun " it " in the paragraph refers to ……………** 2. The King Hussein Cancer Center 3. comprehensive cancer treatment 4. the population of the country 5. Patients 6. **The phrasal verb in the paragraph which means " have trust or confidence in something or someone " is…………… .** 7. attracted 8. rely on 9. increases 10. treats 11. **People come from other countries in the region, as they are attracted by……………… .** 12. Jordan’s only comprehensive cancer treatment centre 13. its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities. 14. more and more families will rely on the hospital for cancer treatment 15. treats both adult and paediatric patients   **Read the following paragraph and then answer the questions that follow.**  **اقرا الفقرة التالية ثمّ أجب عن الاسئلة التي تليها.**  ***Al-Kindi* (born around 801 CE, died 873 CE)**  Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer – a true polymath. He made ground-breaking discoveries in many of these fields, but it is probably his work in arithmetic and geometry that has made him most famous.   1. **Quote the sentence which shows that Al-Kindi was a polymath.** 2. He made ground-breaking discoveries in many of these fields, 3. but it is probably his work in arithmetic and geometry that has made him most famous. 4. Al-Kindi was a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer – a true polymath. 5. physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer 6. **Al-Kindi's work in ………………that has made him most famous.** 7. arithmetic and geometry 8. physician, philosopher 9. mathematician, chemist 10. musician and astronomer 11. **The word which means " someone who has a lot of knowledge " is …………..** 12. Arithmetic 13. Polymath 14. Astronomer 15. Mathematician   **Read the following paragraph and then answer the questions that follow.**  **اقرا الفقرة التالية ثمّ أجب عن الاسئلة التي تليها.**  Megaprojects are extremely large investment projects, which are designed to encourage economic growth and bring new benefits to cities. Although megaprojects vary in terms of size and cost, they are all, by definition, expensive, public projects that attract a high level of interest and media coverage. Projects range from motorways, airports, stations, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes.   1. **megaprojects vary in terms of……… .** 2. size and cost 3. airports, stations 4. tunnels, bridges 5. bring new benefits to cities 6. **which are designed to encourage economic growth and ……………… .** 7. bring new benefits to cities 8. public projects 9. from motorways, airports, stations 10. to entire city complexes 11. **Projects range from motorways, airports, stations, ………………… .** 12. and bring new benefits to cities 13. tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes. 14. encourage economic growth 15. by definition, expensive, public projects   **Read the following paragraph and then answer the questions that follow.**  **اقرا الفقرة التالية ثمّ أجب عن الاسئلة التي تليها.**  Two summers ago, **I** spent five months studying Arabic at the German-Jordanian University near Madaba. As my father is originally from Jordan, I grew up speaking Arabic as well as German. However, I had never studied Arabic formally, and when the opportunity came up for me to spend a year in Jordan studying Arabic, I didn’t hesitate for one moment.   1. **Anita grew up speaking two languages……………….. .** 2. Arabic as well as German 3. German as well as Spanish 4. French and Italian 5. English and Arabic 6. **The underlined word " I" refers to ………….. .** 7. Anita 8. Anita's father 9. Arabic 10. Madaba 11. **She spent five months studying Arabic at …………….. .** 12. the German-Jordanian University 13. the university of Jordan 14. Yarmouk University 15. Albalqa Applied University   **Vocabulary قسم المفردات**   1. **Have you heard the good news ? We've …………………..to go ahead with our project !** 2. see red 3. feel a bit blue 4. the green light 5. red-handed 6. **Luckily, the police arrived and the thief was caught …………………………… .** 7. feel a bit blue 8. the green light 9. red-handed 10. a white elephant 11. **I was shocked when I heard the news. It came completely ……………………..** 12. the green light 13. red-handed 14. out of the blue 15. a white elephant 16. **Nobody goes to the new private sports club. The building is a ……………...** 17. feel a bit blue 18. the green light 19. red-handed 20. a white elephant 21. **I'm too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think that I'll …………. at the last moment.** 22. get cold feet 23. play it by ear 24. keep your chin up 25. have a head for figures 26. **If you've got a problem, talk to someone about it. It helps to …………………… .** 27. get it off your chest 28. play it by ear 29. keep your chin up 30. put my back into it 31. **I don't think I would be a very good accountant. I don't really …………………… .**   a.  play it by ear  b. keep your chin up  c. have a head for figures  d. put my back into it  **25. ……………….! I'm sure everything will be fine in the end.**  a. Get it off your chest  b. Play it by ear  c. Keep your chin up  d. Have a head for figures  **26. I'm not sure if it'll be warm enough to have a barbecue. We'll have to ……………. .**  a. get it off your chest  b. get cold feet  c. play it by ear  d. keep your chin up  **27. If you want to lose weight, you should ----------------------------------------- everyday.**  a. do exercise  b. do a subject  c. take a break  d. make a start - make a difference   1. **The deadline is tomorrow, and you haven't done everything yet. You really must ………. .**   a. do exercise  b. do a subject  c. take a break  d. make a start   1. **If you send money to charity, you will ………………. to a lot of lives.** 2. do a subject 3. take a break 4. make a difference 5. draw up a timetable 6. **You look tired. Why don't you ……………….. ?** 7. do a subject 8. take a break 9. make a start 10. make a difference 11. **I need to organize my time better. I think I'll ………………. .** 12. do exercise 13. do a subject 14. take a break 15. draw up a timetable 16. **If you send money to a charity, you will make a start to a lot of lives.**   **Replace the underlined misused collocation in the following sentence with the correct one :**   1. do a subject 2. take a break 3. make a difference 4. draw up a timetable 5. **Be very careful when you answer the questions, and try not to …………….** 6. make a mistake 7. ask questions 8. shake hands 9. earn / respect 10. **If you are polite, you won’t ………………..or upset anybody.** 11. shake hands 12. join /company 13. cause offense 14. make small talk 15. **Before the serious discussion starts, we always …………; it’s often about the weather!** 16. make a mistake 17. ask questions 18. shake hands 19. make small talk 20. Nasser has applied to ---------------------- the-------------------------- where his father works. 21. make a mistake 22. earn / respect 23. join /company 24. cause offense 25. In business, when you meet someone for the first time, it’s polite to------------------------------. 26. ask questions 27. shake hands 28. earn / respect 29. join /company 30. **After the talk, there will be a chance for you to ………………. questions about anything you don’t understand.** 31. ask 32. join 33. cause 34. make 35. **By working hard, you will ……………….. the respect of your boss.** 36. make 37. earn 38. join 39. cause 40. **When I graduate from university, I would like to buy a house and ………………… .** 41. wake up 42. take place 43. settle down 44. look around 45. **If you’re free at the weekend, let’s ………………… and go shopping together.** 46. wake up 47. take place 48. look around 49. meet up 50. **I’ve never visited that museum. I’d like to go in and …………………. .** 51. settle down 52. look around 53. meet up 54. get started 55. **I’ve got a lot of homework, so I think I should ………………….. right now!** 56. wake up 57. take place 58. look around 59. get started 60. **The phrase which have the same meaning as “ construct a new website ” is …………. .** 61. create a website 62. compare ideas 63. talk to people 64. send photos ) 65. **The function of using the underlined word " Therefor" in the following sentence is ………**   Lights will go on and off automatically **Therefore,** we will save energy   1. consequence 2. contrast 3. addition 4. recommendation 5. **The Middle East is famous for the ………………. of olive oil.** 6. produce 7. productive 8. Production 9. Productively 10. **Ibn Sina wrote ……………. textbooks.** 11. medicine 12. medical 13. medically 14. medify 15. **After our Science lesson in the laboratory, we always help the teacher to put the……… away.** 16. apparatus . 17. sustainability 18. Prosthetic 19. physician 20. **The nature reserve uses recycled water, which helps the……………….. of the environment.** 21. sustainability 22. Prosthetic 23. physician 24. Got   **50. Athletes with …………………… legs can take part in the Paralympics.**  a. apparatus .  b. sustainability  c. Prosthetic  d. physician  **51. Professor Badari, aged 67, is the hospital’s leading ………………. specialising in cancer care.**  a. apparatus  b. sustainability  c. Prosthetic  d. physician   1. **You should study …………………if you’re interested in learning about the legal system. I**   **studied it because I wanted to help people, and now I have a great job in an office**   1. Law 2. Linguistics 3. Physics 4. History 5. **Studying ……………… lets me focus on my love of language in an analytical way. It has introduced me to ideas about language that I never thought of before.** 6. Linguistics 7. Lingustiks 8. Lenguistics 9. Banking and Finance 10. **Maths has always been my strongest subject, and I feel that by studying ……………. I can use my strengths to solve practical problems.** 11. Law 12. Physics 13. History 14. Banking and Finance 15. **……………….. is a subject that I’ve always been interested in. Learning about ancient and modern civilisations is fascinating.** 16. Physics 17. History 18. Banking 19. Finance 20. **Economics and the global market have always interested me, but I wanted to study a subject with a clear career path, so I chose…………… . After I graduate, I want to begin a career in investment.** 21. Law 22. Linguistics 23. Physics 24. Banking and Finance 25. **When people talk about ………….. growth , they can mean either an improvement in the average standard of living, or an increase in the value of a country’s products.** 26. economic 27. ekonomic 28. economik 29. ecunomic 30. **Pollution has some serious ………….. effects on the environment, such as the death of wildlife and plant life.** 31. negative 32. public 33. waste 34. free 35. **We can all work hard to reduce our ………..footprint by living a more environmentally-friendly lifestyle.** 36. urban 37. carbon 38. power 39. attack 40. **If we take ……….transport more often, there will be fewer cars on the roads, which will result in cleaner air in our cities.** 41. planning 42. public 43. footprint 44. energy 45. **Hospitals need to dispose of a lot of ……….. waste , and it should be carefully managed because it can be dangerous.** 46. biological 47. renewable 48. farms 49. free zone 50. **The need for more effective ………….planning is evident when we consider modern day problems like traffic.** 51. urban 52. public 53. growth 54. waste   **نصيحة ؟؟؟؟؟؟؟؟؟؟**  **اذا كان الله معك ........ فمن عليك**  **و اذا كان الله عليك ..........فمن معك**  **كن صادقا في توكلك على الله ..... والله سوف ترى العجب**  **Derivation الاشتقاق**   1. **On some old villages in Jordan , the local people bring back an ancient …………………..** 2. tradition 3. traditional 4. traditionally 5. **When do you …………………….to receive test results .** 6. expectancy 7. expectantly 8. expect 9. **My father has restored our old house from his father's………………. .** 10. inherit 11. inheritance 12. inherited 13. **Who was the most ………………… writer of the twentieth century?** a. influence 14. influential 15. influentially 16. **Thank you for your help, I really ………………………… it.** 17. appreciation 18. appreciate 19. appreciative 20. **The music was written by a new young composer, so it was………………....** 21. contemporisation 22. contemporary 23. contemporise 24. **King Hussein was a ………………… world figure in the twentieth century.** 25. major 26. majority 27. majorly 28. **Ali has done a ………………….. and decided how much he can spend at the vacation.** 29. calculate 30. calculation 31. calculative 32. **Jordan’s infant ……….. rates declined more rapidly than anywhere else in the world.** 33. mortality 34. mortal 35. mortally 36. **………………… man proposes to a woman, not the other way round.** 37. Traditional 38. Tradition 39. Traditionally 40. **The …………………. system must be linked with the requirement of social development for any country and economic.** 41. educational 42. education 43. educate 44. **Jordanian doctors have a ……………………… of being experienced in the Middle East .** 45. repute 46. reputation 47. reputational 48. **Taha Hussein is one of the most …………….. writers of the twentieth century** 49. influence 50. influential 51. influentially 52. **Imagination is the source of ………………………** 53. create 54. creation 55. creative 56. **Another way of saying that something could be successful is to say ti is …………………..** 57. viable 58. viably 59. viability 60. **Most doctors used to be ………………… about the validity of homoeopathy.** 61. sceptical 62. scepticism 63. sceptically 64. **Complementary medicine can never substitute for ………. as it will not produce the antibodies.** 65. immunisation 66. immune 67. immunise 68. **Athletes with …………………… legs can take part in the Paralympics.** 69. Prosthetic 70. prosthesis 71. prosthetically 72. **Adeeb rightly deserves his ………….…….. as one of the youngest inventors in the world.**   ( repute , reputation , reputed )   1. **It is believed that Ziryyab has made a ……… in musical theory.** 2. revolution 3. revolutionise 4. revolutive 5. **The usage of …………. fertilizers can make the crops grow faster than usual .** 6. artifice 7. artificial 8. artificially 9. **The ………..growth will affect all aspects of life in the future.** 10. populate 11. population 12. populationally   **85. The ………….of our in progress country depends on the young.**  a. develop  b. development  developmental  **86. In order to be………….., you must be creative.**  a. succeed  b. successful  c. successfully  **Grammar القواعد**  **87. Now, about one billion smartphones …………. around the world each year.**   * 1. has sold   2. are sold   3. was selling  1. **Nadia has …………… her homework for two hours!**    1. are doing    2. has been doing    3. were doing 2. **Mahmoud was walking home when the rain ………….. .**    1. started    2. starting    3. have started 3. **Look at the black sky! It ..……….. rain soon!**    1. will rain    2. is going to    3. rains 4. **It is probable that this market …………… in the future.**    1. Expand    2. will expand    3. expanded 5. **In the past, most letters …………… by hand, but these days they are usually typed.**    1. wrote    2. were written    3. has written 6. **In 2010 CE, the first tablet computer ……………… .**    1. was produced    2. has produced    3. are producing 7. **In 1943 CE, the chairman …………. wrong when he said that the world only needed two or three computers.**    1. was    2. has been    3. will have been 8. **In 1943 CE, the chairman of a ‘business machines’ company ………. that the world only needed two or three computers.**    1. said    2. says    3. have said 9. **If you’re free at the weekend, let’s …………………. and go shopping together.**    1. meet up    2. met up    3. have met up 10. **If you ……….. that button, the picture moves.**     1. press     2. is pressing     3. will press 11. **If Ali ………….. his own computer, he wouldn’t need to use his friend’s computer.**     1. has     2. had     3. had had 12. **A: When I saw you yesterday, you looked really tired.**   **B: Yes, I …………... for half an hour.**   * 1. has been running   2. had been running   3. are running  1. **After the results had been published, she ……… her parents from the college.**    * 1. is phoning      2. phoned      3. will phone) 2. **Are you …………… in Jordan yet? You’ve only been here for two months.**    1. used to live    2. used to living    3. use to live 3. **For several weeks, her parents ……….. a special weekend away to the Jerash Festival.** a. a. had been planning   b. was planning  c. has been planning)   1. **Hind ………………… very hard for several weeks before she did her final exams.**    1. had been working    2. is working    3. has been working 2. **I ………….. English, but now I do.**    1. isn’t used to understanding    2. didn’t use to understand    3. not used to understand 3. **I just got glasses this week, and I’m not ……….. them yet, so I’m still having difficulty.**    1. used to wearing    2. used to wear    3. use to wear 4. **I made my mother a cup of tea. She was hot and tired; she ………….. all afternoon for a special family dinner.**     1. had been cooking    2. were cooking    3. have been cooking 5. **I think television ………….. better than it is now. Most of the programmes these days are just reality TV.**     1. used to be    2. is used to being    3. use to be 6. **I ……………. shopping in the local supermarket, but it closed two years ago, so now I have to drive into town to shop**    1. used to go    2. used to going    3. use to go 7. **I ……………… cartoon films when I was younger. These days I prefer action films.**     1. use to like    2. used to like    3. is used to liking 8. **Joining a gym can be very tiring at first if you ………………………. much exercise.**    1. aren’t used to doing    2. used to do    3. isn’t used to doing) 9. **Most Jordanians ………………… the hot weather that we have in summer.**    1. used to    2. is used to    3. use to 10. **My cousin has lived in Lebanon for a year. He says he ………………….. there now.**     1. is used to living     2. used to live     3. use to live 11. **My family and I ……………. camping once a month, but we stopped doing that when we moved to the city.**      1. used to going     2. used to go     3. is used to going 12. **My grandfather retired a month ago. He isn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ nothing to do all day. He says he needs a project to concentrate on.**     * 1. used to have       2. used to having       3. used to had 13. **My grandparents didn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ emails when they were my age.**     * 1. used to send       2. use to send       3. using to sending 14. **A lot of hospitals plan …………. robots to help nurses in the future.**     1. uses     2. using     3. to use 15. **Ali has broken his leg. It is ……….. a long time to get better.**     1. takes     2. going to take     3. took 16. **By next year, will you ……………. England?**     1. have visited     2. has visited     3. has been visiting 17. **Can I call you tonight after 6 p.m., or will you ……….. dinner with your family then?**     1. will have     2. be having     3. going to have 18. **Do you intend …………. tickets for the play?**     1. Intend     2. Intends     3. is intending 19. **Do you think you ……………. your school friends when you go to university?**     1. misses     2. will miss     3. is missing 20. **Don’t phone me at seven. I ……………. dinner with my family.**     1. will be having     2. will be had     3. was having 21. **He hopes ………………. a teacher one day.**     1. hope     2. hopes     3. is hoping 22. **He intends ………………….. for a job when he finishes university.**     1. applies     2. applying     3. to apply) 23. **I can’t call my dad right now. He ……………….. the plane. It takes off in an hour**.     1. will board     2. will be boarding     3. will have boarded 24. **‘Physician’ is an old-fashioned word \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ means ‘doctor’.**      1. who     2. which     3. when 25. **A chemist is a person \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ works in a laboratory.**      1. Who     2. Which     3. when 26. **A mathematician is someone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ works with numbers.**      1. Who     2. Which     3. when 27. **Geometry and arithmetic are subjects \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are studied by mathematicians.**      1. who     2. which     3. when 28. **He also wrote Al Qanun fi -Tibb, the book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ became the most famous medical textbook ever.**      1. who     2. which     3. when 29. **He wrote on early Islamic philosophy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ included many subjects, especially logic and ethics.**      1. who     2. which     3. When 30. **He's the writer \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ daughter I met in Jordan.**      1. who     2. which     3. whose 31. **His friends \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ were worried about his health advised him to relax.**      1. who     2. which     3. when 32. **Ibn Sina \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is also known as Avicenna was a polymath.**      1. who     2. which     3. when 33. **It was 11 p.m. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I stopped working.**     1. who     2. which     3. When 34. **It was I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ stopped working at 11 p.m.**      1. Who     2. which     3. when 35. **It was Queen Rania \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ opened the Children’s Museum of Jordan in 2007 CE.**     1. who     2. which     3. when 36. **It was the heat \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ made the journey unpleasant.**      1. who     2. which     3. when 37. **It was the month of Ramadan \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Ibn Sina died, in June 1037 CE.**      1. who     2. which     3. when 38. **The person \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ has influenced me most is my father.**      1. Who     2. Which     3. when 39. **11% \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ applied for Engineering in 2014 CE than in 2013 CE.**      1. many people     2. much people     3. more people 40. **Business Studies is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ subject.**     1. as many     2. as much     3. the most popular ) 41. **Engineering is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Visual Arts.**     1. less popular     2. least popular     3. as popular as) 42. **English is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Maths and Science.**      1. more popular     2. most popular     3. as popular as 43. **English is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ studied subject.**     1. much     2. more     3. the most 44. **In Jordan, children start school a year \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than English children.**     1. later     2. the latest     3. as late as 45. **Japanese and Jordanian children have \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ compulsory schooling.**     1. less     2. the least     3. as little as 46. **Jordanian children can leave school one year \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than English children.**     1. earlier     2. earliest     3. as early as 47. **Law is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than Medicine and Dentistry.**     1. more popular     2. most popular     3. popular 48. **Maths is more popular than Science, but \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ popular than English.**     1. less     2. least     3. as little as 49. **Neither Maths nor Science are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English.**      1. more popular     2. most popular     3. as popular as 50. **Not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people applied for Law in 2014 CE as in the previous year.**   a. as many  b. as much, more  c. the most   1. **Physics isn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Biology.**     1. most popular    2. Popular    3. as popular as 2. **Students don’t like doing Music and Art \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ they like doing Maths.**     1. as many as    2. as much as    3. more 3. **The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ growing subject is Computer Science.**     1. fast    2. faster    3. fastest 4. **There are not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ students studying Science as Maths.**     1. as many    2. as much    3. more 5. **Ali did not pass his exams. If only he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ harder last year.**    1. study    2. studied    3. had studied 6. **Fadi has lost his wallet. He wishes he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ more careful.**    1. was    2. were    3. had been 7. **Huda was too busy to visit us yesterday. If only she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_able to come.**    1. was    2. were    3. had been) 8. **I am very hungry! I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_before I went to the conference.**    1. eats    2. ate    3. had eaten 9. **I can’t do this exercise. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it.**    1. understood    2. understand    3. understanding 10. **I couldn’t understand anything. If only I ……….. Chinese!**     1. studies     2. studying     3. had studied 11. **I feel ill. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so many sweets.**     1. didn’t eat     2. hadn’t eaten     3. doesn’t eat 12. **I felt ill. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so many sweets!**     1. don’t eat     2. didn’t eat     3. hadn’t eaten 13. **I regret the deal now. I wish we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it.**     1. hadn’t done     2. do     3. does 14. **I want to go out this afternoon, but I don’t feel well. If only I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a headache.**     1. don’t have     2. didn’t have     3. hadn’t had 15. **I wish I’d known more about the company. If only I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some research!**     1. do     2. did     3. had done 16. **I’m cold. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a coat.**     1. bring     2. had brought     3. will bring 17. **I’m looking at a beautiful view, and I’d love to take a photo. If only I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_a camera with me.**     1. have     2. has     3. had 18. **I’ve broken my watch. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_it.**     1. don’t drop     2. hadn’t dropped     3. won’t drop) 19. **Ibrahim was right and I was wrong. I wish I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to him.**     1. listens     2. listened     3. had listened 20. **It was too hot to go to the beach yesterday. If only it\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ cooler.**     1. be     2. were     3. had been 21. **Jaber isn’t old enough to drive a car. He wishes he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ older.**     1. are     2. was     3. is 22. **Jordan needs to import a lot of oil. If only it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_larger oil reserves.**     1. has     2. had     3. had had 23. **Mr Haddad does not understand the Chinese businessman. If only he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Chinese.**     1. speak     2. spoke     3. had spoken 24. **My brother and I never want to watch the same TV programme. I wish we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the same things.**     1. likes     2. liked     3. had liked 25. **My cousins don’t live near here. I wish they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ so far away.**     1. aren’t     2. isn’t     3. weren’t 26. **Our flat is very small. If only we \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a big house.**     1. live     2. lived     3. had lived 27. **Ziad did not know about Chinese culture when he went on a business trip to China. He wishes he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a cultural awareness course.**     1. do     2. did     3. had done 28. **Therefore**, people can communicate more quickly and conveniently.   **The function of the underlined word " therefor" is …………… .**   * 1. Consequence   2. Opposition   3. Results  1. Some robots will **look and sound very like** humans, because technology will have advanced a great deal.   **The underlined rhetorical device " look and sound very like " expresses…………………...**   * 1. Simile   2. Metaphor   3. c. Personification |

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| --- |
| **نموذج امتحان ضع دائرة / شامل على المادة / بدارين 1** |
| **C:\Users\TheSmile\Desktop\ملفاتي توجيهي انجليزي\images.jpg**  **Choose the suitable item to complete each of the following .**   1. Two summers ago, I spent five months studying Arabic at the German-Jordanian University near Madaba. As my father is originally from Jordan, I grew up speaking Arabic as well as German. However, I had never studied Arabic formally, and when the opportunity came up for me to spend a year in Jordan studying Arabic, I didn’t hesitate for one moment.   **Anita spoke two languages ……………………. .**   1. **Spanish and Arabic.** 2. **Arabic and German.** 3. **German and Freench.** 4. **Arabic and English.** 5. **They** don’t have to become astronauts!’ says a spokesperson for the school. ‘Excellent grades in science and technology subjects can open many doors and lead to a variety of career opportunities.’   **The underlined word " They" in the paragraph refers to ………….. .**   1. **Students.** 2. **Spokesperson.** 3. **The school.** 4. **Subjects.** 5. Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region, as they are attracted by its excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities.   **People are attracted by its excellent………….., lower costs and cultural and language similarities.**   1. **reputation** 2. **education** 3. **association** 4. **adaptation.** 5. Ten-year-old Adeeb al-Balooshi, from Dubai, is going to travel to seven countries on a tour which has been organised and funded by Sheikh Hamdan bin Mohammad, Crown Prince of Dubai.   **The person who organized and funded the tour for Adeeb is ………………………….. .**   1. **Sheik Hamdan bin Mohammad.** 2. **Sheik Mohammad bin Hamdan.** 3. **Sheik Abdullah bin Zayed .** 4. **Sheik hamdan bin Ali.** 5. The researchers appreciate that not everyone’s personal circumstances and environment make it possible to live without worry. However, they believe that if we teach children to develop positive thinking, and to ‘bounce back’ after a setback, these qualities will improve their overall health in the future.   **The word in the paragraph which means " start to be successful again " is ……………………. .**   1. **setback** 2. **bounce back** 3. **rely on** 4. **know about**   **MOVE TO PAGE TWO/////**  **PAGE TWO**   1. Headaches and colds are common ……………………, especially in winter. 2. **ailments** 3. **aelments** 4. **ailmints** 5. **ealmints** 6. I don’t really believe that story – I’m very……………………. 7. **sceptical** 8. **scepitcel** 9. **sceptocal** 10. **scaptical** 11. The ……………..system in Jordan has shown its proficiency. 12. **educational** 13. **education** 14. **educationally** 15. **educate** 16. Don't talk to the driver. He must…………………… . 17. **concentration** 18. **concentrate** 19. **concentrated** 20. **concentratively** 21. Have you heard the good news ? We've -------------------------------to go ahead with our project ! 22. **see red** 23. **feel a bit blue** 24. **the green light** 25. **red-handed** 26. I'm too nervous to do a parachute jump. I think that I'll --------------------------- at the last moment. 27. **get it off your chest** 28. **get cold feet** 29. **play it by ear** 30. **keep your chin up** 31. There ………………………….be so much pollution, but these days it is a global problem. 32. **are not used to** 33. **was not used to** 34. **did not use to** 35. **use to** 36. In 1943 CE, the chairman of a ‘business machines’ company said that the world only …………….two or three computers 37. **needs** 38. **will need** 39. **have needed** 40. **needed**   **MOVE TO PAGE THREE//////**  **PAGE THREE**   1. I want ………………… a tablet, but I can’t afford to buy / buying one at the moment. 2. **get** 3. **getting** 4. **to get** 5. **gets**      1. If Ali had his own computer, he ...................... to use his friend’s computer. 2. **does not need** 3. **will not need** 4. **would not need** 5. **do not need** 6. I …………………an email when my laptop switcheditself off. 7. **are writing** 8. **was writing** 9. **is writing** 10. **have written** 11. By next month, we …………… in this house for a year. Let’s celebrate! 12. **will be living** 13. **will have lived** 14. **is living** 15. **has been living** 16. The person……………has influence me most is my dad. 17. **which** 18. **where** 19. **when** 20. **who** 21. **Physics is not as popular as Medicine in the UK.**   Medicine is ……………………….Physics in the Uk.   1. **more popular than** 2. **popular than** 3. **most popular** 4. **least popular** 5. **" You are doing well in this town."**   Rashid told Samia that she **………….**in that town.   1. **is doing** 2. **are doing** 3. **was doing** 4. **were doing** 5. I had my old mobile phone ……………..yesterday. 6. **had upgraded** 7. **upgrading** 8. **upgraded** 9. **did not upgrade**   **MOVE TO PAGE FOUR/////**  **PAGE FOUR**   1. **it is not allowed to park your car here.**   You …………………………………………….. **.**   1. **must park your car here** 2. **mustn't park your car here** 3. **might park your car here** 4. **have to park your car here** 5. **Ziryyab introduced the oud into Europe.**   The person…………………………………. **.**   1. **who introduced the oud into Europe was Ziryyab.** 2. **introduced the Europe into the oud ziryyab who.** 3. **into Europe introduced the oud was Ziryyab.** 4. **which introduced to Europe was Ziryyab.** 5. **What can I bring with me to the class?**   Could you tell me ………………………with me into the class?   1. **what I can bring** 2. **what can I bring** 3. **what could I bring** 4. **People believe that drinking a lot of water is harmful.**   Drinking a lot of water…………………….harmful.   1. **is believed to be** 2. **are believed to be** 3. **were believed to be** 4. **has been believed to have been** 5. I did not bring my coat with me last night.   **I wish I ……………………………..my coat with me last night.**   1. **have brought** 2. **has brought** 3. **had brought** 4. **will bring** 5. **I think you should drive slowly at traffic jams.**   If I were you, I …………. slowly at traffic jams.   1. **will drive** 2. **would drive** 3. **can drive** 4. **shall drive** 5. People ……………..mobile phones for many years . 6. **has been using** 7. **have been using** 8. **is using** 9. **was using** 10. Three of my articles ……………on the local web site last week. 11. **was published** 12. **were published** 13. **are published** |

**THE END**