



مدارس تقارب



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THE VISION

Level three

وائل النصيرات

0799126156

The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (WN) - 0799126156

أمي الحبيبة

شكرا

The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (WN) – 0799126156

Revision File

Phrasal Verbs	المعنى	Phrasal Verbs	المعنى
Fill in	يعبئ النموذج	Know about	يعرف عن
Turn on	يشغل جهاز	Connect with	يتواصل مع
Give out	يزود معلومات	Wake up	يستيقظ
Meet up	يتقابل	Settle down	يسكن ويستقر
Look around	يلقي نظرة	Take place	يحدث في

1. Complete the following sentences using Phrasal Verbs.

look around , meet up , settle down ,
take place , wake up

1 Tell me about the novel you're reading. Where does the story _____?

2 I'm sorry I'm late. I didn't _____ early enough.

3 When I graduate from university, I would like to buy a house and _____.

4 If you're free at the weekend, let's _____ and go shopping together.

5 I've never visited that museum. I'd like to go in and _____.

2. Choose the best answers of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1- It's necessary to know _____ the dangers of Internet.

A. in B. on C. about

2- Giving _____ personal information is forbidden.

A. in B. up C. out

3- It's useful sometimes to _____ the privacy settings on your mobile.

A. turn on B. fill in C. wake up

4- If you want to be active, you should _____ early in the morning.

A. fill in B. wake up C. give out

5- The house we have _____ in is great.

A. filled in B. settled down C. given out

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Energy	طاقة	Lawyer	محامي
Grateful	ممتن	Likely	من الممكن
Gratefully	بشكل ممتن		
Study	دراسة	Navy	قوات بحرية
Helmet	خوذة	Headlines	عناوين رئيسية
<p>3. Complete the following sentences using the following words.</p> <p>energy , grateful , headlines , helmet , lawyer , likely , navy</p> <p>1 I am studying hard because I want to be a _____.</p> <p>2 When you ride a bike, you should always wear a _____.</p> <p>3 Thank you so much! We are very _____.</p> <p>4 Do you think it is _____ to rain tomorrow?</p> <p>5 I always look at the newspaper _____, but I don't always read the articles.</p> <p>6 Solar panels generate _____ from the sun.</p>		<p>4. Choose the best answers of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.</p> <p>1- In modern countries, _____ and doctors earn much money. A. lawyers B. headlines C. navy</p> <p>2- The solar _____ is friendly to the environment. A. study B. energy C. navy</p> <p>3- It's _____ to snow next week. A. likely B. energy C. gratefully</p> <p>4- Working with _____ forces may give you a chance to improve your experience. A. lawyer B. navy C. energy</p> <p>5- Reading _____ in the newspapers is good in the development of your language. A. energy B. headlines C. helmets</p>	

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Cooking verbs			
Boil	يغلي السوائل	Grill	يشوي بالفرن
Slice	يقطع الخبز الى شرائح	Sprinkle	يرش ملح او بهارات
Melt	يذوب	Season	يبهر
Roast	يحمز الطعام	Fry	يقلي
Pepper	فلفل اسود	Butter	زبدة
Salt	ملح	Oven	فرن
Bread	خبز	Flour	طحين

5. Choose the best answers of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1- You have grilled chicken in the _____. It's tasty.

A. butter B. oil C. oven

2- Slice the _____ and freeze it.

A. oil B. salt C. bread

3- When mixing sugar, flour, _____ and caramel, you get delicious cake.

A. butter B. oil C. pepper

4- Sprinkle some _____ on chicken to make it spicy.

A. oil B. pepper C. butter

5- When frying eggs with _____, it becomes tasty.

A. pepper B. salt C. butter

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IRREGULAR VERBS

Group A: Verbs having the same form in the infinitive, past simple and past participle.

Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle	Arabic	Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle	Arabic
To cost	cost	cost	يكلف	To put	put	Put	يضع
To cut	cut	cut	يقطع	To read	read	read	يقرأ
To hit	hit	hit	يضرب	To shut	shut	shut	يغلق
To let	let	let	يُدع	To spread	spread	spread	ينشر

Group B: Verbs having the same form in the past simple and past participle.

To bend	bent	bent	يثني	To light	lit	lit	يشعل
To bring	brought	brought	يجلب	To lose	lost	lost	يفقد
To build	built	built	يبني	To make	made	made	يصنع
To burn	burnt	burnt	يحرق	To meet	met	met	يلاقى
To buy	bought	bought	يشترى	To pay	paid	paid	يدفع
To catch	caught	caught	يمسك	To say	said	said	يقول
To dig	dug	dug	يحفر	To sell	sold	sold	يبيع
To feed	fed	fed	يطعم	To send	sent	sent	يبعث
To feel	felt	felt	يشعر	To shine	shone	shone	يلمع
To fight	fought	fought	يحارب	To sit	sat	sat	يجلس
To find	found	found	يجد	To sleep	slept	slept	ينام
To get	got	got	يحصل	To slide	slid	slid	ينزلق
To hang	hung	hung	يعلق	To spend	spent	spent	يقضي
To have	had	had	يملك	To stand	stood	stood	يقف
To hear	heard	heard	يسمع	To strike	struck	struck	يضرب
To hold	held	held	يحمل	To sweep	swept	swept	يكنس
To keep	kept	kept	يحفظ	To teach	taught	taught	يُدرّس
To kneel	knelt	knelt	يركع	To tell	told	told	يخبر
To learn	learnt	learnt	يتعلم	To think	thought	thought	يفكر
To leave	left	left	يغادر	To win	won	won	يربح
To lend	lent	lent	يقرض				

Group C: Verbs having different forms in the infinitive, past simple and past participle.

To begin	began	begun	يبدأ	To grow	grew	grown	ينمو
To be	was - were	been	يكون	To know	knew	known	يعرف
To blow	blew	blown	ينفخ	To lie	lay	lain	يستلقي
To break	broke	broken	يكسر	To ride	rode	ridden	يركب
To choose	chose	chosen	يختار	To ring	rang	rung	يدق
To do	did	done	يفعل	To see	saw	seen	يرى
To draw	drew	drawn	يرسم	To sing	sang	sung	يغني
To drink	drank	drunk	يشرب	To speak	spoke	spoken	يتكلم
To drive	drove	driven	يقود	To swim	swam	swum	يسبح
To eat	ate	eaten	يأكل	To take	took	taken	يأخذ
To fall	fell	fallen	يسقط	To tear	tore	torn	يمزق
To fly	flew	flown	يطير	To throw	threw	thrown	يقدف
To forget	forgot	forgotten	ينسى	To wake	woke	woken	يستيقظ
To freeze	froze	frozen	يتجمد	To wear	wore	worn	يلبس
To give	gave	given	يعطي	To write	wrote	written	يكتب
To go	went	gone	يذهب				

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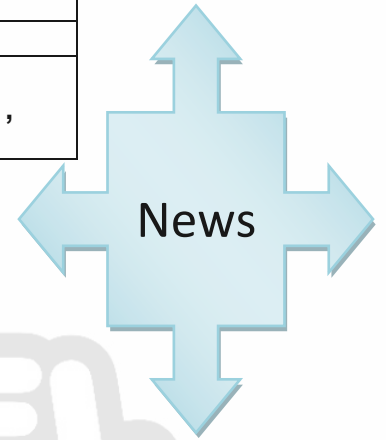
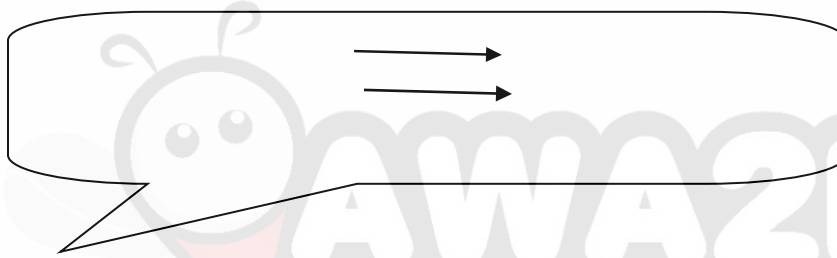
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Singular

1. Uncountable nouns

Uncountable	المعنى	Examples
Liquids	سوائل	Water, milk
Particles	حبوب	Sugar, rice
Solids	مواد صلبة	Wood, iron
Groups	مجموعات	Money, advice, information, homework, news, grammar, food , vocabulary , wealth



6. Choose the best answer to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Rice (**is\are**) boiling. Turn it off.
2. The advice that (**have\has**) been given is valuable.
3. The news (**is\are**) presented skillfully by the presenter.

لكن إذا جاء (مفرد و مفرد) تصبح جمع.

4. Grammar and vocabulary (**is\are**) interesting.
5. Your money and wealth (**have\has**) been doubled twice by that job.
6. The “news” and “homework” (**is\are**) uncountable nouns.

2. Collective nouns

Group	مجموعة	Parliament	برلمان
Class	صف	Government	حكومة
Staff	طاقم	Committee	لجنة
Team	فريق	Police	شرطة
Audience	جمهور	Cabinet	مجلس الوزراء
Crowd			

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7. Choose the best answer.

1. I was happy when I went there. The staff **(is\are)** great.
2. The committee **(have\ has)** been in the meeting since the morning.
3. The players won the match as the team **(have\has)** practiced well.

3. Pronouns

He This

She That

It

4. Gerund:

ing الاسم المنتهي ب

8. Choose the best answer .

1. This house **(is\are)** well painted.
2. It **(have\has)** been proved that English is interesting to learn.
3. Going on journeys **(have\has)** inspired me.

5. Study subjects: المواد الدراسية:

Maths, Linguistics, Economics.

6. A, an, one, another, much, little.

7. Either\Neither

8. الكلمات الاتية تعتبر مفرد

Somebody, someone, nobody, no one, anybody, anyone, something, anything, nothing

9. Choose the best answer.

1. Linguistics **(is\are)** the scientific study of a language.
2. Little sugar **(has\have)** to be added into your cup.
3. A real man **(is\are)** the man of one word as a sword.
4. Neither Ahmad nor Khaled **(is\are)** as clever as Omar.
5. Another way to say "Heaven" **(is\are)** Paradise.
6. Either this board or that board **(is\are)** available to use.

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كلمات لا تحدد مفرد او جمع الا بحسب ما بعدها.

A. No, some, each, every, all, a lot of, none of, here, there

كلمات لا تحدد مفرد او جمع الا بما قبلها

B. who, which, where, when, how, that.

10. Choose the best answer.

1. Every day (is\are) a new helpful day.
2. Every people (is\are) responsible to save their children.
3. Here (is\are) your coffee
4. There (isn't\aren't) many things to do.
5. Nobody (is\are) at home.
6. No students (is\are) at school.
7. The teacher who (is\are) teaching now is exceptional.
8. The cars that (is\are) prestigious are expensive .
9. The number of students (is\are) widely increasing at this school.

11. Choose the best answer.

1. There _____ much work to do.

A. isn't

B. aren't

2. Maths _____ somehow easy to learn.

A. is

B. are

3. Niether Hamzeh nor Hashem _____ a time-consuming.

A. is

B. are

4. Some money that _____ given to the poor was done by Omar.

A. were

B. was

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5. Nobody _____ arrived to the party yet.

A. have

B. has

6. Doing some activities _____ healthy.

A. is

B. are

7. The number of cars _____ increased recently.

A. are

B. is

8. _____ there any help that I can do?

A. are

B. is

9. A large number of students _____ included.

A. is

B. are

Plural Nouns

1. Nouns ending with (s)

2. children, women, men, people, data , the rich , the young , the poor , the old

3. both, two, three, etc

4. A few, few, many.....

5. These, Those

12. Choose the best answer

1. The studies **(is\are)** great.

2. Children **(have\has)** been walking up early.

3. Both Hamzeh and Hashem **(is\are)** great.

4. A few students **(have\has)** passed Maths.

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Compound nouns

13. Choose the best answer.

1. The schools' teachers (**is\are**) good.
2. The committees' decision (**is\are**) accepted .

14. Choose the best answer.

1. The law of schools (**isn't \ aren't**) allowing students to smoke.
2. The laws of the school (**isn't \ aren't**) allowing students to smoke.

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UNIT ONE

The history of computers

واائل نصيرات



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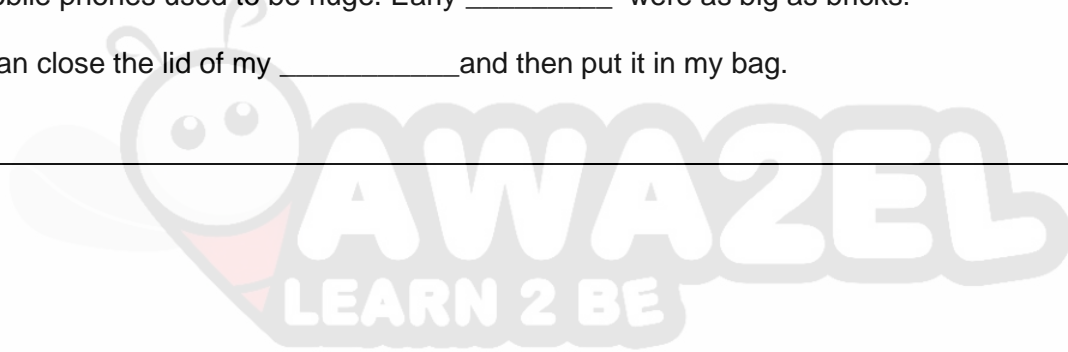
The History of Computers					
Domain name	اسم الموقع	Trust	يثق	Portable	محمول
Set of instructions	قائمة تعليمات	Create	يخلق	Large	كبير
Designed for	مصمم ل	House files	يحوي ملفات	Light	خفيف
Identity	هوية	Huge	ضخم	Aspects	مظاهر
Later	بعد	Keyboard	لوحة مفاتيح	Show	عرض
Content	محتوى برنامج	Pocket-sized	حجم صغير	Changes	تغييرات
Illegal action	عمل غير قانوني	Powerful	قوي	Developments	تطورات
Small piece	قطعة صغيرة	Product	منتج	Lid	شاشة
Function	يعمل	Serve files	يعد ملفات	Convenient	مناسب
Work out	يجد الحل	Service	خدمة	Bricks	طوب
Store information	يخزن المعلومات	Software	برنامج	Website	صفحة انترنت
Display	يعرض	Models	تصاميم		
User	A person who uses a product or service				مستخدم
Calculation	Using Maths to work out answers				حسابات
Mouse	A device to move around a computer screen				فارة
Program	Instructions to function a computer				برنامج
Filter	A program to control the display of a content				برنامج للسيطرة
Rely on	Trust in				يعتمد على
Programme	A content on radio or TV				برنامج اذاعي
World Wide Web	Information shared by computers				صفحة الانترنت
Identity fraud	illegal action using the identity of someone				انتحال شخصية
Personal computer	(PC) A computer designed for one person				كمبيوتر شخصي
Computer chip	A small piece inside computers				شريحة كمبيوتر
Web hosting	Housing and serving files				محرك بحث
Web-building program	A software to create websites				مصمم مواقع
Floppy disk	A piece of plastic used to store information				القرص المرن
Smart phone	A phone connected to Internet				الهاتف الذكي

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6. Complete the following sentences using the following words.

programs , tablets , laptop, models , calculations , users

- 1 Although they are pocket-sized, _____ are powerful computers as well as phones.
- 2 My brother is learning how to write computer _____.
- 3 I need to make a few _____ before I decide how much to spend.
- 4 Mobile phones used to be huge. Early _____ were as big as bricks!
- 5 I can close the lid of my _____ and then put it in my bag.



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Questions	أسئلة	<p>8. Choose the correct word between those in bold.</p> <p>1 Modern computers can run a lot of programs / models at the same time.</p> <p>2 You can move around the computer screen using a tablet / mouse.</p> <p>3 From 1990 CE to 2000 CE was a decade / generation.</p> <p>4 A laptop / tablet doesn't need a keyboard.</p> <p>5 The television was first invented / developed by John Logie Baird.</p> <p>6 Pentium two is the second date / generation of producing computers.</p> <p>7 generation/ decade is the period of one year.</p>
Graduate	يتخرج	
Podcasts	تسجيلات	
Lectures	محاضرات	
History	تاريخ	
Decade	عشر سنوات	
Date	تاريخ	
Generation	جيل	
Early	باكرا أوائل	
Was found	وجد	
<p>7. Fill in the blanks with the following words.</p> <p>podcasts, early, history, graduated, date</p> <p>1. In the _____ 1990s CE, Kuwait was captured by Iraqi Forces.</p> <p>2. When Rasha _____ from university, she was appointed as a teacher.</p> <p>3. Listening to audio files and _____ is helpful in learning.</p> <p>4. The _____ of Arabia is taught in the USA.</p> <p>5. The _____ of arrival is 22nd of July.</p>		

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When you are using a computer, think about the technology that is needed for it to work. People have been using types of computers for thousands of years. A metal machine was found on the seabed in Greece that was more than 2,000 years old. It is believed that this was the first ever computer. In the 1940s, technology had developed enough for inventors to make the first generation of modern computers. One such model was so large that it needed a room that was 167 square meters to accommodate it. During that decade, scientists in England developed the first computer program. It took 25 minutes to complete one calculation. In 1958 CE, the computer chip was developed. The first computer game was produced in 1962 CE, followed two years later by the computer mouse. In 1971 CE, the floppy disk was invented, which meant that information could be shared between computers.

1. Write down the sentence which indicates the time of using the first generation of modern computers.

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2. Give an evidence to indicate that the first computer was large.

3. The first computer program had a trouble in speed. What was it ?

4. The writer states many computer inventions between 1958CE to 1970 CE. Name two of these inventions.

5. The floppy disk was invented in which there is an impact on saving information. What impact was it?



6. Computer technology will develop further in the future. How far do you agree with this?

The first PC (personal computer) was produced in 1974 CE, so people could buy computers to use at home. In 1983 CE, people could buy a laptop for the first time.

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Then, in 1990 CE, the British scientist Tim Berners-Lee developed the World Wide Web. It was not until 2007 CE that the first smart phones appeared. Today, **most people** use **their** mobile phones every day. What will happen in the future? **You** can already buy **watches which** can do the same as mobile phones. Scientists have also developed glasses that are capable of doing even more than this. Life in the future is going to see further changes in computer technology. It is likely that all aspects of everyday life will rely on a computer program, from how we travel to how our homes are heated.

7. Quote the sentence which indicates the time of using the smart phone as the first time.

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8. The writer states two devices that can be used as mobile phones. What are they?

9. We rely more and more on computer technology. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

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Past tenses

1- Past simple

A- Correct the verbs in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

1. I once _____ (meet) the minister.
2. Some parents _____ (have) used to blame children to play games for long during their exams.
3. Students _____ (be) attracted during the semester to the ways the teacher used.
4. Omar _____ (not / attend) school last week.
5. Where _____ you _____ (stay) last time you went to Istanbul?

2- Past continuous

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B- Correct the verbs in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Hamzeh felt great while he _____ (take) English classes.
2. The kid was watching TV when the doorbell _____ (ring).
3. What _____ you _____ (do) this time yesterday?
4. As it was raining heavily, we _____ (be) at school.
5. The author of "Hamlet" _____ (be / not) John Donne based on what they said while the examiner was giving them questions.

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3- Past perfect

C. Correct the verbs in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

1. After scientists _____ **(invent)** the floppy disk, they could share information between computers.
2. Ahmad _____ **(be)** able to find a job by the time he graduated from university.
3. I _____ **(have)** a shower before I slept.
4. Children had a practice in sport directly after they _____ **(finish)** school.
5. The programmer didn't develop the software because he _____ **(be)** depressed the previous time out of complexity in his job.

4- Past perfect continuous

D - Correct the verbs in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

1. When the bus arrived, the passengers _____ **(wait)** not for more than 2 minutes.
2. Ali had _____ **(be, think)** about his friend by the time he received the text message.
3. Before my grandparents got married, they _____ **(talk)** for arrangements to celebrate for more than 10 years

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4. You looked very tired yesterday. Had you _____ (train) for long?

5. That woman lost her bag yesterday. She _____ (shop) in the market.

E- Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. Rami was helped by his father, so he could get his goals faster.

Before Rami _____

2. I went to London to learn English, then, I came back home.

Before _____

3. The students arrived to school early, so they were able to take an extra class.

After the students _____

4. Khaled had an exam, and so he slept early.

Before Khaled _____

5. The school ended exams early last year. Then, students were able to have a long vacation.

After _____

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F- Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. I was on a trip yesterday, and then I took a rest. **(Before)**

I had _____.

2. Omar studied English better, and then he spoke it. **(Before)**

Omar had _____.

3. The teacher watched a movie and then he discussed it. **(After)**

The teacher _____.

4. The journey set out at 9.00 Am and then it ended at 10.00 Am. **(After)**

The journey _____.

5. Mohammad checked his emails, and then he started to work. **(Before)**

Mohammad had _____.

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أسئلة وزارية

Choose the best answers of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Ali had _____ of his friend when he received the e-mail.

A. think

B. thought

C. been thinking

2. Last month, many students _____ as members in the English club.

A. are elected

B. were elected

C. was elected

3. Ibn Rushd, who _____ long ago in Cordoba is a poly-math.

A. is born

B. were born

C. was born

4. The students in my class _____ about their achievements in Science when suddenly the doorbell rang.

A. was talking

B. were talking

C. had talked

5. By the time they arrived, they had _____ for an hour.

A. talked

B. talking

C. been talking

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Present

1- Present simple

A- Correct the verbs in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

1. The teacher usually _____ (**explain**) things well.
2. Doing different sorts of sports usually _____ (**entertain**) students.
3. Farmers _____ (**not, grow**) rice in Jordan.
4. Children _____ (**be**) born knowing their parents.
5. How many times a day _____ you _____ (**pray**)?
6. Schools which usually _____ (**support**) students to honor their teachers are great.
7. Ramadan is the month that _____ (**celebrate**) a value of fasting and patience.
8. Students at our school _____ (**use**) social media very often.
9. The young people _____ (**be**) used to communicating through Internet normally.

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10. Face-to-face meetings _____ **(be, not)** usually welcomed by teachers.

11. There _____ **(be)** a time after the monthly exams to take breaks.

12. There _____ **(be)** many changes after the daily tasks that will support you.

2- Present continuous

B- Correct the verbs in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

1. The government of Jordan _____ **(build)** many schools all over the country nowadays.

2. Look! It _____ **(get)** cloudy.

3. Look at those kids! Can you see what _____ **(happen)** over there?

4. You are a bit late. Why _____ you _____ **(come)** late these days?

5. People in the city _____ currently _____ **(talk)** about the tax system in Jordan.

6. Don't talk to Ahmad now. He _____ **(take)** lunch with his parents.

7. Many children _____ **(not / take)** exercises at their schools now. They go back home earlier.

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8. What tablets that _____ now _____ **(support)** the users in their daily-lives?

9. Khaled _____ always _____ **(come)** late!

10. Khaled _____ **(come)** always late.



11. On Sunday, the school _____ **(open)** early.

12. On Sundays, the school _____ **(open)** early.

13. I _____ **(come)** from Irbid, but my mother is from Palestine.

14. He _____ **(come)** from Ajloun by car now. It's great to meet him.

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15. Don't call him now !He _____ (have) a shower.

16. Don't call him now! He _____ (have) a serious headache.

17. Why are you talking much? _____ you _____ (see) yourself?

18. I _____ (see) you this week. Don't worry!

19. I _____ (be) 40 years now. It's great age.

3- Present perfect continuous

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C- Correct the verbs in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Laila _____ (be / learn) Germany at university for a year now.

2. I am not surprised. Kareem has _____ (be / study) English better.

3. Our school has _____ (be / recycle) old materials. We can generate energy.

4. My parents have _____ (be / decorate) the living room all the day.

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5. You look tired. _____ you _____ **(not / be / take)** English rests?

6. Sarah has _____ **(practice)** the piano. She is still taking music lessons.

7. I've just completed the job. I _____ **(not / ask)** about next step. I'm just still having fun.

8. Since 2003, the teacher has _____ **(be / use)** new techniques in learning.

9. The teacher has _____ **(be / use)** new techniques in learning since he _____ **(begin)** teaching.

10. Rasha is still having eating difficulties. She hasn't _____ **(be, follow)** her doctor's advice.

D- Correct the verbs in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

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2. I _____ **(have)** this car for 5 years now.

3. Serving files _____ **(have)** an impact on finding information since the beginning of the technological revolution.

4. Children who _____ **(see)** the hard times must be supported for the rest of lives to come.

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5. The modern world's population _____ (know) the advantages of Internet since it was invented.

E- Choose the best answers of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. My mother has been caring of me _____ 2014 CE.

A. for B. since C. all

2. Some people have been waiting you _____ a while.

A. since B. for C. long

3. Khaled has been studying English _____ he arrived.

A. since B. for C. all

4. How _____ have you been waiting here?

A. long B. for C. all

5. _____ ages, the girl has been happy.

A. since B. for C. all

F- Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. My father started talking rather active last week. He is still using that way positively.

Since last week, _____.

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2. I am still preparing for getting improved. I began preparing 5 years ago.

I have _____ for five years.

4- Present perfect

G- Correct the verbs in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

1. The student _____ already _____ **(put)** a lot of effort on getting high grades.

2. I know how hard it is to _____ **(be)** here today.

3. I want you to be proud. You _____ **(achieve)** much.

4. Throughout history, technology _____ **(affect)** the ways people used to think.

5. Where _____ curiosity _____ **(get)** you so far?

6. How far _____ technological ways _____ **(take)** you?

7. _____ it _____ **(ever, be)** said that mobiles drive some people's lives into vividness?

8. It's very up-to-date that people _____ **(have)** to use smart phones in controlling their physical activities.

9. Some books that were written long ago _____ just _____ **(be)** discovered.

10. The exam _____ **(not, get)** high efforts by the weak student yet.

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H- Choose the best answers of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. The Ministry of Education hasn't begun using online learning _____.

A. ever

B. yet

C. never

2. Modern technology has _____ begun driving the way people live.

A. already

B. ever

C. yet

3. Have sports and mental exercises been supported into your lifestyle _____?

A. never

B. ever

C. yet

4. Ali has _____ been to Jordan _____.

A. ever, before

B. never, ever

C. never, before

5. You have _____ been to here for the last five years.

A. ever

B. before

C. never

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أسئلة وزارية

Choose the best answers of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. The workers _____ at the moment. They're on the break.

A. don't work

B. didn't work

C. aren't working

2. Many Jordanian poems _____ now _____ translated into English.

A. are, being

B. was ,being

C. were, being

3. The government has _____ hardly to raise the citizen's awareness of human rights.

A. working

B. been working

C. being working

4. My parents _____ enough money to fund universities.

A. was saved

B. were saved

C. were saving

5. Look at the black sky! It _____ rain.

A. goes to

B. is go to

C. is going to

6. Eid Al Adha is a celebration that _____ on 10th of Thu-Al-Hijjah.

A. began

B. begins

C. begin

7. Laila _____ recently _____ learning German language at the university of Jordan.

A. have, started

B. has, started

C. had, started

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Homework (1)

Choose the best answers of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Learning is a part of life which _____ beyond the walls of schools.

A. exists

B. is existing

C. existed

2. It's a fact that curiosity _____ our ways of learning.

A. drive

B. drives

C. driving

3. Endorphins are chemicals in your body that _____ produced to reduce pain.

A. is

B. are

C. are being

4. Nowadays, a lot of exercises _____ done.

A. are been

B. are being

C. was being

5. Most American countries _____ using Spanish since the last decade.

A. wasn't

B. hasn't been

C. haven't been

6. Smart phones _____ used for too long.

A. wasn't

B. hasn't been

C. haven't been

7. Muna has _____ replied the invitation letter.

A. already

B. yet

C. before

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8. Salma _____ the guitar nowadays.

A. plays

B. is playing

C. has played

9. Wild animals _____ scare nowadays.

A. are becoming

B. become

C. becomes

10. _____ you _____ in Amman before?

A. did, live

B. do, live

C. have, lived

11. Technicians often _____ software that are daily needed.

A. are inventing

B. invents

C. invent

12. Good daily lifestyles _____ recently _____ very rare for some people.

A. has, become

B. have, become

C. had, become

13. We say that something is alien sometimes if it _____ strange.

A. is

B. was

C. were

14. Musical instruments have effect on normal listeners who _____ rarely listening habits.

A. are enjoying

B. enjoys

C. enjoy

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Homework (2) Past and present

A. Choose the correct answer between those A,B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

- 1 I once _____ the minister. A Meet B Met C Meets
- 2 Two weeks ago, Ahmad _____ part in the competition. A Took B Take C Was taking
- 3 Where _____ you stay last night? A Did B Do C Does
- 4 Sarah _____ attend the last meeting as it was late. A Don't B Doesn't C Didn't
- 5 Samir _____ sick yesterday. A Wasn't B Weren't C Isn't
- 6 Doing exercises _____ allowed to students during the semester. A Was B Were C Did
- 7 As the teacher _____ the lesson, students arrived. A Explained B Was explaining C Had explained
- 8 When they sailed, the storm had already _____. A Began B Begun C Begin
- 9 The kids _____ after the supper time. A Slept B Had slept C Were sleeping
- 10 People _____ internet in learning when it was first developed. A Used B Had used C Were using
- 11 Students have been happy since the decision was _____. A Makes B Made C Making
- 12 The school had _____ solving the trouble for two hours for the sake of the teacher. A Be B Been C Being
- 13 Students at school _____ thinking of exercises for one hour. A Have B Has been C Had been

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- 14 Watching TV has been _____ children in the summer time. A Attracted B Attracting C Attract
- 15 The number of cars _____ recently. A Have increased B Has increased C Had increased
- 16 The film had started _____ they arrived. A After B Before C Because
- 17 How long have you _____ him? A Been knowing B Knowing C Known
- 18 She _____ only three kids so far. A Had B Has had C Had had
- 19 English language _____ of four major skills. A Consisting B Consists C Consist
- 20 Have you ever _____ to the USA? A Been B Being C Be
- 21 The student has been studying since he _____ . A Arrived B Arrive C Has arrived
- 22 Sarah has been studying _____ two weeks. A Since B For C Yet
- 23 Rasha hasn't completed the job _____. A Ever B Never C Yet
- 24 Since that day , the exams _____ so easy. A Has been B Had been C Have been
- 25 Look at that kid! He _____ swimming well. A Was B Has C Is
- 26 Ice _____ easily. A Melts B Melted C Melt
- 27 How often _____ your friend play the guitar? A Does B Did C Done
- 28 On Sundays, some children _____ physical training course. A Take B Takes C Are taking
- 29 Many novels are now _____ into English. A Translated B Being translated C Been translated

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Using Technology in Class

Blog	Write informally on a website	مذكرة
Email exchange	A series of emails between people	تبادل الرسائل
Social media	Social interaction	وسائل التواصل الاجتماعي
Tablet computer	A mobile computer with a touch screen	كمبيوتر لוחي
Whiteboard	A touch screen computer program	اللوح الذكي
Post	Put a message or a document on a computer	يلصق رسائل على الموقع
ICT	Information and Communication Technology	تكنولوجيا الاتصالات والمعلومات

A. Complete the following sentences using the words in the box.

blog , email exchange , social media , tablet computer , whiteboard

- 1 A _____ is used to record interviews with people .
- 2 _____ is used to share information with students in another country.
- 3 A _____ is used to watch educational programmes in class.
- 4 An _____ is used to ask another student to check your homework.
- 5 A _____ is used to write an online diary.

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phrases

1	Share ideas	To give ideas to another person.	تشارك الأفكار
	Compare ideas	Where people are similar or different.	مقارنة الأفكار
2	Create a website	To construct a not exist website.	تصميم موقع
	Contribute to a website	Offer work to the website.	مساهمة بموقع
3	Research information	To use sources to find information.	بحث عن المعلومات
	Present information	To give the results of your research.	اعطاء نتائج
4	Monitor what is happening	You know what is happening and following the developments.	مراقبة ما يحدث
	Find out what is happening	You don't know what is happening and you want to discover it.	اكتشاف ما يحدث
5	Give a talk to people	You have prepared a speech to a group of people.	القاء خطاب
	Talk to people	An informal discussion.	نقاش عام
6	Show photos	Show people photos.	عرض الصور
	Send photos	Send photos to someone over the Internet.	ارسال الصور

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B- Choose the best answers of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. The _____ is a mobile-computer with a touch screen.

A. whiteboard

B. tablet computer

C. e-mail exchange

2. It's expected that _____ like Instagram and Facebook will be used in learning.

A. emails

B. whiteboards

C. social media

3. Watching educational programmes in classrooms on _____ is helpful in learning process.

A. emails

B. whiteboards

C. blogs

4. The _____ is used to share information with students in another country.

A. email exchange

B. whiteboards

C. mobile computer

5. Writing _____ means that you informally write on the website.

A. e-mails

B. social media

C. blogs

C- Choose the best answers of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. When somebody uses different sources to find information we say that he _____.

A. knows what happening

B. shares information

C. researches information

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2. Website's _____ is the process of offering work to the website.

- A. creation B. contribution C. building**

3. The king is going to _____ to the parliament soon.

- A. talk B. give a talk C. show a talk**

4. When you send your photos to somebody using internet, we say you _____.

- A. show your photos B. send your photos C. present your photos**

5. During the presentation, the information about the project were _____ within 5 minutes.

- A. researched B. presented C. contributed**

D. Read the following sentences then answer the questions that follow.

1. The teacher asks students to use the language efficiently then he **monitors what's happening** but he doesn't **find out what's happening**.

What is the difference in meaning between the underlined phrases?

2. The soldiers are being **talked to** so as to follow the orders.

Replace the underlined phrase with the correct one.

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Young people love learning, but **they** like learning even more if **they** are presented with information in an interesting and challenging way. Today, **I** am going to give a talk about how **you** can use technology in Jordanian classrooms. Here are some ideas:

Many classrooms now use a whiteboard as a computer screen. As a consequence, teachers can show websites on the board in front of the class. Teachers can then use the Internet to show educational programmes, play educational games, music, recordings of languages, and so on. In some countries, tablet computers are available for students to use in class. Therefore, students can use the tablets to do tasks such as showing photographs, researching information, recording interviews and creating diagrams. Tablets are ideal for pair and group work. **Teachers** can perhaps ask **their students** to start writing a blog (an online diary); either about **their** own lives or as if **they** were someone famous. **They** can also create a website for the classroom.

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1. Quote the sentence which acts as the introduction of the article.

2. Write down one importance for using whiteboards as computer screens.

3. Teachers can use internet in different ways. Write down two of these ways.

4. Write down two ways in which students can use their tablets for.

5. Students are asked to write blogs in two different titles. What are they?

6. Name three technological ways that can be helpful in learning.

7. Find a phrase in the text which means (to use different sources to find information).

Students can contribute to the website, so for example **they** can post work, photos and messages. Most young people communicate through social media, by which **they** send each other photos and messages via the Internet. Some students like to send

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messages that are under 140 letters for anyone to read. Teachers can ask **students** to

summarize information about what **they** have learnt in class in the same way. If

students learn to summarize quickly, **they** will be able to use this skill in future. We all

like to send emails, don't we? Email exchanges are very useful in the classroom.

Teachers can ask **students** to email what **they** have learnt to students of a similar age

at another school. **They** could even email students in another country. As a result,

students can then share information and help each other with tasks. Another way of

communicating with other schools is through talking to people over the computer. Most

computers have cameras, so you can also see the people you are talking to.

8. How can students contribute to the class website?

9. Learning to summarize quickly could be useful for students. Write down the reason for this.

10. Write down two ways students use to communicate with students in other schools.

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11. What's the importance of sending emails between students?

12. Teachers are asking students for many tasks. Name two of these tasks.

In this way, **students who** are studying English in Jordan can see what **students in**

England are doing in the classroom while they are speaking to **them**. **You** can also use

this system to invite guest speakers to give talks over a computer. For example,

scientists or teachers from another country could give a lesson to the class. If **you** had

this type of lesson, the students would be very excited. **Students** often use **computers**

at home if **they** have **them**. **Students** can use social media on **their** computers to help

them with **their** studies, including asking other **students** to check and compare **their**

work, asking questions and sharing ideas. The teacher must be part of the group, too,

to monitor what is happening. Thank **you** for listening. Does anyone have any

questions?

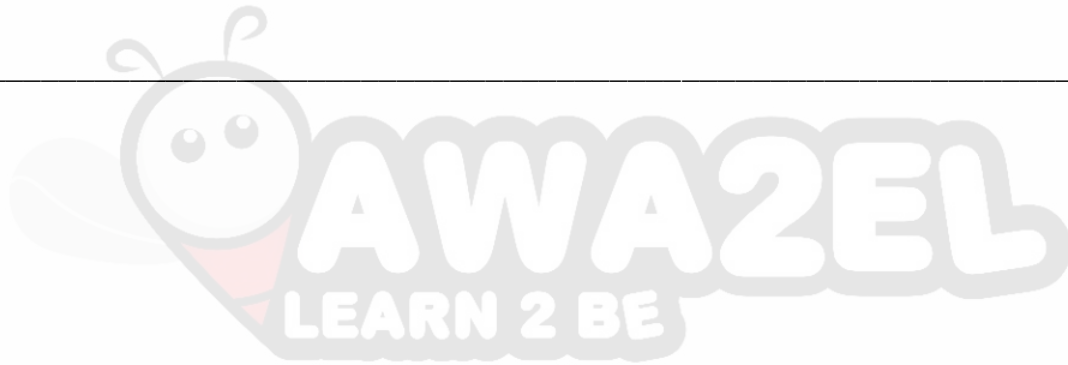


13. Quote 2 sentences which are considered as ending sentences.

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Critical thinking

Computers will replace books one day. Think of this opinion and write down your point of view either you are with or against.



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Passive voice



A. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. The author has recently developed the book in a way that it covers all the subjects.

The book _____

2. Giving students more activities is improving thinking

Thinking _____

3. The book will make it possible to develop the skills.

It _____

4. Students are continually using their mobiles.

Students' mobiles _____

5. The teacher of English is frequently giving new vocabulary that is up-to-date.

New vocabulary that is up-to-date _____

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6. You should have turned on the privacy settings on your mobile.

The privacy settings _____

7. Filters can stop people seeing unsecured sites.

People _____ **by filters.**

8. The journalists have reported the news practically.

The news _____



9. Some websites control the way people see outsider events.

The way people see outsider events _____

10. The government supports the young and inspires them with a new think.

The young _____

11. The wife organizes the house daily.

The house _____

12. The teacher always writes things clearly.

Things _____

B. Choose the best answer to complete the following sentences.

1. The competition _____ every year.

(Hold, Held, Is held)

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2. The festival _____ nowadays by the committee.

(Planned, Is being planned, Was being planned)

3. Many important things _____ in the 20th century.

(Were invented, Was invented, Is invented)

4. The project will _____ before the end of the deadline.

(Completed, Be completed, Completing)

اسئلة وزارية

Choose the correct answer between those A,B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. All the reservations _____ by the wedding planner last week.

A. Are made B. Were made C. Made.

2. Last month, many students _____ as members in the English club.

A. Are elected B. Was elected C. Were elected.

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Homework (3)

1. The house keeper never delays her duties.

The housekeeper's duties _____

2. The school has started holding the exams.

Holding the exams _____

3. Nobody has copied the papers on the disk.

The papers _____

4. The colorful plants inspired the artist to draw his masterpiece painting.

The artist _____

5. Most young people often use social media in their free times.

Social media _____

6. Traditions harmonize culture with beliefs.

Culture _____

7. Children have just taken their lunch.

Children's lunch _____

8. The newly-appointed teacher spends time on understanding the school rules.

Time _____ **by the newly-appointed teacher.**

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MODALS

A. Modals of necessity



A. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1.It's necessary for you to study hard. Exams are so close.

You have _____

2.The time is almost done. It's necessary for me to get prepared for the meeting.

I must _____

3.It's prohibited for him to leave before I see him.

He _____

4.It's the time for her to come. It's not allowed to delay it.

She must _____

5. That was a test! She isn't allowed to leave that way.

She mustn't _____

6. It's necessary for her to call now.

She has _____

7. It's prohibited for students to smoke at school.

Students _____

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B. Modals of possibility



B. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. The doorbell rings. Perhaps it's her

It _____

2. I don't know if she was good or not.

She might _____

3. I think she is calling me this night. It's her time.

She might _____

4. I am unsure if I will go to job or not.

I might not _____

5. The time is late. I don't know if you will sleep or not.

You _____

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6. Perhaps Rami doesn't belong to Jordan.

Rami _____

7. It's too late. Probably they were in a traffic jam.

They _____

8. I am sure that the weather hasn't been warm.

The weather can't _____

9. The sky is cloudy. I am sure it will rain heavily.

It _____

10. I don't know if the exam is easy or not.

The exam _____

11. He arrived late. I don't know if there was traffic jam.

There _____

12. It is likely to rain next weekend.

It might _____

C. Study the following sentences then, answer the following questions.

1. She **must** be calling now.

What's the function of using (must)?

2. The wealth **has to** arrive.

What's the function of using (has to)?

3. The girl **mustn't** be late.

What's the function of using (mustn't)?

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D. Using the modals in the box, rewrite the following sentences.

might be

doesn't have to

might have

1. Perhaps, Khalid's ways are great.

_____.

2. It was late when he arrived. Unnecessarily, he goes for a break.

_____.

E. Choose the correct answer between those A,B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. It's necessary for students to study for the exam as they _____ enroll onto university.

A. Has to

B. Must

C. Cant

2. I am sure he isn't at home-he _____ be there.

A. Must

B. Can't

C. Might

3. Perhaps it will snow. We _____ go to school.

A. Mightn't

B. Mustn't

C. Can't

4. Perhaps he will buy something else. He _____ buy something else.

A. Must

B. Might

C. Can't.

5. It's impossible that someone else will do it. Someone else _____ do it.

A. Could

B. Can

C. Can't.

6. It's necessary that students take classes in languages and history.

Students _____ take classes in languages.

A. Has to

B. Can't

C. Have to.

7. People are necessarily using high technology.

They _____ be up to date with it.

A. Mustn't

B. Can't

C. Have to

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Homework(4)

A. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. It isn't necessary for Rasha to switch off the screen.

Rasha _____

2. You are not allowed to touch this machine.

You _____

3. It's necessary for Ahmad to study English.

Ahmad has _____

4. You are prohibited to begin now.

You _____

5. It is unnecessary for people to arrive to meetings late.

People _____

6. Perhaps Ahmad is at home.

Ahmad _____

7. I was unsure if the girl was studying or not.

The girl _____

8. I was unsure if it was Friday. Everybody was working.

It _____

9. I am sure that the exam has been easy.

The exam must _____

10. Definitely the teacher is completely qualified.

The teacher _____

B. Choose the correct answer between those A,B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. It's the time to start revising. Students _____ begin taking extra classes as it's necessary for success.

A. Has to

B. Don't have to

C. Must

2. It's impossible for people with disabilities to climb mount Everest. They _____ stand the harsh weather.

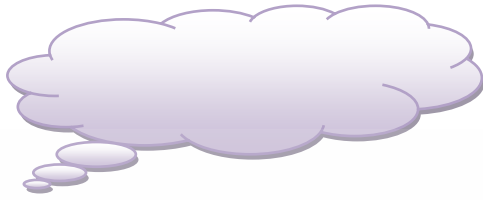
A. Must

B. Can't

C. Might

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Causative



A. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. The teacher asked the students to rethink about the main ideas.

The teacher _____.

2. The chairman had recently asked the members to select a new group.

The chairman _____.

3. Rasha is going to ask somebody to repair the glass of the window.

Rasha _____.

4. Schools in Jordan are asking their teachers to develop their language skills.

Schools in Jordan _____.

5. I can't paint my room. I'll ask somebody to paint it.

I will _____.

6. The man has asked the mechanic to fix the car.

The man _____.

7. The girl won't ask someone to fix her computer. She will do it by herself.

The girl _____.

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The Internet of Things

Access	Find information on computer	الوصول الى حساب
Privacy settings	Controls on sites that help you to control others from seeing your information	اعدادات الخصوصية
Security settings	Controls on computers to protect it from viruses	اعدادات الحماية
Sat .nav. system	A system on satellites used in cars to tell you where you are	نظام تحديد المواقع

Text C

A What is the 'Internet of Things'?

Everyone knows that the **Internet** connects people, but now **it** does more than that – **it** connects objects, too. These days, computers often communicate with each other; for example, **your** TV automatically downloads **your** favourite TV show, or **your** 'sat nav' system tells **you** where **you** are. This is known as the 'Internet of Things', and there's a lot more to come.

1. The Internet of things is known to _____.

A. Connect people B. Connects objects C. Connect people with objects.

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2. The writer expects that there _____.

- A. Will be more developments to come
- B. Won't be more developments to come
- C. Will be some developments only in navigation systems.

B An easy life!

In just a few years' time, experts say that billions of machines will be connected to each other and to the Internet. As a consequence, computers will increasingly run our lives for us. For example, your fridge will know when you need more milk and add it to your online shopping list; your windows will close if it is likely to rain; your watch will record your heart rate and email your doctor; and your sofa will tell you when you need to stand up and get some exercise!

3. The fridge will add milk to your shopping list because _____.

- A. Experts say that
- B. Internet will run our lives
- C. We will use sat nav system.

4. TV, sat.nav. system and fridge are examples of _____.

- A. Connecting machines
- B. Connecting users
- C. Connecting machines, computers and users will each other.

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5. Your health will be positively affected by internet of things by using _____.

- A. A sofa B. A watch C. A shopping list.

6. Your sofa is responsible to tell you two important things; _____.

- A. Sleep well and relax B. Stand up and start exercise C. Exercise and sit down.

C A frightening future

Many people are excited about the 'Internet of Things'. For **them**, a dream is coming

true. **They** say that **our** lives will be easier and more comfortable. However, **others** are

not so sure. **They** want to keep control of **their** own lives and **their** own things. In

addition, **they** wonder what would happen if criminals managed to access **their**

passwords and security settings. The dream could easily become a nightmare!

6. The word _____ means that to find something over the internet or a computer.

- A. Access
B. Keep control
C. Passwords.

8. People are not sure about the importance of "internet of things" and ask if _____.

- A. they can keep control and have fun
B. criminals access their passwords and control their settings
C. they can have fun and nightmares.

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9. The sentence that indicates people's fear from future is _____.

- A. The dream could easily become a nightmare
- B. Many people are excited about the internet of things.
- C. For them, a dream is coming true.

10. The last paragraph talks about _____.

- A. The importance of internet
- B. Criminals and their access on setting
- C. The frightening vision from future.

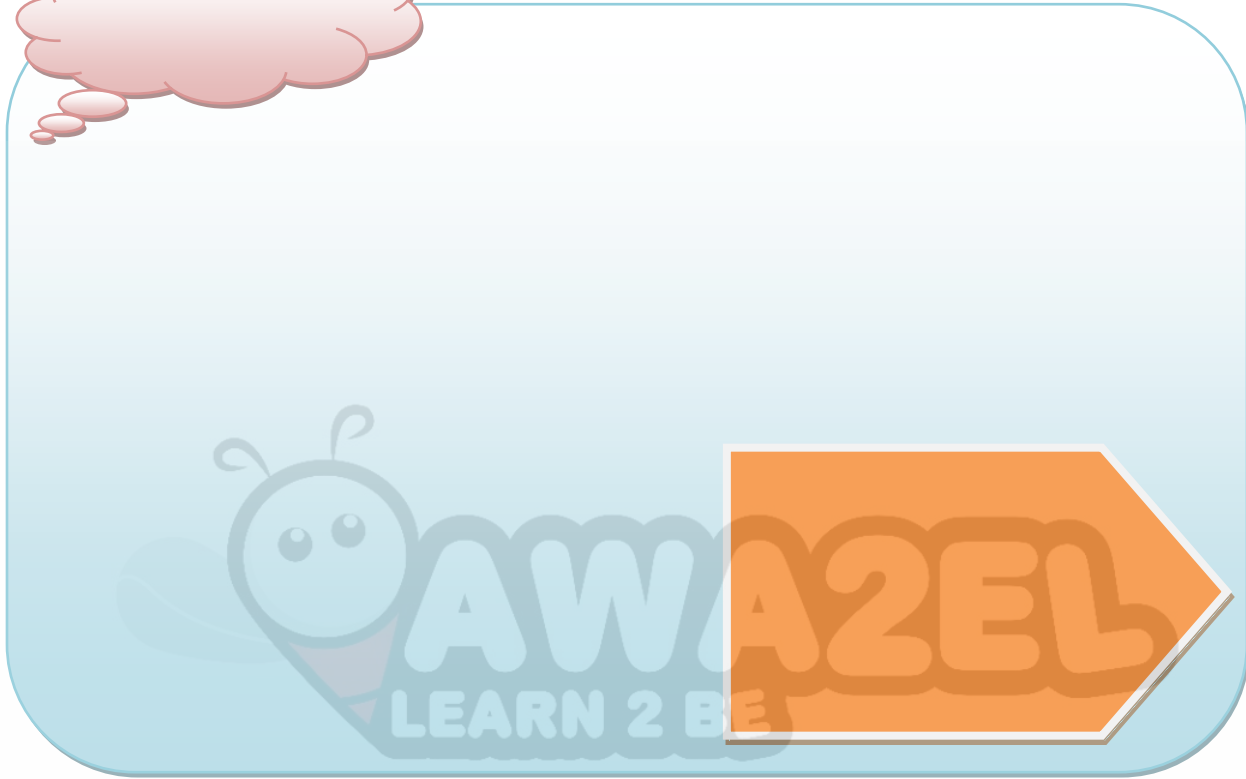


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Reported Speech



A. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. I have some questions for you, Muna.

Nour told Muna _____

2. I've lived in Amman for six years.

Sami said _____

3. Yesterday I bought all the ingredients for a chocolate cake.

Huda told me _____

4. I really enjoyed the book that I finished this morning.

Tareq said _____

5. My favorite subject this year is Chemistry.

Hussein told me _____

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6. Ahmad : "I must learn these words."

Ahmad said that _____

7. In our English lessons, we can use a dictionary.

Students said _____

8. I use technology to help me to do my homework.

Ali Said _____

9. Next year, I will start to learn the violin.

Rasha said _____

10. If I had more time, I would learn another language.

My friend told me _____

11. If I use a computer, I'll learn a lot of useful information.

She said that _____

12. If the teacher gives us homework today, we will do it before we watch TV.

Students said that _____

13. 'Many computers have filters which stop people seeing certain websites.'

He said _____

14. 'If they share information on social media with their friends, it might be accessed by other people, too.'

It is said that _____

15. 'On social media, you should only connect to people you know well.'

She told me _____

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16. 'Later we will give you, our dear listeners, information about websites where you can find more advice on Internet safety.'

The instructors told the listeners _____

17. "I have to write an essay about it tonight. I think I'm going to need some help."

Farida said that _____

18. "I have to give a talk about the advantages and disadvantages of the Internet next week, so I'll need to prepare it this week."

Saleem Said _____

اسئلة وزارية

Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. "Many parents have passwords to monitor their children's surfing certain websites".

Mr. Khaled said that many parents _____ passwords to monitor their children's surfing certain websites.

A. have had

B. had

C. have

2. "Some parents take their children to the city park weekly".

Mr. Asmar said that some parent's _____ their children to the city park weekly.

A. takes

B. had taken

C. took

3. "Schools provide children with basic education".

Safwan said that schools _____ children with basic education.

A. provided

B. provides

C. provide

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4. "We will prepare a presentation about the usage of solar power in the area".

The students said that they _____ presentation about the usage of solar power in the area.

A. prepared

B. would prepared

C. would prepare

5. "The students are happy about the English exam".

Safwan said that the students _____ about the English exam.

A. are

B. was

C. were

6. "There is a wireless network available at school".

Rakan told Khaled that there _____ a wireless network available at school.

A. is

B. was

C. had been

7. "My mother will celebrate her birthday next week".

Rami said that _____ her birthday the week after.

A. his mother would celebrated

B. his mother would celebrate

C. his mother celebrated

8. "The engineers are going to design the new highway next month".

The managers said that the engineers _____ the new highway the following month.

A. were going to design

B. had designed

C. are designing

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9. Ahmad: "I have never worked hard during the summer time".

Ahmad said that he _____ hard during the summer time.

A. has never worked

B. have never had worked

C. had never worked

10. "Huda's grandfather works in his farm during winter".

Ali said that Huda's grandfather _____ in his farm during winter.

A. works

B. had worked

C. worked



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The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (WN) – 0799126156**Homework (5)**

1. The police man: "We must drive slowly when it rains".

The police man told the driver _____

2. "I should make notes before I start to write".

The teacher told the students _____

3. "When we speak, we should get the audience's attention".

The expert told his student _____

4. "It would be better if we had my father's advice, Ahmad"

Rasha told Ahmad _____

5. "You are slow. I think we shouldn't waste our time".

Ahmad told me _____

6. Ahmad: "I need a new password for my account."

Ahmad said that _____

7. "Only one person must be on the trip." [awa2el.net](http://www.awa2el.net)

She told Ahmad that _____

8. Khaled: "I had got great news to say now."

Khaled told his friend _____

9. Rasha: "If we had an exam, it was better for us to study faster."

Rasha said _____

10. "We didn't enjoy our holiday last year when we went to Egypt."

Students said that _____

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Following verbs and Prepositions

A. Complete the text with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

1. Are you planning _____ (**go**) shopping ?
2. People are expected mostly _____ (**use**) solar energy soon.
3. The boy wanted me _____ (**help**) him so as to be happy.

B. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

1. Ahmad suggested _____ (**go**) out for some fun.
2. Sami recommended _____ (**follow**) his colleagues.
5. You should stop _____ (**waste**) time.

C. Circle the correct words between those in bold.

1. I want **to get / getting** a tablet, but I can't afford **to buy / buying** one at the moment.
2. The heater had stopped **to work / working** .So Khalid had to change the cylinder.

3. We're going to Aqaba again **in / on** summer **on / in** July 25.

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**Language Functions
(Consequence and Opposition)**

Functions		
Consequence الاستنتاج		
	In this way	
	Therefore	
	Consequently	
	As a result	
	This results in	
Opposition التناقض		
Although		
Whereas		
	But	
Despite		
In spite of		
On the one hand		On the other hand
	However Conversely On the contrary	

A. Write down the function for each of the following underlined phrases.

1. **In this way**, technology makes communication more convenient. _____
2. **As a consequence**, family members who are away from home can communicate well with their loved ones. _____
3. **Despite** the recent advances in technology, it is still unreliable and very inconvenient. _____

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B. Choose the correct answer.

1. Lights will go off automatically. _____ , we will save energy.

- A. In this way
- B. On the one hand
- C. However
- D. Conversely

2. _____ , life would be easier. On the other hand, we would have less privacy.

- A. On the one hand
- B. Although
- C. Despite
- D. As a consequence

3. Driverless cars would make travelling simple. _____ , if they went wrong, they could be very dangerous.

- A. However
- B. On the one hand
- C. Despite
- D. Although

4. _____ the 'Internet of Things' sounds exciting, we should be careful.

- A. Although
- B. Despite
- C. Therefore
- D. However

5. _____ the recent advances in technology, it is still unreliable and very inconvenient.

- A. Despite
- B. Conversely
- C. But
- D. However

The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (WN) – 0799126156**Editing**

The following paragraphs have underlined words. The words are wrongly written or misused grammatically. Correct the underlined words.

A

I think a taplet is the most useful because its small and light; you can take it out with you and you can use it for different activities, e.g. surfing the net, listening to music, reading a book, watching a film, keeping up-to-date with soshial media, etc.

B

Dijital information can be used to educate people in a variety of ways. For example, you can listen to podcasts and lectures online, or used apps on a tablet to learn languages. You can also use the internet to find information on what you are studying.

C

The Internet is a fantastik tool if it is used correctly. However, there are dangers that people should know about. Today, I'm talking to Professor Ghanem, who is an expert in ICT – or Information and Communication Technology. He advises young people about how to stay safe on the Internet. thank you for coming, Professor. Many computers has filters which stop people seeing certain websites.

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D. For the first three years, the students follow a programme of academic study _____ which includes compulsory, as well as elective courses.

- A. .
- B. ,
- C. ?
- D. !

E. Excuse me, Mr Williams. I'm interested in knowing how the university system works in the UK. I mean, how do you apply _____

- A. ?
- B. ,
- C. .
- D. !



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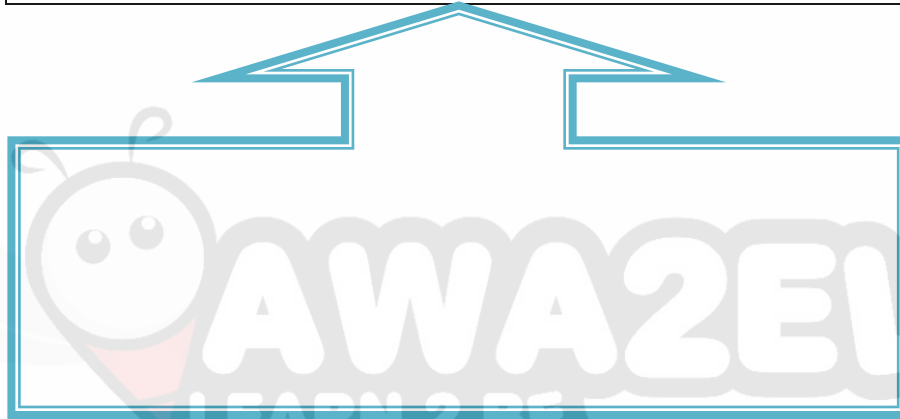
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Guided Writing

A.

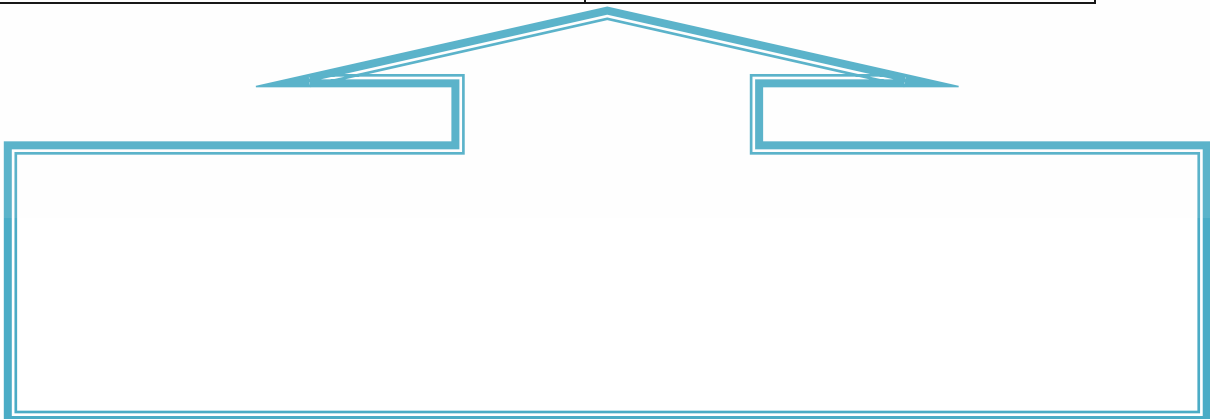
Benefits of mega projects	
-	include developments like airports
-	bring new economic growth
-	install the latest technology
-	help cities to become developed



B. Advantages and Disadvantages

Write two sentences about the advantages and disadvantages of using technology in our lives.

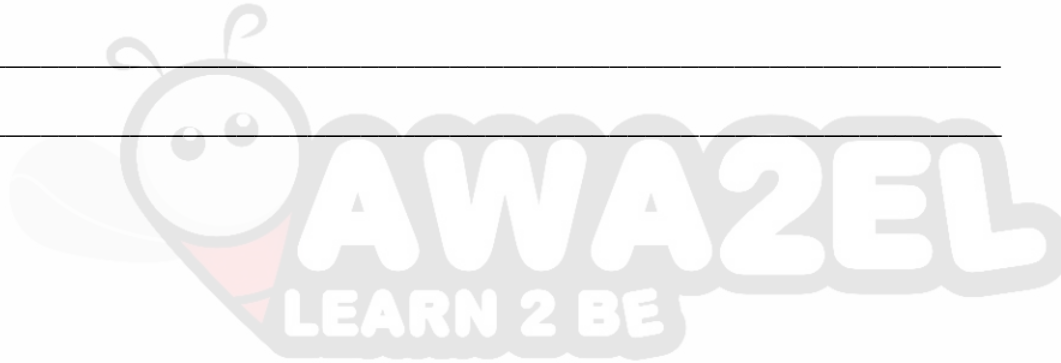
Using technology in our daily lives	
Advantages	Disadvantages
save time	lead to be isolated
save effort	harm eyes
have more free time and fun	cause headache



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C. Write two sentences about the arguments with and against Masdar city.

Masdar city	
Arguments with	be environmentally-friendly , be clean , have been - prepared
Arguments against	cost much money , be useless for economy , be expensive on ordinary people



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Writing articles

Distance online learning is more preferred than academically scholastic learning. Though, many bad sides might be relevant on this. Write an article about the effectiveness that distance online learning results in mentioning 3 problems that could affect the prosperity it behaves.

_____ . As long as we are in the modern age, it must be taken into consideration that this could be confusing. This is actually written to look into _____.

These days, it is common among people to think about _____. It is evident that the world is changing the same pace and way we change. For this reason, I totally believe that there is a necessity to start investigating the sides the situation needs in order to totally be aware of the _____.

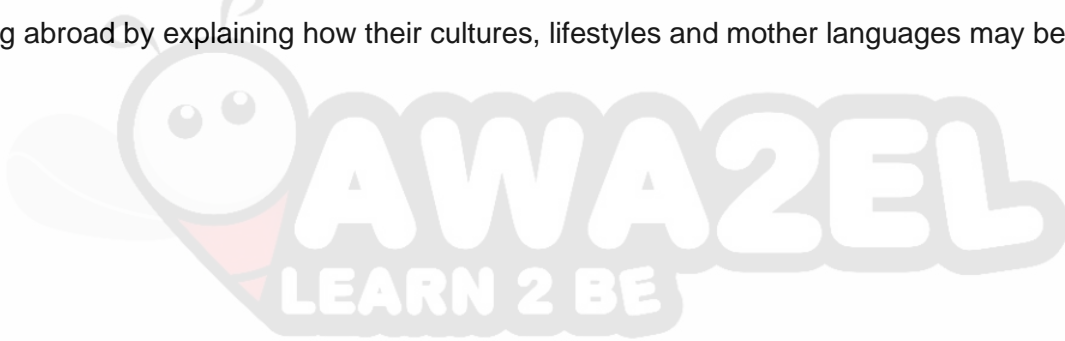
Questionably, it could be necessary to look into the _____. Everybody has become interested to know all about _____ which in turn enlightened me with the way that _____. Contradictory views, conflicts or disagreements are expected in this side. So being rather acting than being neutral must be a target for all who are in my age below.

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I hope, all above, will be considered, especially, when deciding the effectiveness of following all evidence based on others' experiences. I would also recommend doing studies to point out some of the subtitled consequences that clearly can be shown on the behalf of people's dealing when highly-advice is in urgent need.

Homework

Many students decide on studying abroad especially those who enjoy other languages by their effective notes on their lifestyles. Write an article about the benefits that naturally come out of living abroad by explaining how their cultures, lifestyles and mother languages may be affected.



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UNIT TWO

Medicine



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THE VISION

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Complementary medicine: is it really a solution?

Acupuncture	A medicine in which needles inserted in skin	الوخز بالابر
Ailment	illness , chronic disease	مرض مزمن
Viable	Effective and successful	ناجح وقابل للتنفيذ
Allergy	The reaction of the immune system when it is sensitive	حساسية
Arthritis	Inflammation and stiffness of joints	التهاب المفاصل
Antibody	A substance produced to fight a disease	جسم مضاد
Herbal remedy	A mixture of plants used to cure a disease	علاج بالاعشاب
Homoeopathy	When illnesses are treated by minute doses	العلاج المثلي
Sceptical	Having doubts	متشكك
Immunization	The process how the immune system is protected	مناعة
Malaria	A disease transmitted by mosquitoes	مرض الملاريا
Migraine	A very bad headache	الصداع النصفي
Complementary medicine	Alternative to scientific medical practices	العلاج التكميلي
Practitioner	Someone qualified to practice a profession	مزاوول للمهنة
Conventional	Been used for a long time	التقليدي
Alien	غريب	
Anxiety	صعوبة النوم – الارق	
Depression	اكتئاب	
Vaccination	لقاح	

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A. Complete the following sentences using the words in the box

acupuncture , homeopathy , ailments , arthritis , immunization , allergies , migraine

1. My grandfather has _____ in his fingers, so he sometimes finds it difficult to write.
2. _____ to nuts and milk are becoming more common.
3. Many serious diseases can be prevented by _____ , which helps the body to build antibodies.
4. Headaches and colds are common _____ , especially in winter.
5. If you have a _____ , the best thing to do is take some medicine and rest somewhere quiet.

B. Complete the following sentences using the words in the box

viable , alien , conventional , sceptical , complementary

1. I don't really believe that story – I'm very _____.
2. Doctors often treat infections with antibiotics; that is the _____ approach.
3. Medicines that are not the normal, traditionally accepted treatments are known as _____.
4. Another way of saying that something could be successful is to say it is _____.
5. If something seems very strange, we sometimes say it is _____.

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Antibodies	اجسام مضادة	Produce	يُنتج
Teenagers	مراهقين	Children	اطفال
Better and healthier	افضل و صحي اكثر	Suffer from	يعاني من
Lifestyle choices	خيارات حياة	Relax	يرتاح
Health problems	مشاكل صحية	Infant mortality	وفيات الاطفال
Get some exercise	يتلقى تمرين	Workforce	القوة العاملة
Flu	رشح	Life expectancy	توقع العمر
Healthcare centers	مراكز صحية		

C. Complete the following sentences using the words in the box.

relax, conventional, lifestyle, teenagers, antibodies

1. _____ medicine can be used for immunizing people.
2. Humans' bodies can produce _____ needed to protect against Malaria.
3. Optimistic people can make great _____ choices.
4. A good way to cope with stress is to _____.

D. Complete the following sentences using the words in the box.

suffer from, life expectancy, infant mortality, complementary, flu

1. Immunization causes _____ to increase.
2. Some ailments during the last decades caused a large number of _____.
3. Some students _____ stress during exams.
4. Take antibiotics to reduce the symptoms of _____.

The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (WN) – 0799126156**Text A**

Most doctors used to be skeptical about the validity of homoeopathy, acupuncture and other forms of complementary medicine. If patients wanted to receive this kind of nonconventional treatment, they used to have to consult a private practitioner who was likely not to have a medical degree. However, in recent years, the perception of this type of treatment has changed. These days, many family doctors study complementary medicine alongside conventional treatments, and many complementary medicine consultants also have medical degrees. Whereas critics used to say that there was no scientific evidence that non-conventional treatments actually worked, now it is more common for medical experts to recognize that conventional medicine may not always be the only way to treat an ailment. At a surgery in London, 70 per cent of patients who were offered the choice between a herbal or a conventional medicine for common complaints such as insomnia, arthritis and migraines chose the herbal remedy.

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1. Complementary medicine has different forms and kinds. Write down two of them.

2. What kind of person people have to ask before taking complementary medicine?

3. Give evidence which shows the change in look to complementary medicine.

4. So many people suggest having complementary medicine in some cases. Write down the reason for this.

Fifty per cent of patients then said that the treatment helped. **One doctor** said, "**I** now consider **homoeopathy** to be a viable option for many different conditions, including anxiety, depression and certain allergies. **It** provides another option when conventional medicine does not address the problem adequately." However, **complementary medicine** cannot be used for all medical treatments. **It** can never substitute for immunizations as **it** will not produce the antibodies needed to protect against childhood diseases. **It** also cannot be used to protect against malaria. One doctor said, "**I** will always turn to conventional medical treatment first to ensure that no underlying condition is missed. However, the idea of **complementary treatments** is no longer an

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alien concept. In my opinion, it should work alongside modern medicine, and not against it."

5. Homoeopathy could be useful for many illnesses. Mention three of them.

6. Complementary medicine can't be used as an option instead of immunization. Write down the reason for this.

7. Decide if these sentences are true or false.

1. Doctors and patients didn't use to be convinced that complementary forms of medicine work. _____

2. Nowadays, many doctors study complementary forms of treatment.

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3. At the surgery mentioned in the article, the majority of patients found that the herbal remedy did not help them. _____

4. Complementary medicine can work as a replacement for immunizations or to treat malaria. _____

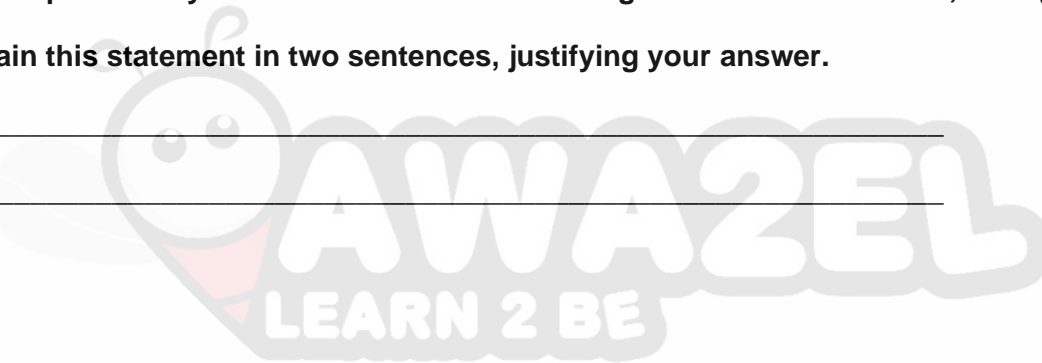
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Critical thinking

1. The article suggests that people's perception of complementary medicine has changed over time. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

2. "Complementary treatments should work alongside modern medicine, not against it."

Explain this statement in two sentences, justifying your answer.



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Expressing habits

A. Choose the correct answer of these A,B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. He _____ go shopping in the local supermarket.

A. used to B. are used to C. was used to

2. Sami was used _____ to town in order to shopping

A. to drive B. to driving C. driving

3. During the past, there _____ be so much pollution.

A. wasn't used to B. didn't use to C. weren't used to

4. Most Jordanians _____ the hot weather.

A. are used to B. used to C. is used to

5. Ahmad didn't use _____ English.

A. understanding B. to understand C. understand

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6. We needed warm clothes when we went to London.

We _____ the cold weather.

A. weren't used to B. didn't use to C. aren't used to

7. My family _____ sharing me in my happiness and my celebrations.

A. used to B. are used to C. didn't use to

8. My grandparents didn't use _____ e-mails in public celebrations.

A. to send B. to sending C. sends

9. Rashed is used to _____ in hot weather.

A. go swimming B. going swimming C. goes swimming

10. It's a calm weather . People are _____ fresh fruits.

A. used to eating B. used to eat C. use to eating

B. The following sentences have underlined grammatical mistakes. Correct them.

1. We were used to travel in summer

2. Were you use to going out in hot climates?

3. Samir wasn't used to go out when he was a child.

C. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

1. When I was a student, I was _____ (use to, work) very hard.

2. I was _____ (use to, get up) very early and study alone before my lectures, attended lectures all day, and then came home to study some more!

3. Are you used _____ (live) in Jordan yet? You've only been here for two months.

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4. When I was a child, my grandmother didn't use _____ (make) cakes for us all the time, and I liked helping her a lot.

5. My grandfather retired a month ago. He isn't _____ (use, have) nothing to do all day. He says he needs a project to concentrate on.

**D. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.**

1. It is normal that he goes to school early.

He is _____

2. It's normal for Mohammed to call me daily.

Mohammed is _____

3. It is not normal for Samir to get a lot of homework now.

Samir _____

4. Now , it's a habit for Sami to choose his own ways of study.

Sami is _____

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4. It was customary for Ali to arrive early.

He was _____

5. It wasn't familiar for them to drive in a traffic jam.

They didn't _____

6. It wasn't a habit for him to wake up early, but now he does.

He wasn't _____

7. My mother's habit was to buy my clothes.

My mother was _____

E. Study the following sentence, then answer the question that follows.

I am used to working well.

What's the function of using **(am used to)** ?

F. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. I used to like cartoon films when I was younger. Now I prefer to watch action films.

I am _____ now.

2. The boy didn't habitually get a lot of homework at school. He gets a lot now.

A. The boy didn't _____

B. The boy is _____

G. Circle the correct words between those in bold.

1. I (**used to / am used to**) go shopping in the local supermarket, but it closed two years ago, so now I have to drive into town to shop.

2. There (**didn't use to / wasn't used to**) be so much pollution, but these days it is a global problem.

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3. I think television (**used to / is used to**) be better than it is now. Most of the programmers these days are just reality TV.

4. Most Jordanians (**are used to / used to**) the hot weather that we have in summer.

5. I (**didn't use to / am used to**) understand English, but now I do.

أسئلة وزارية

A. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. It is normal for my children now to eat fresh vegetables.

My children _____.

2. It is normal for my younger brother to use his electronic dictionary.

My younger brother _____.

3. It is normal for my grandfather to have nothing to do all the day long.

My grandfather _____.

4. It is not normal for American people to eat steak for lunch and dinner every day.

American people _____.

5. It is normal for my friend now to send e-mails.

My friend _____.

B. Choose the best answer of those A,B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Rashed _____ go swimming in the past.

A. used to

B. are used to

C. am used to

2. When I was young, I _____ on foot to school.

A. am used to going

B. were used to going

C. was used to going

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Homework (1)

A. Choose the correct answer of these A,B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Rashed told his brother to slow down. He _____ walking fast.

A. wasn't used to B. weren't used to C. didn't use to.

2. When you were younger, did you _____ play in the park?

A. use to B. used to C. are used to.

B. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

1. Salma is _____ (not/use/swim) now.

2. Where did they _____ (use, go) after school?

C. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. It was late. Mohammed wasn't familiar to go back that late.

Mohammed didn't _____

2. It was normal for him to use internet.

He was _____

3. It's normal for me to work happily.

I am _____

D. The following sentences have underlined grammatical mistakes. Correct them.

1. Zaid's friends are used to go fishing. _____ .

2. Most Jordanians nowadays used to the hot weather. _____ .

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Are happier people healthier – and, if so, why?

Color idioms

Idioms	Meanings	المعنى	Feelings
Out of the blue	From nowhere , unexpectedly	غير متوقع	Happiness
See red	Get angry	يغضب	Anger
Red handed	The act of doing wrong	متلبس بالجريمة	Fear
White elephant	Cost money with no useful purpose	مكلف دون فائدة	Anger
Get the green light	Give permission	يوافق	Happiness
Feel blue	Feel sad	يحزن	Sadness

Phrasal Verbs

Rely on	Depend on, trust in	يعتمد
Bounce back	Start to be successful again	يبدأ مجددا بالنجاح
Cope with	Deal successfully with	يتكيف مع
Focus on	Direct attention on	يركز على
Suffer from	يعاني من	

A. Choose the correct answers of these A,B or C to complete the following sentences.

1. The girl was drawing on her tablet when unexpectedly the phone rang.

The underlined word can be replaced by the color idiom_____.

A. see red

B. out of the blue

C. feel blue

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2. The kid was given the green light to go on playing.

The underlined color idiom has a feeling of _____.

- A. sadness B. happiness C. focus on

4. We have got the green light to go on our project.

The underlined color idiom means _____.

- A. given permission B. red handed C. got angry

5. That mall is red-handed. It's expensive.

The underlined color idiom is wrongly-used in the above sentence. It must be replaced by _____.

- A. see red B. feel blue C. white elephant

6. Have you heard the good news? We've got the green light to go ahead with our project!

The feeling the idiom in bold has is _____

- A. happiness B. sadness C. fear

B. Complete the following sentences using the correct and the most suitable color idioms from those given in the box.

out of the blue, see red, red - handed ,white elephant , the green light

1. The great news was surprising. It actually came _____.

2. I have got _____ to go on teaching. That's amazing.

3. Nobody likes that club as it is _____ and expensive.

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Optimistic	متفائل	
Raise (a question)	Bring up a problem	– يثير سؤال مشكلة
Setback	A problem that stops progress	عائق
Option	Something that may be chosen	اختيار
Synonym		
Cross	Angry	غاضب
Needed vocabulary		
Controversial	مثير للجدل	
Researcher	باحث	
Investigate	يتحقق من	
Digestive	هضمي	
Supportive network	العلاقات الداعمة	

C. Complete the following sentences using the words in the box.

optimistic, raise questions, setback, option, cross

1. After the class, students were given the chance to _____ about what they don't understand.
2. _____ is the synonym of angry.
3. We must feel _____ even in hard times.
4. Children need a short time to bounce back after _____.

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It's normal to feel a bit blue from time to time. However, studies show that negative emotions can harm the body. Anger can also have harmful effects on health. When you see red, your blood pressure is raised and you can suffer from headaches, sleep problems and digestive problems. However, what about positive feelings and attitudes? Until recently, scientists had not investigated whether there is a link between positive feelings and good health. Then, in a study that had followed more than 6,000 men and women aged 25 to 74 for 20 years, researchers found that positivity reduced the risk of heart disease. Other factors influencing health included a supportive network of family and friends, and an optimistic outlook on life. The research showed that children who were more able to stay focused on a task, and who had a more positive attitude to life at age seven, were usually in better health 30 years later.

1. When you have digestive problems, this means_____.

- A. your blood pressure is high
- B. your blood pressure is low
- C. your feelings are positive

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2. Scientists _____ about the link between good health and positivity.

- A. didn't know
- B. did know
- C. didn't investigate

3. Children who are _____ have better health.

- A. one-task and positive
- B. one-task and negative
- C. multi-task and positive.

4. Positivity _____ the risk of heart diseases.

- A. raised
- B. reduced
- C. found

5. The phrasal verb that means (direct attention on) is _____.

- A. suffer from
- B. focus on
- C. showed that

The study has been controversial. Some health professionals believe that bad lifestyle choices, such as smoking or lack of exercise, are the reason for heart disease and other illnesses, and not an individual's attitude. The researchers, while agreeing, raise the question: Why are people making bad lifestyle decisions? Do more optimistic people make better and healthier lifestyle choices? **The researchers** appreciate that not everyone's personal circumstances and environment make it possible to live without worry. However, **they** believe that if we teach **children** to develop positive thinking, and

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to 'bounce back' after a setback, these qualities will improve **their** overall health in the future.

6. Smoking and lack of exercise are_____.

A. good choices

B. bad choices

C. optimistic choices

7. Everyone's personal life_____.

A. affects on the possibility to live without worry

B. doesn't affect the possibility to live without worry

C. affects on environment

8. It is_____ that smoking causes some illnesses.

A. personal attitude

B. not personal attitude

C. life style choice

9. Positive thinking and not smoking improves_____.

A. health

B. personal circumstances

C. bounce back

10. The study has been_____.

A. about health

B. about smoking

C. about positivity and health

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IPA

Words	Transcription
Importance	/ɪm'pɔ:təns/
School	/sku:l/
Exercise	/'eksəsaɪz/
Angry	/'æŋɡri/
Calm	/'kɑ:m/
Healthy	/'heɪθi/
Carrying	/'kæriɪŋ/
Dementia	/'dɪmɛnʃə/
Homoeopathy	/'həʊmi'ɒpəθi/
Malaria	/'mælɪəriə/
Fluently	/'flu:ənʃli
Outpatient	/'aʊtpeɪʃənt/
Calculation	/'kælkjʊleɪʃən/
Access	/'ækses/

A. Write/Transcribe the following

words according to IPA

1. Exercise _____

2. School _____

B. What words do the following

phonemes refer to?

1. /'kɑ:m/ _____

2. /ɪm'pɔ:təns/ _____

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Get moving

Strenuous	Needing a lot of effort	شاق
Obese	Extremely fat	بدین
Commitment	A promise to do something	التزام
Popularity	انتشار	
Health experts	خبراء الصحة	
Strengthen	يقوي	
PE (physical exercise)	التمارين الرياضية	
Population	السكان	
Improvement	تطور	
Decline	ينقص بالكمية / بالاهمية	
Prepositional verbs		
Warn about	يحذر من	
Aim to	يهدف الى	
Dream of	يحلم ب	
Walk to	يمشي الى	
Lack of	يفتقد	
Build into	يجعله جزء من	
Stand up	يقف	
Manage to	يتدبر الامر	
Phrasal verbs		
Get off	ينزل من الباص	
Fit in	يندمج مع مجموعة	
Go along	ينسجم مع	

A. Choose the correct answers of these A,B or C to complete the following sentences.

1. The body needs some physical exercise like walking or more _____ exercise like running.

A. obese B. strengthen C. strenuous.

2. Health experts would recommend extra exercises for those who are fat and _____.

A. strenuous B. obese C. popular

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3. Scientists warn about the_____ of fast food.

A. strenuous

B. popularity

C. commitment.

4. The number of population who get_____ has declined.

A. strenuous

B. physical exercise

C. improvement.

5. Health has been a major issue due to the public_____ so as to make the society healthy.

A. improvement

B. commitment

C. population.



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The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (WN) – 0799126156**Text C****A A growing problem**

In many countries, an increasing number of young people and adults are overweight or even obese. One reason for this is the growing popularity of **fast food**, **which** didn't use to be as common as **it** is now. Another big factor is lack of exercise. People would often walk to school or work, but these days many more of us drive. **Modern technology** has also played **its** part; we spend more and more time focusing on computer screens. Before the Internet was invented, nobody had dreamt of online shopping, but now we can buy almost anything without leaving the sofa.

1. Over-weight and obesity are now _____.

- A. more common than they used to be.
- B. less common than they used to be.
- C. the same as they used to be.

2. People are now used to _____.

- A. walking to their work.
- B. driving to their work.
- C. exercising to their work.

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3. People spend time focusing on computer screens because of_____.

- A. the role of modern technology in our lives.
 - B. the popularity of fast food.
 - C. only online shopping.
- B Time to listen

Health experts have been warning about this trend for years, and **their** advice is clear.

Adults should aim to exercise for at least two and a half hours every week; for children

and teenagers the target should be at least an hour a day. This might not sound very

much. However, recent research shows that less than 50% of the British population

manages this. **School children** are less physically active than **they** used to be. Girls in

particular often **dislike PE**. **This** can lead to serious health problems.

4. Adults shouldn't over-use internet and are expected to_____.

- A. exercise for half an hour weekly.
- B. exercise for 2 and half an hour weekly.
- C. not to exercise anymore.

5. The research shows that_____.

- A. half of the British population manages exercise.
- B. most of the British population manages exercise.
- C. a small number of population manages exercise.

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6. It is shown that_____.

- A. only boys dislike PE.
- B. only girls dislike PE.
- C. especially girls dislike PE.
- C** It's good for you!

Experts recommend **mixtures of activities**. **This** should include moderate exercise, such as fast walking, and more strenuous exercise, like running. **They** also advise **exercise** that strengthens the muscles, for example sit-ups. The more muscle we build, the more calories we burn, and the fitter we become. In addition, exercise is a great way to cope with stress. In a recent study, **patients who** had been suffering from depression reported a great improvement after increased Physical activity.

D Useful tips

Of course **this** raises a question: how can I manage to fit in all this **extra exercise**?

The best way is to build **it** into our daily lives so that **it** becomes a routine. **It** doesn't have to take much extra time. You could get off the bus one stop earlier than usual, or stand up when you're on the phone! Most importantly, we should find a sport that we enjoy doing. That way, we will all become fitter, healthier and happier.

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7. The mixture of recommended activities must include_____.

- A. only fast walking and running.
- B. only running and sit-ups.
- C. A+B.

8. More calories are burnt when_____.

- A. more muscles are built.
- B. we become fitter.
- C. we suffer from depression.

9. Exercise is a good way to_____.

- A. cope with stress.
- B. suffer from depression.
- C. fast walking.

10. The best way to manage exercise is by_____.

- A. building it in your daily routine.
- B. giving it much extra time.
- C. getting off the bus one stop earlier than usual.

Critical thinking

1. Good mind goes along with good health. How far do you agree with this?

2. The young need exercises more than the old. Suggest three possible exercises that can easily be done by the young daily.

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Health in Jordan: A report

Sanitation	The systems which deal with human waste	الصرف الصحي
Dental	Relating to teeth	متعلق بالاسنان
Infant mortality	Deaths amongst babies	وفيات الاطفال
Work force	The people who are able to work	القوة العاملة
Commitment	A promise to do something	التزام
Life expectancy	Time that a person is expected to live	متوسط العمر
Healthcare	The treatment of illness by doctors	رعاية طبية
Reputation	The common opinion	السمعة - الشهرة
Priority	اولوية	
Advances	تطورات	
Conditions	ظروف - شروط	
Diet	نظام غذائي	
Community	مجتمع	
Planning	تخطيط	
Remote	بعيد	
Consistent	دائم	
Primary	اساسي	
Facilities	تسهيلات	
Neglect	يهمل	
Statistics	احصانات	
Rate	نسبة	
Growth	تطور	
Economic	اقتصادي	

Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. King Hussein Cancer Center has a good _____ for the facilities it may have.

A. reputation B. workforce C. commitment

2. The _____ system is the one that deals with human waste.

A. sanitation B. health care C. dental

3. Medical advances as well as healthy conditions caused _____ average to increase.

A. infant mortality B. workforce C. life expectancy

4. The study that relates teeth is called _____ study.

A. diet B. growth C. dental

5. The whole community is responsible for the decrease in the rate of _____ services and facilities.

A. healthcare B. statistics C. reputation

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Text D

Introduction

Health conditions in Jordan are among the best in the Middle East. This is largely due to the country's commitment to making healthcare for all a top priority. Advances in education, economic conditions, sanitation, clean water, diet and housing have made our community healthier.

Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. The country's commitments to prioritize the healthcare leads to _____ for Jordanians.
 - A. best health conditions
 - B. advances in education
 - C. good houses and diet
2. Clean water and diet are examples of _____.
 - A. advances in education
 - B. economic advances
 - C. healthier community

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A Health care centers

As a result of careful planning, the number of healthcare services has been increasing rapidly over the past years. More than 800 different kinds of healthcare centers have been built, as well as 188 dental clinics. In 2012 CE, 98 per cent of Jordanian children were fully immunized, thanks to **immunization teams that** had been working towards this goal for several years. Although there were **remote areas of the country where** people had been without consistent access to electricity and safe water, almost 99 per cent of the country's population now has access.

3. The number of health care services has been _____ rapidly due to the careful planning.

- A. decreasing B. increasing C. going less

4. The _____ helped much in fully immunizing most of Jordanian children.

- A. dental clinics B. healthcare centers C. immunization teams

5. _____ means “the time a person is expected to live”.

- A. life expectancy B. healthcare C. workplace

B Hospitals

Although **the country** has been focusing mainly on improving **its** primary healthcare facilities, **it** has not neglected **its** advanced medical facilities. The

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reputation of Jordanian doctors has spread in the region, and now many more patients come to Jordan for open heart surgery. In Jordan, the open heart surgery programme started in 1970 CE in Amman.

C Life expectancy

The life expectancy figures show that Jordan's healthcare system is successful. In 1965 CE, the average Jordanian's life expectancy was age 50. In 2012 CE, this average life expectancy had risen to 73.5. According to UNICEF statistics, between 1981 CE and 1991 CE, Jordan's infant mortality rates declined more rapidly than anywhere else in the world – from 70 deaths per 1,000 births in 1981 CE to only 32 deaths per 1,000 births in 2014 CE.

6. Advanced _____ caused Jordan to have a better reputation all over the world.

- A. patients B. medical facilities C. doctors

7. The average Jordanians life expectancy had before 2012 CE _____.

- A. risen B. declined C. decreased

8. According to a study, the infant's mortality rates have _____ rapidly.

- A. increased B. risen C. declined

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Conclusion

The low infant mortality rates, as well as the excellent healthcare system, have been contributing factors to Jordan's healthy population growth, which will result in a strong work force with economic benefits for the whole country.

9. The growth of healthy population will result in _____.

- A. strong workforce B. more infant mortality C. economic declination

10. The _____ and the successful health care system will result in healthy population growth.

- A. life expectancy B. low infant mortality C. economic benefits

Critical thinking

Any country's success is based on its successful healthy system. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

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Medical schools

Words	المعنى	Words	المعنى
Top-quality	مميز	Clinical	الجراحة العامة
Academic	تعليمي	Senior doctors	أطباء اختصاص
Compulsory	إجباري	Assessment	تقييم
Elective	اختياري	Practical	عملي
Pre-clinical	التحضير	Surgery	جراحة
Bachelor	بكالوريوس		

Text E

There are five medical schools in Jordan, each one based at a university. All five schools offer a six-year programme, which is designed to produce top-quality doctors.

For the first three years, the students follow a programme of academic study, which includes compulsory, as well as elective courses. These first three years are known as the 'pre-clinical stage'. Years four, five and six, or the 'clinical stage', are much more practical, although there is still plenty of theory too. The students spend time in different

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hospital departments. At **this** stage, the students deal with patients directly, all the time being supervised by senior doctors. The final assessment is a very thorough series of written and practical examinations. Successful students are awarded a Bachelor of Medicine and Surgery degree.

A. Complete the following summary based on the above article.

There are five medical schools in Jordan. They all follow the same six-year programme. In the first half, known as the (1) _____, students have to take certain courses and can choose others. In the second half, which is the (2) _____, besides continuing to study theory, students spend time practicing in different hospital (3) _____. (4) _____ guide the students in dealing with the patients. Throughout the period of study, students are (5) _____ in different ways.

B. Decide if these sentences are true or false.

1. The medical schools in Jordan are based at five different universities.

2. Some courses during the first three years are optional.

3. During the clinical stage, students spend all of their time on their practical skills in hospital departments.

4. Students deal with patients from the very beginning of their course.

5. The tests at the end of the course are only practical examinations.

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Derivation

Verb



1. Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Ali used to _____ things based on his experience.

A. conclude

B. conclusion

C. conclusive

2. The immunization system doesn't _____ antibiotics.

A. production

B. produce

C. produced

3. All societies must _____ themselves to logically accept other points of view.

A. committed

B. commit

C. commitment

4. Does the pc _____ numbers faster than human beings?

A. calculation

B. calculate

C. calculates

5. Some parents _____ their children with more vaccinations for extra protection.

A. inoculate

B. inoculation

C. inoculated

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Adverb



6. _____, it is preferable to do many activities with children on weekend.

A. convention

B. conventional

C. conventionally

7. Some programmers, _____, tend to produce over-security software for users to protect against hackers.

A. access

B. accessibly

C. accessible

8. In hard times, preferably it is to think _____.

A. optimistic

B. optimist

C. optimistically

9. Some doctors are _____ getting a head so as to be more experts in their fields of study.

A. rapid

B. rapidly

C. rapidity

10. Some ailments have _____ been reported to over-spread out rapidly.

A. infection

B. infections

C. infectiously

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Verb and Adverb

11. Parents must _____ increase their children's confidence.

A. Rely

B. Reliably

C. Reliable

12. Criminals may _____ get into other users' account.

A. Accessibly

B. Access

C. Accessible

13. _____, everything has been going fantastic.

A. Unexpected

B. Unexpectedly

C. Un-expectation

14. The child will be _____ focusing on Math.

A. Increase

B. Increasing

C. Increasingly

15. Children, _____ look at foreigners.

A. Sceptically

B. Sceptical

C. Scepticism

16. Will your friends _____ support your work?

A. Option

B. Optional

C. Optionally

17. The teacher reassured students _____.

A. Optimist

B. Optimistic

C. Optimistically

18. Students will _____ the teacher unanimously.

A. Elective

B. Elect

C. Election

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19. We have to happily help children to _____ their skills.

A. Develop

B. Development

C. Developed

20. Children optimistically _____ so many questions.

A. Raising

B. Raises

C. Raise

21. You need to speak the language so as to _____ it.

A. Practice

B. Practically

C. Practicing

22. Technology should hopefully _____ our knowledge of all the surroundings.

A. Increasing

B. Increasingly

C. Increase

23. Khaled is used to _____ fast.

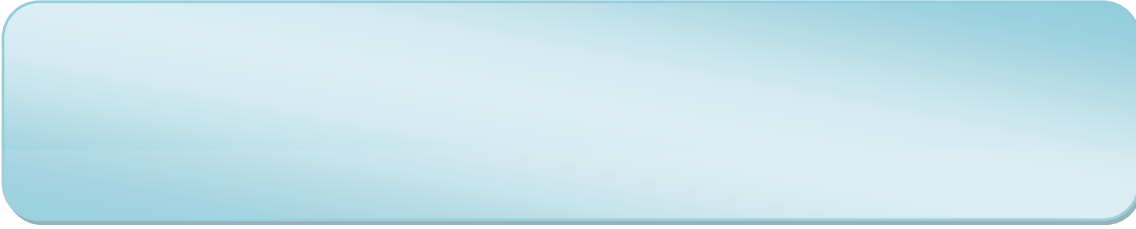
A. Driving

B. Drive

C. Drove

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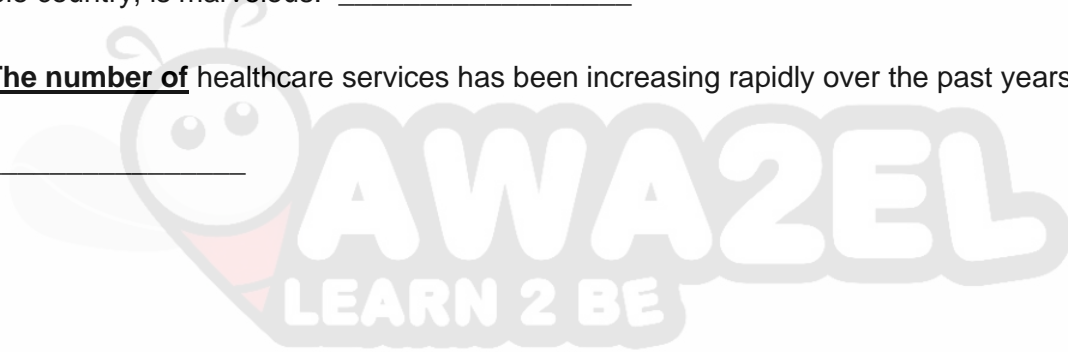
Language Functions



Write down the functions for each of the following underlined phrases.

1. The population growth, which will **result in** a strong work force with economic benefits for the whole country, is marvelous. _____

2. **The number of** healthcare services has been increasing rapidly over the past years.



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Editing

The following texts have four mistakes. One grammar mistake, two spelling mistakes and one punctuation mistake. Find out these mistakes and correct them.

A

If patients wanted to receive this kind of nonconventional **treatment**, they were used to **consult** a private **practioner** who wasn't likely to have a medical degree ; However, in recent years, the perception of this type of treatment has changed.

B

Anger can lead to stress and other mental health problems ,and it makes it harder for us to concentrate and enjoy life. I used to **living** outside the city, so I would drive for two hours to get to school. **there** was always so much traffic. I remember, I used to feel more and more angry about the **trafic**. I would sit there in my car, with my heart beating fast, worrying about arriving late for my class.

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Guided Writing

How do you think your education will influence your life after school? What will you study? What career would you like to have one day? Write a paragraph of around 60



How technology controls transport

- automatically avoid crashes
- efficiently control traffic
- reduce traffic jams
- reduce car crashes

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Writing report

To _____

From _____

Date _____

Introduction

_____. The aim of this report is to provide information concerning _____. It will include _____.

Body A

I interviewed people in my city. Just under half of the people who were interviewed said the _____

Body B

Some interviewed people said that they _____. The others said that _____, such as _____.

Recommendations

It is important to focus on those who currently do not care by

- Arranging a subsidized program regarding _____.
- Publicizing and presenting more substitutes in case of _____.

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Homework

Physical activity time and benefits is currently a case that people argue about. Write a report to the school magazine about the importance of physical activity. Are your family and your friends active enough? How could people increase their physical activity?



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UNIT THREE

Medical Advances

واائل نصيرات



THE VISION

The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (WN) – 0799126156

Young Emirati inventor is going to travel the world

Synonyms		Meanings	
Apparatus	Equipment	Tools and instruments	معدات علمية
Appendage	Limb	Something attached to the body	طرف صناعي
Artificial	Prosthetic	An artificial body part	صناعي
Fund	Sponsor	Give money as a support	يمول
Suffix			
Proof	To provide protection against		ضد – مقاوم لـ
Publicize	Give information to the public		يعمم معلومة
Needed vocabulary			
Helmet	خوذة		
Inspire	يلهم شخص		
Monitor	يراقب		
Reputation	شهرة		
Risk	يجازف - يخاطر		
Seatbelt	حزام امان		
Tiny	صغير الحجم		
Self – confidence	ثقة بالنفس		
Waterproof	ضد الماء		

A. Use the words in the box to complete the following sentences.

helmet , inspire , monitor , reputation , risk , seat belt , self-confidence , tiny ,waterproof

- You can wear your watch when you go swimming if it's _____
- It's amazing how huge trees grow from _____ seeds.
- The Olympic Games often _____ young people to take up a sport.
- Please hurry up. Let's not _____ missing the bus.
- You must always wear a _____ in a car, whether you're the driver or a passenger.
- When my grandfather had a heart attack, the doctors attached a special _____ to his chest.
- It's important to encourage young people and help them develop _____
- Petra has a _____ as a fascinating place to visit.

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Collocations	
Get an idea	يحصل على فكرة
Catch attention	يحصل على اهتمام
Take an interest	يهتم بـ
Spend time	يمضي الوقت
Attend a course	يلتحق بدورة دراسية

B. Read the following sentences then answer the questions below.

1. I usually save money to fund my kids' education at university.

Replace the underlined word with its synonym. _____

2. You should wear a waterproof watch when you dive.

What does the underlined suffix mean?

3. What suffix must be added to the word "fire" to mean "protection against"?? _____

C. Choose the correct answer of those A, B or C to complete the following sentences.

1. The boy _____ the attention of the sheik with his invention.

A. took

B. got

C. caught

2. Samir _____ so much time studying.

A. takes

B. spends

C. gets

3. Khaled is a clever student who _____ ideas fast.

A. takes

B. catches

C. gets

4. The teacher usually _____ interest with his ways of teaching exceptionally.

A. gets

B. takes

C. catches

The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (WN) – 0799126156**Text A**

Ten-year-old Adeeb al-Balooshi, from Dubai, is going to travel to seven countries on **a** **tour which** has been organized and funded by Sheikh Hamdan bin Mohammad, Crown Prince of Dubai. **The boy** caught Sheikh Hamdan's attention with **his** invention – a prosthetic limb for **his** father. **The Sheikh** has taken a special interest in the boy, and hopes the tour that **he** is sponsoring for Adeeb will give the young inventor more self-confidence and inspire other young Emirati inventors. **Adeeb** got the idea for a special kind of prosthetic leg while **he** was at the beach with **his** family. **His father, who** wears an artificial leg, could not swim in the sea as **he** could not risk getting his leg wet. This inspired Adeeb to invent a waterproof prosthetic leg. **Adeeb** is going to visit the USA, France, the UK, Ireland, Belgium, Italy and **Germany, where he** will be staying with relatives. However, while **he** is in Germany, Adeeb will not be spending all **his** time sightseeing. **He** will be working with a specialist doctor to build the appendage. **He** will also be attending a course on prosthetics and learning about different kinds of medical apparatus.

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1. Adeeb will travel to seven countries because this _____.

- A. will give inventors more inspiration B. will help Adeeb to invent limb
C. will give the Sheikh more confidence

2. The prosthetic limb was invented by Adeeb for _____.

- A. the young inventors B. Sheikh Hamdan C. Adeeb's father

3. Adeeb's _____ will get increased after the tour.

- A. attention B. inspiration C. self-confidence

4. In Germany, Adeeb _____.

- A. will only be spending time in sight seeing
B. will be working to build the appendage
C. will be learning from doctors
D. all are right

5. The word (sponsored) is the synonym of _____.

- A. funded B. organised C. invented

6. Adeeb's relatives are staying in _____.

- A. Germany and Italy B. Italy C. Germany

7. The course Adeeb will be taking is in _____.

- A. learning about medical apparatus B. cleaning robots and heart monitor
C. artificial legs

Adeeb has invented several other devices, including a tiny cleaning robot and **a heart**

monitor, which is attached to a car seat belt. In the case of an emergency, rescue

services and the driver's family will be automatically connected with the driver through

this special checking device. **He** has also invented **a fireproof helmet. This special**

equipment, which has a built-in camera system, will help rescue workers in

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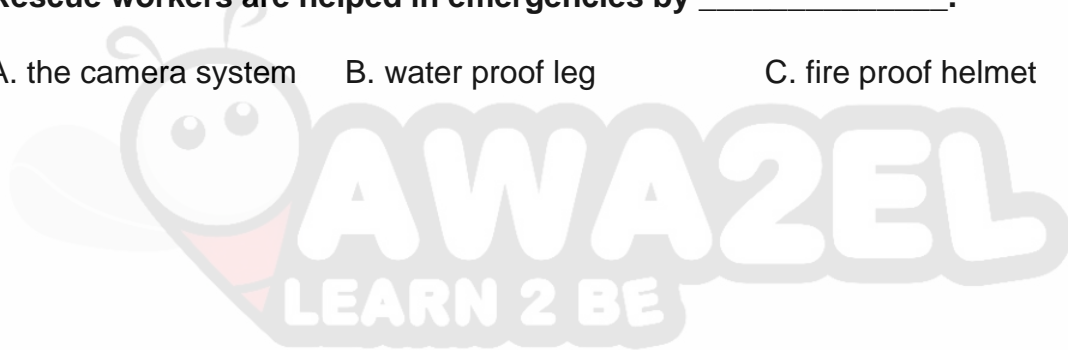
emergencies. It is for these reasons that Adeb righty deserves his reputation as one of the youngest inventors in the world.

8. The _____ is attached to the seatbelt.

- A. cleaning robot B. heart monitor C. artificial leg

9. Rescue workers are helped in emergencies by _____.

- A. the camera system B. water proof leg C. fire proof helmet



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The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (WN) – 0799126156
Accident victim gets amazing new hand

Phrasal verbs and opposites

Try out	يجرب		
Pick up	يلتقط		
Take part	يشارك		
Look forward to	يتطلع بشوق		
Opposites			
Natural	طبيعي	Artificial	صناعي

Text B

Scientists have successfully invented **a prosthetic hand** with a sense of touch. **It** is **an exciting new invention, which they** plan to develop. It is possible that, in the not-too-distant future, similar artificial arms and legs will have taken the place of today's prosthetic limbs. **Dennis Sorensen**, a 39-year-old from Denmark, was the first person to try out the new invention. After losing **his** left hand in an accident, **he** had been using a standard prosthetic hand for nine years.

Choose the correct answer of those A, B or C to complete the following sentences.

1. _____ invented the new hand.

A. Dennis Sorensen B. Scientists C. Artificial limbs

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2. Dennis Sorensen had a chance to use the new hand because_____.

- A. he was a scientist B. he used a standard hand
C. he lost his hand in an accident

3. The opposite of “natural” is_____.

- A. similar B. artificial C. prosthetic

4. The new hand is a huge improvement because it_____.

- A. picks up things B. manipulates objects
C. has a sense of touch

The new hand, which was developed by Swiss and Italian scientists, was a huge improvement. With it, Sorensen could not only pick up and manipulate objects, but he could also feel them. 'When I held an object, I could feel if it was soft or hard, round or square,' he explained. He said that the sensations were almost the same as the ones he felt with his other hand. Unfortunately, Sorensen was only taking part in trials, and the equipment is not ready for general use yet. He was only allowed to wear it for a month, for safety reasons. So now he has his old artificial hand back. However, he hopes that soon he will be wearing the new type of hand again. He is looking forward to the time when similar artificial limbs are available for the thousands of people who need them. He will have helped to transform their lives.

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5. The sensations of the new hand were almost_____.

- A. the same as he felt with his other hand
B. different from the natural sensations C. artificial sensations

6. The new equipment is_____.

- A. ready for general use
B. not ready for general use
C. available for thousands of people

7. The new artificial limb will_____.

- A. give more safety to people B. help to transfer the lives of people
C. not give the normal sensations

8. Now, Dennis wears_____.

- A. the new hand B. the old hand C. the hand with sensations

9. It was only a month that Dennis_____.

- A. wore the new hand B. wore the old hand
C. helped to transform the lives of people

Critical thinking

A prosthetic hand would improve someone's life. Think of this statement and suggest three benefits it may have.

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Future tenses

Key words :

Tomorrow , next , soon , later , the coming , the following , in + (future year)



A. Correct the verbs in brackets.

1. Tomorrow evening, Basil will _____ (**be, play**) his favorite game.
2. The summer time is fantastic, by the end of it, things will _____
(**have, be**) done all.
3. In two years time, students will _____ (**use**) on-line system in learning.
4. In two years time, Jordan will _____ (**complete**) updating the educational system.
5. The weather is charming. We _____ (**have**) great times together soon.

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6. The school _____ (start) in July, 3 this year and the followings.
7. What time _____ your train _____ (get) out of the station tomorrow?
8. Next Sunday, the classes' _____ (be) taken by students.

B. Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete the following sentences.

1. By July this year, school _____ for Tawjihi students.
A. will begin B. will be beginning C. will have begun
2. Tomorrow evening, Kareem will _____ electronic games on his PS4.
A. have played B. be playing C. play
3. In 2 hours time, Kareem and Kamal will _____ a rest after long time of hard work.
A. take B. have taken C. be taking
4. Nader _____ doing his duties in a week time.
A. will B. will be C. will have
5. The weather is cool. We _____ great fun.
A. will have B. will be having C. are going to have
6. Tomorrow is a holiday and the plane to Aqaba _____ at 9.00.
A. will leave B. leaves C. is going to leave
7. What time _____ your train _____ tomorrow?
A. does, leave B. will, leave C. will, have left
8. Next Sunday, John _____ the contract.
A. will sign B. sign C. will have signed
9. Students think that the school _____ a good place for learning in the future.
A. was B. will be C. will have been

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C. Rewrite the following sentences, using phrases in brackets, by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. He is planning to call now.

He is _____

2. My brother intends to work at one of my schools soon.

My brother is _____

3. Do you intend to buy tickets for the play?

Are you _____

4. I intend to enlarge my wealth.

I am _____

5. Rasha plans to call me soon.

Rasha is _____

D. There is one mistake in the verb tenses in each of the four conversations below.

Rewrite the verb in the correct tense.

1. A: What do you think you will be doing in two years' time?

B: I think I will be living in Karak, and I **will study** Geography.

2. A: Don't phone me at seven. I'll **have** dinner with my family.

B: OK, I'll phone at nine.

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3. A: What time **will you get** here tomorrow?
B: At about three, I think. I'll be texting you the exact time later.
-

4. A: Please be quiet when you come home tonight. The baby **will sleep**.
B: Don't worry. I won't forget.
-

اسئلة وزارية

Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete the following sentences.

1. By the end of this month, we _____ in this house for a year.
A. have lived **B. lived** **C. will have lived**
2. Look at the black sky! It _____ to rain.
A. goes **B. is going** **C. was going**
3. In 30 years time, scientists _____ a cure for cancer.
A. found **B. find** **C. will have found**
4. This time next year, students will _____ for their final exams.
A. prepare **B. be preparing** **C. have prepared**
5. Next month, our family will _____ in this house for a year.
A. lived **B. living** **C. have lived**
6. Will you _____ your homework by seven o'clock?
A. do **B. be doing** **C. have done**

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Homework (1)

A. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

1. By 2033CE, the new motorway _____ (open) new job vacancies.
2. By the time we get to the station tomorrow , the train will _____ already _____ (go).
3. What time _____ your school _____ (begin) next year?
4. I have called John. I _____ (visit) him on Sunday.
5. I think the weather _____ (be) good tomorrow.
6. This jacket is nice. I _____ (take) it soon.
7. The sky is cloudy. It _____ (rain) soon.

B. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. Sami intends to finish early.

Sami is _____

2. Sarah is planning to write the sentences.

Sarah is _____

3. I plan to achieve my goals soon.

I am _____

C. Circle the correct words between those A , B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. By tomorrow, the plane will _____ the airport.

A. Leave B. Have left C. Be leaving

2. Tomorrow, his plane _____ at 7:00 from QAIA.

A. Leaves B. Will leave C. Will have left.

3. What time _____ the train _____ off the station tomorrow?

A. Does / get B. Will / get C. Is / getting

4. In 3 years time, he _____ the tasks as a pilot.

A. Will finish B. Will have finished C. Will be finishing.

5. The sky is cloudy. It's _____ rain soon.

A. Going to B. Will be C. Will have .

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In the future

Coma	An unconscious state	غيبوبة
Dementia	A mental illness with memory	نسيان
Drug	A medicine – a substance used to make medicines	دواء
Implant	A tissue or a device inserted into the body	نسيج يزرع في الجسم
Medical trial	Special tests	فحوص طبية
Pills	Tablets that are swallowed	حبوب دواء
Scanner	A medical instrument that produce images of the internal body	ماسح ضوئي لجسم الانسان
Side effects	Negative effects of medicine on body	اثار جانبية
Stroke	When a tube of brain is blocked leading to the brain's inability to function.	سكتة دماغية
Symptoms	Signs of illness	اعراض
MRI	Magnetic Resonance Imaging (a brain scanner by magnetic field)	رنين مغناطيسي

A. Replace the words and phrases in bold with words from the box.

a coma , dementia , medical trials , pills , symptoms

1. Doctors look at the **signs of illness** before they decide how to treat the patient.

2. Before doctors prescribe drugs to patients, scientists perform **special tests** to make sure the drugs are safe.

3. After Ali's accident, he lay in **an unconscious state** for two weeks.

4. My grandfather has to take a lot of medicine – he takes six different **tablets** every day.

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Text C

We will be able to have an operation to increase our intelligence.

Scientists have already developed brain implants that improve vision or allow disabled people to use their thoughts in order to control prosthetic limbs like arms, legs or hands, or operate a wheelchair. In 2012 CE, research on monkeys showed that a brain implant improved their decision-making abilities. How will humans benefit from this research? Scientists hope to develop a similar device to help people who have been affected by brain damage, which could be caused by dementia, a stroke or other brain injuries.

Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete the following sentences.

1. Improving the vision and controlling prosthetic limbs can be a result of _____.

- A. brain injuries B. decision making abilities C. brain implants

2. Dementia and other brain injuries are _____ that lead to brain damage.

- A. causes B. effects C. thoughts

3. People are encouraged for brain implants to _____.

- A. develop similar devices B. have brain damage
C. increase their intelligence

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4. Out of using brain implants, monkeys were reported to _____.

- A. have brain damage B. improve their decision making skills
C. use their thought to control prosthetic limbs

Doctors will be able to communicate with people in a coma.

In 2010 CE, **neuroscientists** confirmed that **it** was possible to **communicate with**

some patients in a coma. **This** happens by using a special brain scanner called an

MRI. **They** suggested that, in the future, more meaningful dialogue with patients in a

coma would be possible. Two years later, it has finally happened. The scanner, used on

a man who has been in a coma for more than twelve years, proves that **he** has a

conscious, thinking mind – **a fact that** had previously been disputed by many. Doctors

plan to use similar brain-scanning techniques in the future to find out whether **patients**

are in pain, or what **they** would like to be done in order to improve **their** quality of life.

5. The research was done on _____ to help increase the intelligence.

- A. monkeys B. disabled people C. brain - damage people

6. Communication with people in a coma was possible _____.

- A. in 2010 CE B. in 2008 CE C. in 2012 CE

7. Doctors hope to use scanners in the future in order to _____.

- A. cause more pain to patients B. improve the quality of life
C. make dialogues with patients

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8. The man who has been in a coma was proved to _____.

A. have had a conscious mind B. have been in serious pain

C. have improved his mind

9. MRI is a _____.

A. brain scanner technique B. brain in coma

C. mind that is conscious in a coma

A new drug will help to treat certain types of cancer almost instantly.

A new cancer drug is being trialed in Plymouth, UK, **which** doctors hope will extend

the lives of **cancer patients** and reduce **their** symptoms overnight. **It** is taken as a

single pill every morning, and so far patients have shown none of the usual side effects

such as the sickness and hair loss that are experienced when undergoing other forms

of cancer treatment. **The new treatment** works by blocking **a protein which** causes

cancerous cells to grow. **It** will improve patients' life expectancy and quality of life much

more quickly than any other treatment. **The patients** were interviewed a year after

starting the treatment and are fit and well, saying that **they** are definitely going to

continue the trial. **They** have every reason to believe **the new drug** is going to work.

Doctors at Plymouth Hospital hope that **it** will help patients from all over the world.

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10. The new cancer drug works by _____.

A. blocking cancerous cells to grow

B. sickness and hair loss

C. reducing symptoms instantly

11. The quality of patients' lives and _____ will get improved.

A. sickness

B. symptoms

C. life expectancy

12. Patients think that the new drug _____.

A. is going to work

B. shows more side effects

C. needs more experiments before starting using it

Critical Thinking

Medical advances cause life expectancy to increase. How far do you agree with this?

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Derivation

Adjective



A. Choose the best answer of those to complete the following sentences.

1. The new drug has some effects that became so _____ and negative.

(danger, dangerous, dangerously)

2. The patient used remedies with a more _____ family to him.

(support, supportive, supportively)

3. The bionic eye is the most _____ limb with high technology.

(health, healthy, healthily)

4. _____ wastes can be reduced by living friendly with the environment.

(biology, biological, biologically)

5. Driverless cars can be used as _____ as buses.

(publicize, public, publicity)

6. Solar power is _____. It is generated normally.

(renew, renewable, renewably)

7. People should be more _____ in hard times.

(optimism , optimistic , optimistically)

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Nouns



B. Choose the correct answer of those in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Good and healthy lifestyle cause the _____ of life to increase.
(expect, expectancy, expected)
2. The death of wild life is the result of _____.
(pollute, pollution, polluted)
3. The new drug brought positive _____ on the lives of patients.
(affects, effects, effective)
4. Herbal _____ is important in some case.
(remedy, remedial, remedially)
5. More _____ is a must among students.
(confide, confident, confidence)
6. The healthy system in Jordan is great. _____ among infants is evident.
(mortal, mortally, mortality)
7. Have you seen Nasser's _____ of stamps.
(collect , collection , collective)

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8. The modern age witnesses a revolution of _____arts.

(**vision , visual , visually**)

9. The teacher admires the school's _____to him.

(**appreciate , appreciation , appreciative**)

10. Saving water helps in the _____of the environment.

(**suatunable , sustainability , sustain**)

11. The city celebrated the end of the year in the national park beside the

_____. (**install , installed , installation**).

Adjective + Noun**C. Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete the following sentences.**

1. Petra is an _____ city that tourists visit it with high admiration.

A. attract

B. attractive

C. attractively

2. Adeeb was famous for the _____ of the new hand.

A. invent

B. invention

C. inventive

3. The hospital's _____ was rapidly completed.

A. expand

B. expansion

C. expansive

4. _____ patients come to the KHCC from all over the world.

A. cancer

B. cancerous

C. cancerously

5. The new drug stops _____ cells to grow.

A. cancer

B. cancerous

C. cancerously

6. The students' _____ is based on the teacher and his ways of supporting them.

A. inspire

B. inspired

C. inspiration

7. We don't need _____ confirmation , just our confidence is enough.

A. public

B. publicize

C. publicity

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Homework (2)

Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete the following sentences.

1. _____energy is frequently used in modern cities.

(**renewable , renew , reneably**)

2. People who suffer from insominia must take _____treatment.

(**medicine , medical , medically**)

3. The new medicine blocks the _____cells to grow.

(**cancer , cancerous , cancerously**)

4. The parents usually suffer from the _____behavior of their sons.

(**child , children , childish**)

5. Many _____instruments that are still used today in were designed

by Arab scholars. (**operational , operate , operations**)

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King Hussein Cancer Center

Bionic	Describing a limb that is powered electronically	متعلق بالطرف الصناعي
Cancerous	Something causes cancer	مسبب للسرطان
Career	A job with opportunities for progress	مهنة قابلة للتطور
Expansion	Making something bigger	توسعة
Radiotherapy	Use of controlled radiation	علاج اشعاعي
Ward	A room in the hospital	جناح بالمستشفى
Outpatient	Someone who doesn't stay at hospital while he goes for treatment	مراجع للعيادات الخارجية
Paediatric	The area of medicine that deals with children	متعلق بطب الاطفال
Reputation	The common opinion	شهرة

A. Fill in the blanks with the missing words in the box.

bionic, career, wards, paediatric, cancerous

1. Artificial limbs, like _____ eye need more experiments before public use.
2. The new drug works by blocking _____ cells to grow.
3. The King Hussein Cancer Center has different _____ clinics for children.
4. Inside the hospital, you can either stay in rooms or _____.

The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (WN) – 0799126156**Text D**

The King Hussein Cancer Center (**KHCC**) is Jordan's only comprehensive cancer treatment centre. **It** treats both adult and pediatric patients. As the population of the country increases, more and more families will rely on the hospital for cancer treatment.

Patients come not only from Jordan but also from other countries in the region, as **they** are attracted by **its** excellent reputation, lower costs, and cultural and language similarities. In order to cope with the increase in demand for treatment, the KHCC has begun an expansion programme. Building started in 2011 CE. **The hospital** will have more than doubled **its** capacity by 2016 CE, increasing space for new cancer cases from 3,500 per year to 9,000. By then, **they** will have added 182 extra beds, along with bigger units for different departments, including radiotherapy. New adult and pediatric wards will have opened. Additionally, **they** will have built a special ten-floor outpatients' building, with an **education centre which** will include teaching rooms and a library.

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Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete the following sentences.

1. More and more families will rely on the KHCC because_____.

- A. it has excellent reputation
- B. the population is decreasing
- C. it costs lower than other hospitals

2. The KHCC has an expansion programme in order to _____.

- A. have an educational center
- B. cope with the increase in demand for treatment
- C. treat adults and children

3. The educational center includes _____.

- A. teaching rooms and a library
- B. teaching rooms and outpatients' building
- C. library and radio therapy

4. People are attracted to the KHCC because it has _____.

- A. lower costs and excellent reputation
- B. an expansion programme
- C. a ten-floor outpatients' building

Many cancer patients live far away from **Amman, where** the KHCC is located, and the journey to and from the hospital is often difficult. For this reason, there are plans to extend cancer care facilities to other parts of Jordan. In the near future, King Abdullah University Hospital in Irbid hopes to set up radiotherapy machines, so that cancer patients from northern Jordan will not have to go to Amman for radiotherapy treatment.

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5. There are many plans to extend cancer care facilities because

_____.

- A. patients live beside the hospital
- B. patients live far away from Amman
- C. patients don't need radio therapy where they live

6. Cancer patients from northern Jordan don't have to go to Amman for

_____.

- A. radio therapy treatment
- B. education center
- C. expansion programme

7. Cancer patients used to go _____ journey to Amman.

- A. short
- B. difficult
- C. easy

Critical thinking

1. Jordan has set health on the head of its priorities. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

2. The increase in population will affect Jordan's housing, education and health facilities. Think of this statement and in two sentences write down your point of view.

The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (WN) – 0799126156

A problem for our wildlife

Words	Meanings	Words	Meanings
Conservation	حماية	Fishing	صيد الأسماك
Campaigns	حملات	Rapid	سريع
Species	أنصاف	Decline	إنحدار
Elephant	فيل	Exotic	غريب
Tiger	نمر	Mammals	ثدييات
Seal	فقمة	Threatened	مهددة
Decrease	يتناقص	Insects	حشرات
Increase	يتزايد	Wildlife	حياة برية
Resources	مصادر	Fund	صندوق دعم
Hunting	الصيد	Zoological	متعلق بالحيوانات
Reduce	يقلل	society	جمعية

Text E

Despite the best efforts of **conservation groups** and **their** campaigns, the world's population of many species, including African elephants, tigers and seals, is still decreasing. It is people's increasing need for land and resources, along with hunting and fishing, which are responsible for this rapid decline in wildlife. Exotic mammals such as big cats are threatened the most, but even common birds and insects in many parts of the world are in danger of dying out for ever. According to a report by the World Wildlife Fund and the Zoological Society of London, wildlife populations around the world have been reduced by 52 per cent on average since 1970 CE.

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Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete the following sentences.

1. Many species, like tigers and seals, are suffering from _____.

- A. rapid decline B. rapid increase C. conservation campaigns

2. Big cats are considered to be _____.

- A. mammals' B. insects' C. birds

3. Hunting and fishing are responsible for _____.

- A. conserving the lives of animals B. the death for most species of animals
C. people's need for land and resources

4. Wildlife populations around the world have been largely _____.

- A. increased B. reduced C. taken care of

5. Birds and mammals are threatened _____.

- A. the least B. the most C. but less than tigers and seal

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Editing

The following texts have four underlined mistakes. One grammar mistake, two spelling mistakes and one punctuation mistake. correct them.

A

In the near future, a new 'bionic eye' will have helped people with failing eyesite to see again ; A device inside the eye picks up an image from a small camera attached to a pair of sunglasses and sends it to the brian, which interprets it as a vision.

B

medical professionals hope that robots like this one will be doing a lot of this kind of work in the future ? It also seems very likely that robots will be carrying out surgery, too. There are a few surgical operations that require a lot of detailed work. For example, in cancer cases it is vitally important to remove all the cancer cells, but leave the healthy sells in

C

Presenter: Welcome to the Science and Technology Conference! Our speaker today is Professor Wilkins. He's going to talking about robots and how the medikal sciences will be using them in the future.

Professor: Thank you. as I'm sure you are aware, technology is rapidly changing the way medical science is being used. We already use robots in lots of different areas of medicine,

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Guided Writing

Tips to double your money

- .do job well
- .find suitable plans
- .control expenditures
- .take extra prices for your products



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Unit four

Islamic Achievements

واائل نصيرات

WM



THE VISION

The teacher : Wa'el Mohammad Nsairat (**WN**) - 0799126156

The importance of Islamic achievements in history

Definitions		Sciences	المعنى
A branch of mathematics concerned with	numbers and calculations	Arithmetic	الحساب
	relationships between points and lines ,etc	Geometry	علم الهندسة
	symbols and letters to represent numbers	Algebra	الاقتانات الرياضية
Meaning		Scientists	المعنى
A person who	has a lot of knowledge	Polymath	متعدد الثقافات
	is qualified to practice medicine	Physician / Doctor	طبيب
	studied mathematics	Mathematician	عالم رياضيات
	studies and writes philosophy (the meaning of life)	Philosopher	فيلسوف
	works in a laboratory	Chemist	كيميائي
	has special ability	Talent	موهبة
	starts something new, such as an organization	Founder	مؤسس
	studies stars and planets	Astronomer	عالم فلكي

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Laboratory	A room for scientific experiments	مختبر
Scales	An instrument to measure weight.	ميزان حساس
Inheritance	Things gotten from someone after death	ميراث
Revolutionize	Change the way people do something	يحدث ثورة
Composition	A piece of music that somebody has written	تلحين
Camera obscura	A Latin word for "dark room". An optical device that led to photography	الفكرة التي الغرفة السوداء - اوحت بصناعة الكاميرا

A. Complete the following sentences with the words in the box.

philosopher , arithmetic , polymath , chemist , geometry , mathematician , physician

1. My father teaches Maths. He's a _____
2. You must not take in medicine without consulting a _____
3. We learn about shapes, lines and angles when we study _____
4. Mr Shahin is a true _____ working in all kinds of creative and scientific fields.
5. Ramzi is very good with numbers and calculations. He always scores high in _____
6. A _____ is someone who thinks and writes about the meaning of life.

B. Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. _____ is the branch of mathematics concerned with numbers and calculations.

A. geometry

B. arithmetic

C. algebra

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2. If you want to learn _____, you should know about symbols and letters that represent numbers.

A. arithmetic

B. geometry

C. algebra

3. Ahmad is a _____. He has a lot of knowledge.

A. mathematician

B. polymath

C. chemist

4. _____ is the study of stars and planets.

A. chemistry

B. astronomy

C. physics

5. Ramzi has got a talent in _____. He is a good musician.

A. chemistry

B. composition

C. arithmetic

6. Fatima got a great _____ after her father's death. She used it to build a school.

A. composition

B. inheritance

C. talent

Text A

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Jabir Ibn Hayyan (born 722 CE, died 815 CE)

The Arab world has many famous chemists in its history, but the person who is

known as the founder of chemistry is probably Jabir Ibn Hayyan. He is most well

known for the beginning of the production of sulphuric acid. He also built a set of

scales which changed the way in which chemists weighed items in a laboratory: his

scales could weigh items over 6,000 times smaller than a kilogram.

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Choose the best answer of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Jaber ibn Hayyan is a chemist who has been known as the _____ of chemistry.

A. founder

B. talent

C. mathematician

2. Ibn Hayyan's _____ could weigh very small items.

A. sulphuric acid

B. scales

C. composition

Ali Ibn Nafi' (Ziryab) (born 789 CE, died 857 CE)

Ali Ibn Nafi' is also known as 'Ziryab' (or 'Blackbird', because of **his** beautiful voice).

He was a gifted pupil of a famous musician from Baghdad, and it was his talent for

music that led **him** to **Cordoba** in the ninth century CE. **He** was the guest of the

Umayyad ruler **there**. **He** is the person **who** established the first music school in the

world in Cordoba, Al-Andalus, teaching musical harmony and composition. **He**

revolutionized musical theory, and is also **the person who** introduced the Oud to

Europe.

3. Ali Ibn Nafi' is known as Ziryab because of _____.

A. his beautiful voice

B. his talent is music

C. his musical school

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4. The school that Ali Ibn Naf'i established taught _____.

- A. musical theory B. singing
C. harmony and musical composition

5. Ali Ibn Naf'i affected Europe with _____.

- A. his musical school B. his voice C. the oud

Fatima al-Fihri (born early 9th century, died 880 CE)

Fatima al-Fihri was the daughter of a wealthy businessman. **She** used **her** father's inheritance to build **a learning centre in Fez**, Morocco. **This** learning centre became

Morocco's top university, and **it** is **where** many students from all over the world come to study. Moreover, it was **Fatima's sister**, **Mariam**, **who** supervised the building of **the**

Andalus Mosque, **which** was not far from the learning centre.

6. Fatima's father was a wealthy _____.

- A. teacher B. business man C. mathematician

7. The learning center of Fez was a top university because _____.

- A. it costs much money B. it includes a mosque
C. it is where many students from all over the world come to study

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Al-Kindi (born around 801 CE, died 873CE)

Al-Kindi was **a physician, philosopher, mathematician, chemist, musician and astronomer** – a true polymath. **He** made ground-breaking discoveries in many of **these** fields, but **it** is probably **his work in arithmetic and geometry that** has made **him** most famous.

8. Al Kind is famous most because of _____.

- A. being polymath B. his work in arithmetic and geometry
C. being chemist, musician and astronomer

Ibn Rushd (twelfth century)

Ibn Rushd was a famous Islamic polymath **who** was born in Cordoba, Al-Andalus, in the twelfth century. During **his** lifetime, **he** was widely known and respected for **his** teaching and **his** books. Even now, nearly nine hundred years after **his** birth, **he** is still remembered as a great scholar, scientist and writer. In fact, **he** is even remembered in space because scientists named an **asteroid** (**that's a rock which** orbits the sun) after **him**, in honor of **his** great contributions to astronomy.

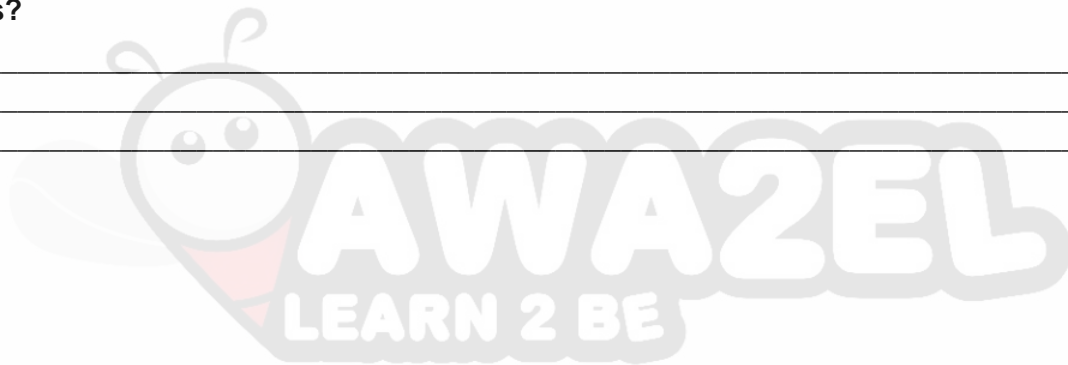
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9. Ibn Rushd was remembered in space because _____.

- A. scientists named an asteroid after him
- B. he knew about the rock that orbits the sun
- C. he was a writer

Critical thinking

Arabs contributed to the success of European countries. How far do you agree with this?



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A founding father of farming

Irrigate	Supply land with water	يروي الارض
Legacy	Heritage	ميراث شعبي
Fertile	Productive	منتجة
Ground – breaking	New , innovative	مبدع
Botany	The study which deals with plants	علم النبات

Text B

Ibn Bassal was a writer, a scientist and an engineer **who** lived in Al-Andalus in the eleventh century CE. **He** worked in the court of **Al-Ma'mun**, **who** was the King of Toledo. **His** great passions were **botany**, **which** is the study of plants, and agriculture. Although **he** was a great scholar, **he** was also a practical man and all of **his** writing came from **his** own 'hands-on' experience of working the land.

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Choose the correct answer of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Ibn Basal's writing was great which is because _____.

- A. he was a great scholar B. he worked with the land
C. his writing came from his own hands on experience

2. _____ is the study of plants and agriculture.

- A. land B. botany C. engineer

One of the many things which Ibn Bassal achieved was A Book of Agriculture. The

book consisted of **sixteen chapters which** explain how best to grow trees, fruit and vegetables, as well as herbs and sweet-smelling flowers; perhaps the most famous

chapter of all was **the one** that described how to treat different types of soil. Ibn Bassal

also worked out how to irrigate the land by finding underground water and digging

wells. **He** designed **water pumps and irrigation systems**. All of **these** things were

passed on through **his** writing.

3. **Ibn Bassal wrote a book that explained**_____.

- A. the land B. the type of plants
C. growing the land with different trees, fruit, vegetables, etc.

4. **Ibn Bassal was an engineer who designed**_____.

- A. good soil B. good land
C. water pumps and irrigation systems.

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The influence of **Ibn Bassal's** book was enormous. As farmers down the generations followed **his** instructions and advice, the land became wonderfully fertile and produced more than enough food for the fast-growing population. The irrigation systems that **he** and **his** followers put in place are still in evidence in Spain. Although **his** name is not widely known, Ibn Bassal's legacy to the world has been great.

5. By following Ibn Bassal's instructions, _____.

- A. the land became fertile and productive
- B. more irrigation systems were designed
- C. his legacy to the world was great.

6. When you go to Spain, you find _____.

- A. Ibn Bassal's legacy
- B. Ibn Bassal's irrigation systems
- C. Ibn Bassal's name is widely spread

7. The influence of Ibn Bassal's book was _____.

- A. not widely spread
- B. enormous and great
- C. not great.

8. The land produced more enough food because of _____.

- A. the instructions and advice of Ibn Bassal
- B. the legacy of Ibn Bassal
- C. the fertility of land.

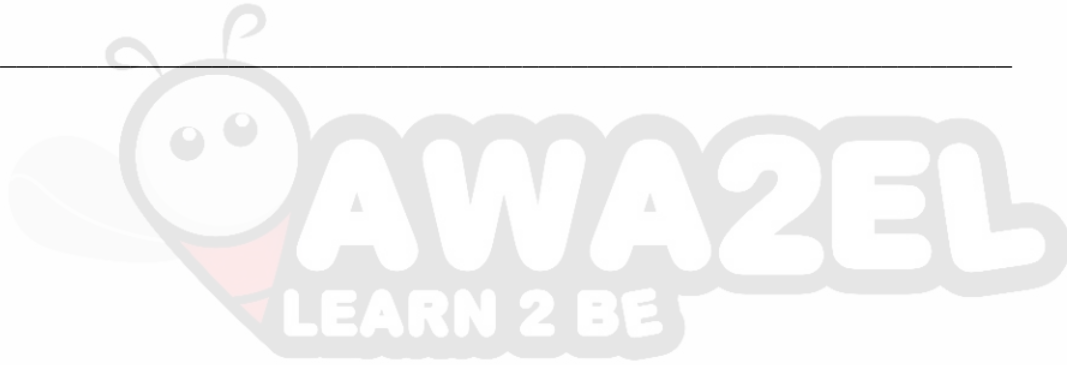
9. The word that means "productive" is _____.

- A. legacy
- B. botany
- C. fertile.

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Critical thinking

It wasn't easy or even more difficult in those days to reach such high levels of achievement in comparison with the present day. How far do you agree with this ?



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Relative clauses



A. Choose the best answer of those in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.

1. Ibn Bassal _____ was an engineer was a botanist.

(which, who, whose)

2. The study _____ deals with plants is botany.

(who, which, whose)

3. The chapter _____ title is Irrigation is important.

(who, whose, which)

4. Ahmad is the person _____ target is to be a doctor.

(who, whose, which)

5. That is the school _____ Ahmad studies.

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(which, where, that)

6. That is the school _____ is designed to teach music.

(who, whose, which)

7. It is the time _____ you need to relax.

(when, in which, whose)

8. It is the time _____ is necessary for you to relax.

(when, which, who)

9. The reason _____ he is good is his tendency to learn.

(which, why, how)

10. The way _____ he studies is great.

(which, how, who)

11. It is fluently in _____ he uses computer.

(how, who, which)

12. I read a book _____ talks about nature.

(which, who, how)

13. I read a book _____ was given to me.

(who, whose, that)

14. I read a book, _____ was given to me.

(that, which, who)

B. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. **Queen Rania** opened the Children's Museum of Jordan in 2007 CE.

It was _____

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2. Rashid stops working **at 11 pm.**

It is _____

3. Huda won the prize for Art last year.

It was _____

4. The Olympic Games were held in London in 2012 CE.

It _____

C. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.



1. Ibn Sina wrote Al-Qanun fi-Tibb.

The thing _____

2. Aristotle talked about philosophy.

The person _____

3. Ramadan is the time of fasting.

The month which _____

4. Ahmad was born in Ramadan.

The month when _____

5. Amman is a crowded city.

The city which _____

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6. Ahmad was born in Amman.

The city where _____

7. Rami speaks English well.

The way how _____

8. Rasha talks quickly.

The way in _____

D. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.



1. The Sahara desert is very hot. It is in Africa,

The Sahara desert, _____

2. London is a huge city. It's the capital of the UK.

London _____

3. London is a huge city. Ahmad lives there.

London, _____

4. The schools' managers are great. They welcome the teacher cheerfully.

The schools' managers _____

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F. Read the following pair of sentences then answer the question that follows.

A. Children , who learn easily , are good.

B. Children who learn easily are good.

1. Which sentence indicates extra information ?

أسئلة وزارية

A. Choose the best answer of those in brackets.

1. The person _____ has influenced me most is my father.

(which, who, when, whose)

2. The students, _____ cleaned the street, are from our school.

(which, who, when, whose)

3. The prize _____ Huda won last year was for art.

(who, where, when, which)

B. Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. The Second World War ended in 1945 CE.

The year _____

2. Petra was made a World Heritage Site in 1985 CE.

The year _____

3. My neighbor's generosity impresses me more than anything else.

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The thing that _____

4. Taha Hussein is especially famous for his work in literature.

It is _____

5. The first athletic event for diabled athletes took place in 1948 CE.

The year _____

Homework(1)

Rewrite the following sentences by which the new sentence is similar in meaning to the one before.

1. People have fun in Malls.

The place _____

2. The questions are answered by the teacher.

The thing _____

3. The exams happen during June.

The month _____

4. Adnan is a Jordanian artist.

It is _____

5. The Sahara desert is very hot. It is in Africa.

The Sahara desert, _____

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Masdar city – a positive step?

<u>Collocations</u>		
Carbon -neutral	Not affecting the total amount of carbon dioxide	لا يؤثر بنسبة الكربون
Zero- wastes	No waste produced	خالية من النفايات
Artificially - created	Not real or natural	مصنعة
Environmentally - friendly	صديق البيئة	
Negative effects	Bad side effects	نتائج سلبية
Renewable energy	الطاقة المتجددة	
Wind farms	محطات الرياح لتوليد الطاقة	
Car free	منطقة خالية من السيارات	
Carbon footprint	تأثير الكربون	
Pedestrian friendly	آمن للمشاة	
Cycle-friendly	صديقة للدراجات الهوائية	
Crystal glasses	كؤوس زجاجية	
Solar power	الطاقة الشمسية	
Public transport	المواصلات	
Urban planning	تخطيط حضري	
Economic growth	النمو الاقتصادي	

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Grid	Wires to connect electricity	خلية طاقة
Out-weigh	To be more important	يتفوق على
Vary	Differ from	يختلف عن
Pedestrian	Somebody walking	مشاة
Megaproject	A very expensive , large and a ambitious business project	مشروع ضخم بهدف استثماري
Sustainability	Able to continue forever	دوام الشيء
Desalination	Removing salt from sea water	تحلية مياه البحر
Criticize	Judge , evaluate or analyze	ينتقد و يقيم

Minaret	The tower of the mosque	منذنة
Fountain pen	A pen which needs ink cartridge	قلم حبر سائل
Windmill	A building use wind and its sails to grind corn	طاحونة هوائية
Inoculation	Injection for protection	مطعوم للمناعة
Carpets	سجاد	
Cheques	شيكات بنك	

A. Complete the following sentences with words from the box.

farms , footprint , free , friendly , neutral , pedestrian , power , renewable , waste

- In hot countries, solar _____ is an important source of energy.
- 'Green' projects are environmentally _____
- Wind _____ are an example of energy.
- If a city recycles everything and doesn't throw anything away, it is zero- _____
- We burn carbon whenever we use oil, coal or gas. This is known as our carbon _____
- If we replace as much carbon as we burn, we are carbon - _____
- A place where no cars are allowed is a car- _____ zone, and it is _____ friendly.

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B. Choose the correct answer of those A, B or C to complete each of the following sentences.

1. The electricity of the city is generated by energy _____.
A. grids **B. glasses** **C. footprint**
2. Salt is being removed from sea water using the _____.
A. desalination system **B. crystal glasses** **C. urban planning**
3. When we talk about _____, this means an improvement in the average of standard living.
A. public transport **B. economic growth** **C. negative effects**
4. Pollution has some _____ on the environment.
A. negative effects **B. public transport** **C. crystal glasses**
5. We can work hard to reduce our _____ by living a more environmentally-friendly style.
A. carbon footprint **B. zero-wastes** **C. economic growth**
6. If we take _____ more often, there will be fewer cars on the roads, which will result in cleaner air in our cities.
A. crystal glasses **B. public transport** **C. economic growth**

Text C

Megaprojects are extremely large investment projects, **which** are designed to encourage economic growth and bring new benefits to cities. Although **megaprojects** vary in terms of size and cost, **they** are all, by definition, expensive, public projects that attract a high level of interest and media coverage. Projects range from motorways,

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airports, stations, tunnels, bridges, etc. to entire city complexes. The concept of a

megaproject is always based on the benefits **it** brings to a community. However, many

megaprojects have been criticized because of **their** negative effects on a community

or the environment. This essay will look at these issues with regard to Masdar City, a

megaproject in Abu Dhabi.

1. Write down the reasons behind designing mega projects.

2. In what ways do megaprojects vary?

3. The megaproject is based on a concept. What is it?

4. Some people criticize megaprojects for many reasons. Mention one of these reasons.

5. Quote a sentence which indicates what the essay is going to be about.

Masdar City, **which** began **its** development in 2006 CE, will be the world's first carbon-

neutral, zero-waste artificially-created city. Covering an area of six square kilometres,

when **it** is completed in 2025 CE, it is expected to house more than 40,000 residents,

50,000 commuters, and 1,500 businesses involved in mainly environmentally-friendly

products.

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6. Give two characteristics for Masdar city regarding carbon and wastes.

The city will run entirely on renewable energy sources. **It** is built on an advanced **energy grid which** monitors exactly how much electricity is being used by every outlet in the complex. Furthermore, in order to reduce **its** carbon footprint, Masdar City will be a car-free zone, designed to be pedestrian and cycle-friendly. Electric, driverless cars will operate as public transport vehicles, and the city will be connected to other locations by a network of roads and railways. Energy will be provided by solar power and wind farms, and there are also plans to build the world's largest hydrogen plant. A desalination plant will be used to provide the city's water, with 80% of water used being recycled. Biological waste will be used as an energy source too, and industrial waste will be recycled.

7. Write down the sentence which indicates that Masdar city depends on sources of naturally generated energy.

8. What is the function of the energy grid?

9. In what way does the city control the amount of carbon?

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10. How will the city be connected to other cities?

11. The city is provided with renewable energy using different sources. State two of these sources.

12. The city recycles different kinds of wastes. Write down two of them.

The current residents of Masdar City are all students at the Masdar Institute of Science and Technology, a university whose students are fully committed to finding solutions to the world's energy problems. While the project has the support of many global, environmental and conservation organizations, there is some criticism of it. It is felt that, instead of building an artificial sustainable city, sustainability should be made a priority of existing cities. In conclusion, the benefits of Masdar City for the community and the environment greatly outweigh any disadvantages. If the aims of the developers are realized, Masdar City will be a blueprint for future urban planning that will inspire similar megaprojects in other countries.

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13. Students play a role of in Masdar city. What is it?

Derivation

Complete the sentences with words formed in brackets.

1. The Middle East is famous for the _____ of olive oil.

(produce , production, productive)

2. Ibn Sina wrote _____ textbooks. **(medicine , medical , medically)**

3. Fatima al-Fihri was born in the _____ century.

(nine , ninth , ninthly)

4. My father bought our house with an _____ from his grandfather.

(inherit , inheritance , inherited)

5. Scholars have discovered an _____ document from the twelfth century.

(origin , original , originally)

6. Do you think the wheel was the most important _____ ever?

(invent , invention , inventive)

7. Al-Kindi made many important mathematical _____

(discover , discoveries, discoverable)

8. Who was the most _____ writer of the twentieth century?

(influence , influential , influentially)

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Rhetorical devices	Examples
Simile	Treatment and medicines will taste as delicious as real food.
Personification	The sun never came a wink.
Onomatopoeia	Buzz ,hum , rush , crash , fresh, plop, ping, fizz
Metaphor	The world will be at your fingertips.

What rhetorical devices are used in the following sentences?

1. Everywhere I go I will have shinny sunny face.

2. Our computers and mobile phones will take care of us, by telling us when to wake up, eat and sleep.

3. The sun shone warm and welcoming.

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Editing

The following text has four underlined mistakes. Correct them.

The Giralda tower, that is one of the most important buildings in Seville, Spain, stands at just over 104 metres tall. The person who is believed to be responsible for the dezign of the tower, which was originally a minaret, is the mathematician and astronomer Jabir Ibn Aflah. The architect of the tower was Ahmad Ben Baso, who began work in 1184 CE. He died before the tower was completed in 1198 CE. The design of the tower is believed to be based on the Koutoubia Mosque, which is in Marrakesh, morocco, and the Hassan Tower in Rabat.

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Guided writing

Ibn Rushd	
Birth, death	Twelfth century
Professions	writer, philosopher, astronomer
Achievements	teaching, books , thoughts



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The castle of Karak	
Location	South of Jordan
Date of construction	1173 CE
Purposes of building	rest area , place of protection
Description of the building	high , square , towered

