



# Jordan TEAM Together Grade 5 Semester 1



Pupil's Book with Digital Resources

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# Jordan TEAM Together Grade 5 Semester 1



Pupil's Book with Digital Resources

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Pearson

Michelle Mahony  
with Kay Bentley and Tessa Lochowski



# Scope and sequence



Unit	Unit objectives	Vocabulary	Grammar	Listening
<b>W</b> Welcome back	Describing free-time activities; talking about appearance	<b>Free-time activities:</b> <i>play football, play basketball, go swimming, Science Club, visit Granny, tennis lesson</i> <b>Appearance:</b> <i>curly hair, long hair, straight hair, short hair, dark hair, a beard, fair hair, a moustache</i>	<b>Present simple with before/after/when</b> <i>When Jameela gets home, she plays with her cat.</i>	Following the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; identifying people in their immediate surroundings or in pictures from a short, simple description of their physical appearance and clothes
<b>1</b> Talent show	Describing personality; talking about hobbies	<b>Personality adjectives:</b> <i>shy, confident, lazy, hard-working, friendly, cheerful, kind, quiet, polite, rude, tidy, untidy</i> <b>Hobbies:</b> <i>count, spell, do experiments, bake a cake, throw a ball, fix toys, juggle, make a pizza</i> <b>Pronunciation:</b> <i>untidy, unfriendly, unhappy, unlucky, unwell, unsafe</i>	<b>Comparative and superlative adjectives</b> <i>My mum is shorter than me.</i> <i>She's the shortest person in our family!</i> <b>be good at</b> <i>I'm good at baking a cake.</i>	Follow the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; recognising familiar key words and phrases in short, basic descriptions
<b>2</b> Then and now	Talking about technology; using verbs	<b>Technology:</b> <i>computer, email, smartwatch, keyboard, letter, carry, mouse, telephone, call, tablet, mobile phone, study</i> <b>Verbs:</b> <i>post a letter, hold a pen, send an email, win a race, make a face, make a sandwich, tell a story, tie a shoelace</i> <b>Pronunciation:</b> <i>inform, information, describe, description</i>	<b>Past simple</b> <i>Did you have a phone ten years ago?</i> <i>That computer was really big!</i> <b>could/couldn't</b> <i>When I was one, I could walk but I couldn't talk.</i>	Following the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; extracting factual information from short, simple dialogues or stories about past events; identifying the context of short, simple dialogues related to familiar everyday situations

## Bo's Learning Club: Language booster 1

<b>3</b> Let's explore!	Talking about space; using big numbers	<b>Space:</b> <i>Sun, star, rocket, Moon, solar system, space station, Earth, telescope, spacesuit, planet, comet, satellite</i> <b>Big numbers:</b> <i>a hundred, five hundred, a thousand, five thousand, ten thousand, fifty thousand, a hundred thousand, a million</i> <b>Pronunciation:</b> <i>planet, spacesuit, rocket, satellite, astronaut, telescope, scientist, explorer</i>	<b>will/won't</b> <i>I'll get him a present.</i> <i>I won't get him a book.</i> <b>How...?</b> <i>How deep is the Grand Canyon?</i>	Following the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; identifying specific information in short, simple dialogues in which speakers make arrangements to do something; identifying key information about future plans in short, simple dialogues
<b>4</b> Off to the shops	Talking about shops, money and prices	<b>Shops:</b> <i>butcher's, newsagent's, phone shop, greengrocer's, jeweller's, corner shop, fishmonger's, sports shop, shoe shop, pharmacy, gift shop, toy shop</i> <b>Money and prices:</b> <i>money, box, save, purse, spend, wallet, buy, birthday money, sell</i> <b>Pronunciation:</b> <i>pay, payment, encourage, encouragement</i>	<b>Relative clauses</b> <i>It's the man who we saw earlier.</i> <i>We're in the shop where my brother works.</i> <b>have to / don't have to</b> <i>I have to save some money.</i>	Following the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; identifying key information such as prices, times and dates in a short description

## Bo's Learning Club: Language booster 2

Festivals: Harvest Festival, World Water Day

Solve it

Grammar reference

Progress path



Speaking	Reading	Writing	Pronunciation	Project	Viewing and presenting	Functions
Describing daily routines in a simple way; describing someone's physical appearance in a basic way	Identifying specific information in a simple story; understanding the correct sequence of events; understanding basic sentences describing someone's physical appearance	Writing short, simple descriptions of people's physical appearance using basic connectors			Presenting a poem about family to the class	
Describing someone's physical appearance in a basic way; making simple, direct comparisons between two people or things	Following the sequence of events in a simple story or narrative; identifying people in their immediate surroundings or in pictures from a short, simple description of their physical appearance and clothes; getting the gist of short, simple texts on familiar topics, if supported by pictures	Writing short, simple descriptions of people's physical appearance using basic connectors; making simple comparisons between people, places or things; writing a short description of a person they know well	<b>The prefix un- for adjectives:</b> <i>untidy, unfriendly, unhappy, unlucky, unwell, unsafe</i>	Making a good manners book	Sharing a house number design with the class; presenting a good manners book to the class	<b>Describing people</b> <i>She's very friendly.</i>
Talking about past events or experiences, using simple language; expressing ability or lack of ability in relation to basic everyday actions; describing basic differences between two pictures	Identifying key information in short, simple factual texts from the headings and illustrations; getting the gist of short, simple texts on familiar topics; identifying the main idea of each paragraph in extended structured texts	Writing about past activities using simple language, given a model; completing a table or form with specific information extracted from a short, simple written text on a familiar topic	<b>Changing verbs to nouns using the suffix -tion:</b> <i>inform, information, describe, description</i>	Writing a guide to a museum	Presenting a museum to the class	<b>Asking for information</b> <i>I'd like some information about the Science Museum, please.</i>

### Social Studies: Are all the planets rocky?

Talking about plans for the near future in a simple way; giving an opinion in a structured discussion; telling a simple story; describing common everyday objects using simple language	Getting the gist of short, simple texts on familiar topics; scanning a simple text to find specific information; extracting specific information from simple informational texts related to everyday life	Writing a short, simple guide to their town/city with appropriate sub-headings, given a model; writing short, simple personal emails/letters about familiar topics, given prompts	<b>Syllable stress with two and three syllable words:</b> <i>planet, spacesuit, rocket, satellite, astronaut, telescope, scientist, explorer</i>	Making a class book about ancient places	Showing an astronaut's bed design to the class; presenting an ancient place to the class	<b>Giving personal information</b> <i>I'm interested in joining the Space Explorers Club.</i>
Describing everyday activities in town using simple language; describing common everyday objects using simple language; expressing their opinions on familiar topics, using simple language	Extracting specific information in short texts on familiar topics; identifying key information in short, simple factual texts from the headings and illustrations; scanning a simple text to find specific information; identifying the overall theme of a simple illustrated story	Writing simple sentences about familiar things; writing short, simple descriptive texts giving information about common shops and amenities in their town, using basic linking words/phrases and given a model	<b>Changing verbs to nouns using the suffix -ment:</b> <i>pay, payment, encourage, encouragement</i>	Making a TV advert for a corner shop	Showing a phone case design to a partner; presenting a TV advert for a corner shop to the class	<b>Asking for a price</b> <i>How much is it? It's fifteen dinars and fifty piastres.</i>

### Science: How can plants keep us healthy?

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# Welcome Welcome back

**Free-time activities:** play football, play basketball, go swimming, Science Club, visit Granny, tennis lesson

**Appearance:** curly hair, long hair, straight hair, short hair, dark hair, a beard, fair hair, a moustache

1 Listen and read.



1 It was great to be back at school and see all our friends again!

Yes, and there's a new boy in our school! He's called Charlie. He's American and he's got short, curly, fair hair!

Anyway, when can we go to the Discovery Team shed again? After we have dinner tonight?

I know him! We played football together at break time. Hey, let's play in the playground.

2 No, after we have dinner, I've got a tennis lesson.

3 What about Tuesday?

No, I go to Science Club on Tuesdays.

And Millie, when we get back from school on Wednesdays, Granny comes to visit, remember?

4 What are you doing, Bo?

I'm helping Millie! Here you are!

5 You are all very busy! What about NOW? What are you doing NOW?

I'm sitting here and talking to you, of course! But you're right, Bo! We've all got time now! Let's go!

6 Welcome back, Discovery Team!



Who is wearing sunglasses?  
How many foods can you find?

2 Read the sentences and write the missing words.

- 1 Katy is happy after her first day back at \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 There's a new boy in \_\_\_\_\_'s school.
- 3 He's from \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 On Tuesdays, Hamed goes to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 On Wednesdays, Millie and Katy's granny \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 Bo says they are all very \_\_\_\_\_.

3 Act out the story.

4 Look at the weekly planner. Ask and answer.

Weekly planner

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday
Katy: play football	Katy: go to Art Club Millie: play basketball	Millie and Katy: have swimming lesson	Millie: go to Science Club	Millie and Katy: visit Granny

What does Katy do on Sundays? On Sundays Katy plays football.

5 Who is it? Describe a person to your partner.



He has brown hair, and he's having a tennis lesson. That boy!  
Yes!

1 Look back! Tick (✓) the sentence in this picture.

- 1 I go to Science Club on Tuesdays.
- 2 No, after we have dinner I've got a tennis lesson.
- 3 What are you doing, Bo?



2 Listen and repeat.

I have a shower **before** I go to school.

**When** Jameela gets home, she plays with her cat.

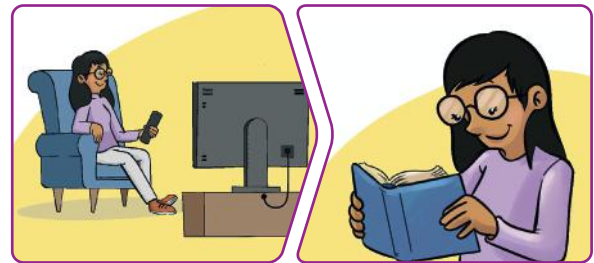
**After** Raed and his family have dinner, they watch TV.



3 Look and circle the correct word. Listen and check.



1 Before / After / When I go swimming, I have a shower.



2 Before / After / When I do my homework, I watch TV.



3 Before / After / When we get home from school, we have a sandwich.



4 Dad always makes dinner before / after / when Granny arrives.

4 In pairs, read, ask and answer.

- 1 What do you do before you go to school?
- 2 What do you do when you get home?
- 3 What do you do after you have dinner?
- 4 What do you do when your parents get home from work?

Before I go to school, I brush my hair.





1 Listen, point and repeat.



curly hair



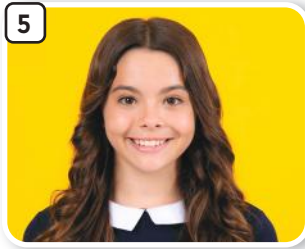
straight hair



dark hair



fair hair



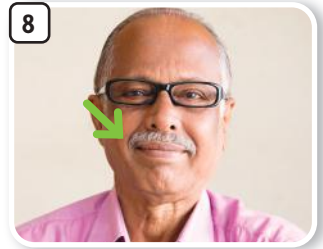
long hair



short hair



a beard



a moustache

2 How many other adjectives to describe people do you know?

3 Listen and read the poem.



My family's unusual.  
We don't look the same!  
We all look very different  
And I think it's great!

I'm Manal, I'm very tall!  
I've got long, dark, curly hair.  
This is my brother, his name is Jaber.  
He's got a moustache and his hair is fair.

This is my dad, he's very tall!  
He's got a beard, his hair is straight.  
This is my mum, she's rather short!  
She's only one metre fifty-eight.

My family's unusual.  
We don't look the same!  
We all look very different  
And I think it's great!

4 Describe a person from the poem. Your partner guesses.

She's got long,  
dark, curly hair.

Manal!



When you talk about hair,  
always say *long/short* first.

5 Write a poem about your family.

# 1

# Talent show

**Personality adjectives:** shy, confident, lazy, hard-working, friendly, cheerful, kind, quiet, polite, rude, tidy, untidy

**Hobbies:** count, spell, do experiments, bake a cake, throw a ball, fix toys, juggle, make a pizza

**Pronunciation:** untidy, unfriendly, unhappy, unlucky, unwell, unsafe

1  What words can describe people you know?



What doesn't belong in the picture?  
 Who is dropping litter? Where is the sandcastle?  
 Find someone with a moustache and someone with a beard.



2 Listen, point and repeat.



shy



confident



lazy



hard-working



friendly



cheerful



kind



quiet



polite



rude



tidy



untidy

3 Look for the words from Activity 2 in the picture on page 8. Write the missing word.

4 Finish the sentences.

I'm a waiter.  
In my job,  
I need to be...

I'm a doctor.  
In my job,  
I need to be...

I'm an actor.  
In my job,  
I need to be...

I'm a school  
pupil. At  
school, I need  
to be...

5 Read your descriptions from Activity 4 to a partner. Can they guess the job?

I need to be kind and hard-working.

A doctor?

Yes!



1 Before you read Which fruit can you see in the story?

2 Listen and read.



# The talent show

1 That's Samia. She's great at performing poems!

She's very confident. She's more confident than I am!

Don't worry, Millie! You're good at juggling.

I'm feeling worse and worse.

When did you last eat something?

At lunchtime.

That was hours ago! Here, have this banana.

3 You need to eat something every three hours! You need more energy!

OK, Katy, OK! It's my turn soon, I need to go.

Ten minutes later ...

Hello! You're the cutest cat ever! You're very friendly, aren't you? Who did you come here with?

Eek!

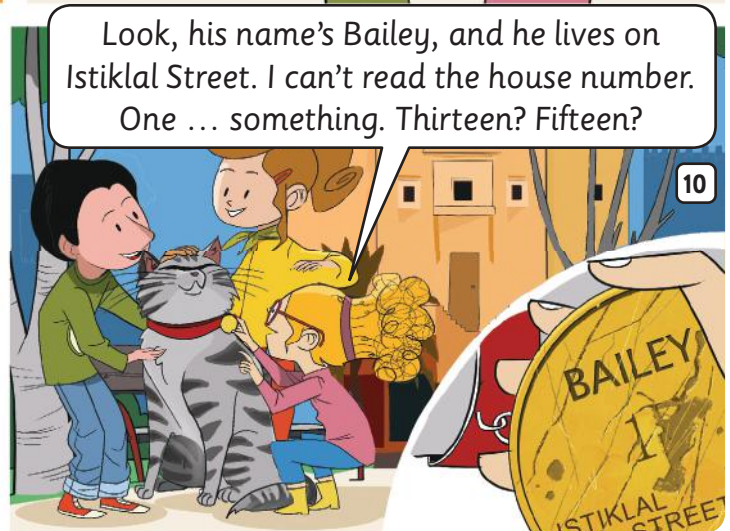
Look, here's Millie!

5 She looks so confident! She doesn't seem shy at all!

Go, Millie!

6 I can't get them out!

I'm coming, Millie! I can help!



3 Where does Bailey live? Go to page 66 to find out.

4 **After you read** What happens first? Read and tick (✓).

- 1 a Millie eats a banana.   
 b The children start watching the talent show.

- 2 a The cat runs onto the stage.   
 b Bo comes to help Millie.

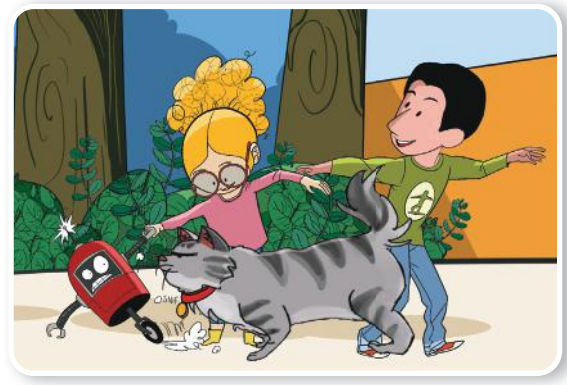
5 Act out the story.

6 Design your own house number and share.

This is my house number. It's got a picture of a rabbit on it.

1  Look back! Tick (✓) the sentence in this picture.


- 1 You need to eat something every three hours!
- 2 You're the cutest cat ever!
- 3 Watch out for the cat!



2  Listen and repeat.



My mum is **shorter** than me.  
 She's **the shortest** person in our family!  
 I'm **more hard-working** than my best friend.  
 I'm **the most hard-working** person in my swimming class.

 **Irregular adjectives**

good	→	better	→	the best
bad	→	worse	→	the worst
tidy	→	tidier	→	the tidiest
big	→	bigger	→	the biggest



3 Read and write the adjectives.

a   
**Laila**

Laila is (1) more hard-working (hard-working) than anyone else I know! She is (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (good) than me at schoolwork. She's the (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (good) student in our class and she's the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (hard-working) person in the school!

b   
**Farid** **Omar**

Omar and his friend Farid live on the street too. I like Farid. He's the (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (cheerful) boy in the street. His friend Omar is very different. He's (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (quiet) than Farid. Both of them are my friends.

c    
**Amer** **Asma**

Asma and Amer live on the street, too. Asma is (7) \_\_\_\_\_ (untidy) than Amer. Amer's room is the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ (tidy) room on the street!



1 Listen, point and repeat.



count



spell



do experiments



bake a cake



throw a ball



fix toys



juggle



make a pizza

2 Listen and sing.



Everyone's good at something! We all know this is true.  
Everyone's good at something! So what about you?

Are you great at spelling words?  
Are you good at solving  
crosswords?  
Are you great at fixing toys?  
Are you good at making lots  
of noise?

Are you good at baking cakes?  
Are you good at throwing balls in  
a lake?  
Are you good at counting cats?  
Are you great at juggling  
hats?

3 Listen and repeat.



I'm **good at** baking cakes.  
I'm **not very good at** making a pizza.  
Katy is **great at** acting.

4 In pairs, ask and answer. What are you great at? What aren't you good at?

I'm great at spelling but  
I'm not good at baking!

I'm great at Maths but  
I'm not very good at PE!

5 **► Pupil A: Activity Book, page 60. ► Pupil B: Activity Book, page 62.**

# Good manners

## around the world

There are many different ways to be polite or rude around the world! Let's look at what good manners are in different countries.



### Saying 'please' and 'thank you'

All around the world, it's important to say 'please' and 'thank you'. In the UK, if a child asks 'Can I have some water?', a British parent often asks 'What's the special word?'. The child then remembers to say 'please'!

And do you know that in the UK most people say 'thank you' to the bus driver when they get off the bus?

### Meeting new people

In the US, it's polite for adults to give a strong handshake when they meet someone. In Asia, the opposite is true: it's better to give a gentle handshake!



handshake

In Asia and South America, it's polite to take off your shoes when you go into a home. But be careful when you sit down. It's very rude to put your feet up and show the bottom of your feet!



### Good manners with food

In India and the UK, it's polite to finish everything on your plate. In China, it's very rude to do that! If you finish everything, it means you didn't get enough food.

In the US and the UK, it's polite to eat quietly. In China, it's better to eat noisily. This shows that you are enjoying your food.

### Fun fact

Did you know that in Japan it's rude to laugh with your mouth wide open?

1 **Before you read** Why is it important to show good manners?

2  Listen and read.



3 **After you read**

» Activity Book, page 10.

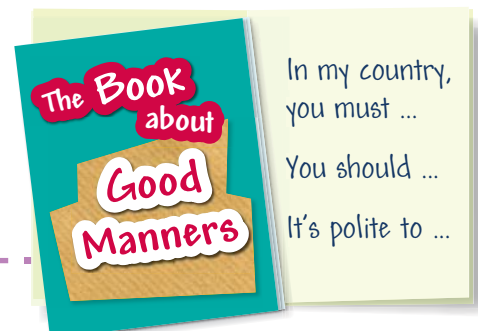
4  What's different from your country? What's the same?

In Argentina, it's polite to eat quietly, too.




## Project

Make a book about good manners.

- 1 In groups, brainstorm good and bad manners in your country.
- 2 Choose three things to write about.
- 3 Now make your book.
- 4 Show your book to the class.





- 1  Look at the picture. What game are they playing?
- 2  Listen. Can you find Jameela in the picture?
- 3  Listen, read and check.



Say it!

Who's that girl over there?  
 What's she like?  
 She's very ...  
 She's really ...  
 She seems very ...

Who's that girl over there?

Which one?

The one with straight, brown hair.

Oh, that's Jameela. She's in my class.  
 She's new.

What's she like?

She's very friendly. She seems very confident. She's really good at football. She's on the school team already! Come and meet her!

- 4  In pairs, describe someone in the picture or someone in your school.

### Pronunciation

- 5  Listen and say the tongue twister.

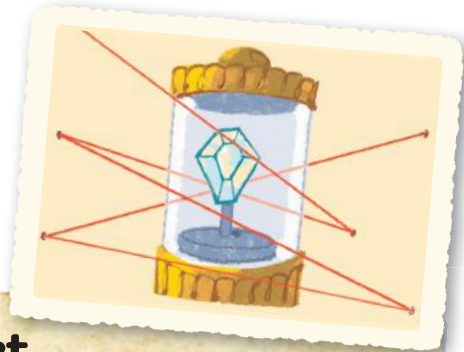
My sister is **untidy**.  
 Her bedroom is a mess!  
 She says that I'm **unfriendly**  
 When I don't help her find her dress.



## Reading

## 1 Before you read What kind of text is it?

a fact file    a magazine article  
a report    a blog

2  Listen and read.**Chief Inspector Fleming's report**

Yesterday evening, there was a dinner party at Mrs Sillitoe's house. The famous Sillitoe Diamond was in a glass box. The diamond was a present from the King to Mrs Sillitoe's grandfather. This morning, the box and the diamond weren't there.

These people were at the dinner party:

- Mrs Frederica Sillitoe, 47, doctor, hard-working.
- Mr Paul Waters, 43, vet, kind and quiet.
- Miss Marina Allen, 25, actress, confident.
- Mr John Allen, 19, Science student, very shy. Marina Allen's brother.

**More information about the suspects:**

- Miss Allen is an actress, but she's working as a trapeze artist in a circus, not in a theatre.
- Mr Waters hasn't got any money. His wife is ill, and he needs to pay for an expensive operation.
- Mrs Sillitoe needs money, too. Her husband lost all the family's money last year.
- Mr Allen's teacher says he is the most hard-working student in his class. Mr Allen does experiments with a new type of magnet.

.....  
**Conclusion:** They all did it together. Mrs Sillitoe watched the door. Miss Allen used Mr Allen's special magnet to get the glass box. Mr Waters went to London with the diamond.

## 3 After you read Correct the sentences.

- 1 Chief Inspector Fleming was at the dinner party.
- 2 Miss Allen is a vet and Mr Waters is a chef.
- 3 Mr Allen is an Art student.
- 4 Mrs Sillitoe has got a lot of money.
- 5 Mrs Sillitoe used Mr Allen's special magnet to take the diamond.



## Listening

- 1  Listen. Who are the thieves?



## Speaking

- 2 Talk about someone in your family.

Uncle Rakan is my favourite uncle. He's very kind ...



## Writing

- 3 Read. What doesn't Laith's granny like?

### My GRANNY

by Laith from Jordan

My granny is my favourite relative. Her name is Nawal. She's 72 years old. She's got short, grey hair and brown eyes.

My granny is very kind and hard-working. She likes reading and she loves watching TV. She likes cooking, too, but she doesn't like watching cooking shows on TV! She always makes me delicious Mansaf because she's great at making Mansaf.

She loves Jordanian history films. I like talking about Jordanian films with my granny.

- 4 Write about someone important in your life.

#### 1 Plan

- Who are you writing about?
- What does he/she look like?
- What is he/she like?
- What does he/she like doing?

#### 2 Write

- Write your description.

#### 3 Check your work

- Linking words?

#### tip Writing

Use these words to link ideas: *and*, *or*, *but*, *so*, *because*. Look back at Activity 3. Which linking words can you find?

1 Write the word. There is one word you don't need.

count    spell    throws    doing experiments    kind

- Science is great! I love \_\_\_\_\_.
- Jamal is in the garden every afternoon. He \_\_\_\_\_ a ball against the wall and plays with his cat.
- I need to see how much money I've got. I need to \_\_\_\_\_ my money.
- How do you \_\_\_\_\_ your name?

2  In pairs, say the sentences. Then match them to the pictures.



- Laith is ... than Adnan. He always says 'thank you'. (polite)
- My friend is ... than I am! She always puts away her clothes, but I don't! (tidy)
- My toy is broken! But I'm ... fixing toys! (good at)
- That boy is the ... boy in the school! (kind)

## Challenge

### Challenge your classmates and play the game!

Work in two teams. Look back through the unit to find the answers to these questions.

- Find a sandcastle. (1 point)
- What is Millie good at? (1 point)
- Who stole the Sillitoe Diamond? (1 point)

Now think of three more questions to ask the other team.

### A1 Movers Listening Part 1



1 Listen and match. There is one example.

Fred

Clare

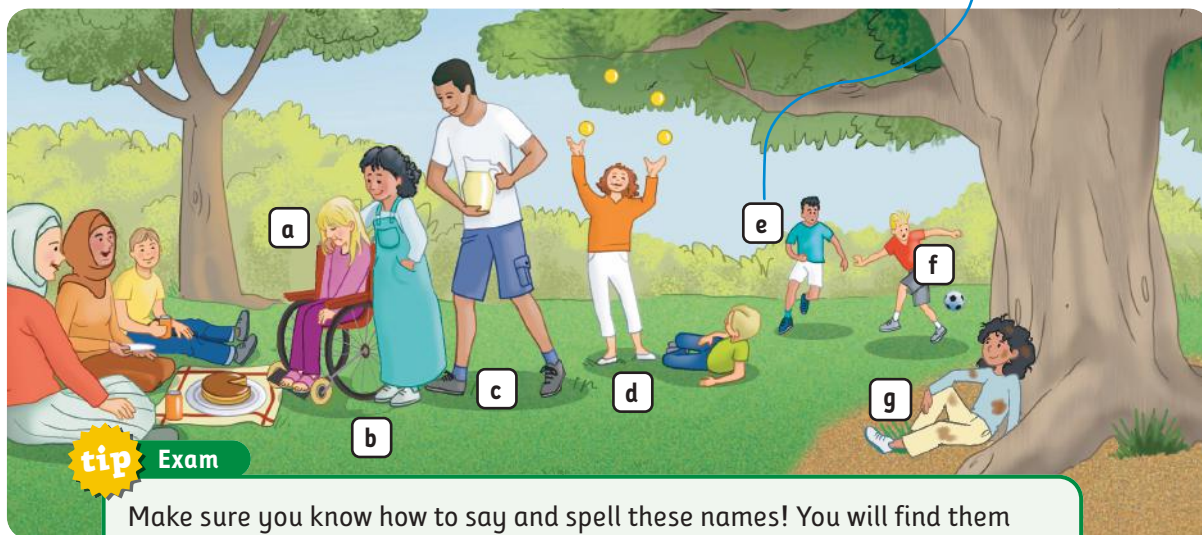
Daisy

Lily

Jack

Jim

Lucy



**tip**

Exam

Make sure you know how to say and spell these names! You will find them in the Movers exam!

Boys' names: Fred, Jack, Jim

Girls' names: Clare, Daisy, Lily, Lucy

### A1 Movers Speaking Part 1

2 Find the differences between the two pictures. Say what they are.



In picture A, Max has a yellow T-shirt.  
In picture B, he has a red T-shirt.

**tip**

Exam

Look carefully at the pictures before you answer. There are nine differences.

# 2

## Then and now

**Technology:** computer, email, smartwatch, keyboard, letter, carry, mouse, telephone, call, tablet, mobile phone, study

**Verbs:** post a letter, hold a pen, send an email, win a race, make a face, make a sandwich, tell a story, tie a shoelace

**Pronunciation:** inform, information, describe, description

1  How many things can you find that use electricity?

### Then and now



My mum and dad when they were teenagers



My mum and dad when I was little



My mum and dad now.



What's wrong in the picture?  
 What are Hamed's mum and dad doing in the photos?  
 Which are the oldest photos?



2 2.1 Listen, point and repeat.



computer



keyboard



mouse



tablet



email



letter



telephone



mobile phone



smartwatch



carry



call



study

3 Look for the words from Activity 2 in the picture on page 20. Write the missing word.

4 2.2 What is it? Listen and point to the picture in Activity 2.



5 Describe a word to your partner.



I've got this thing at home.  
I do homework on it.  
My mum works on it.

Yes!

A computer?





1 Before you read How many different types of phone can you find in the story?

2 Listen and read.



# The 'secret phone'

**1** Here's my project! It's about how things were different ten years ago and more.

Look at these photos! Your mum and dad look so young! Were they in Jerash in those photos?

**Then and now**

My mum and dad when they were teenagers

Yes, they were.

Was everything very different ten years ago?

Not really, no. Most things were the same. Mum and Dad didn't have a tablet, but they had a computer. You could send emails, but people still wrote letters.

What's that?

That's a telephone. Everyone had one. But you couldn't walk around with them. Now everyone has mobile phones.

**3**

Wow, that computer was really big!

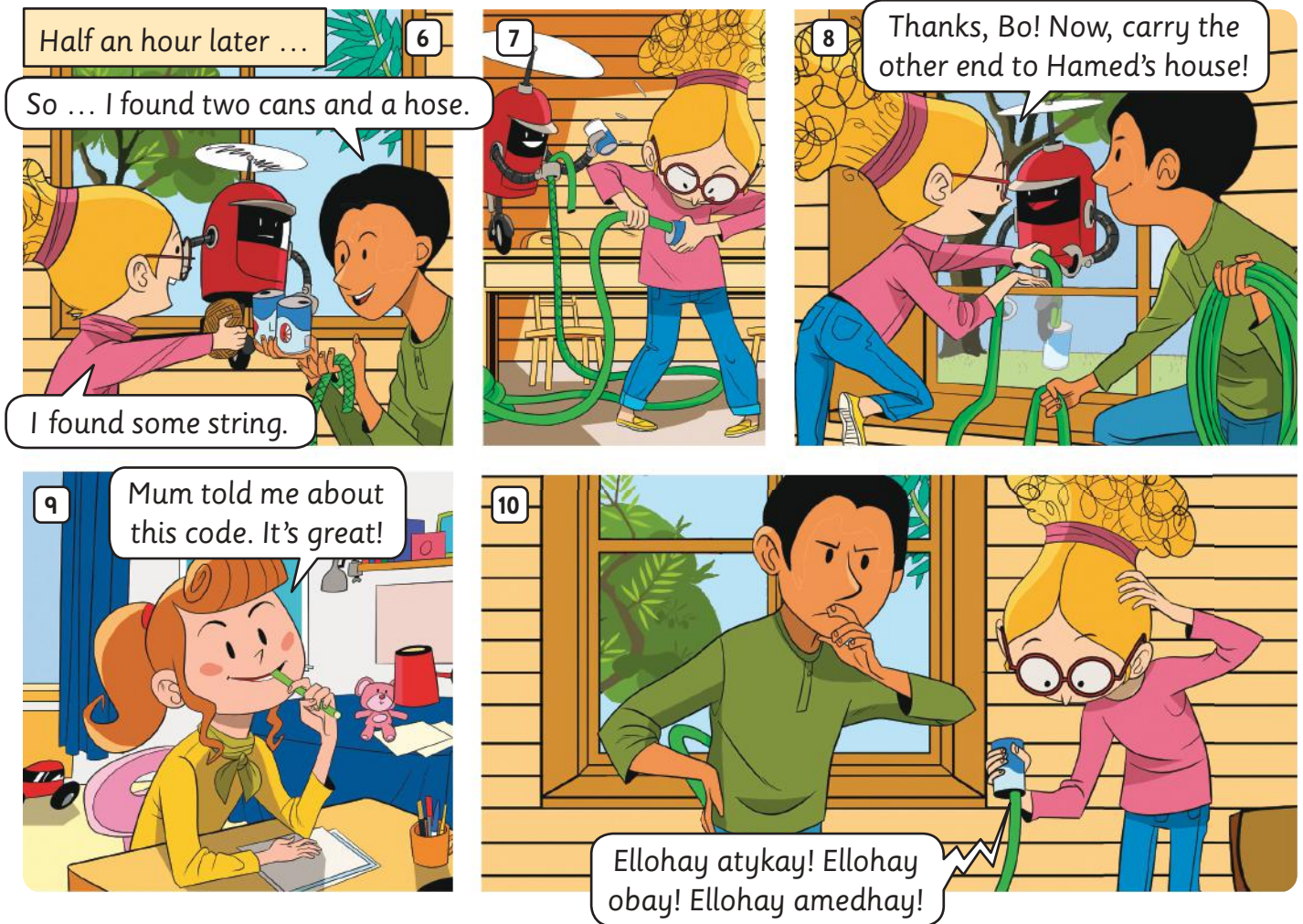
**4** Hey, look at this! Here's a picture of a speaking tube! One hundred years ago, people in big houses used them like a phone.

Hey, let's make something like this!

Good idea!

Why don't we make a secret Discovery Team code? Then it can be our secret phone, and we can call each other!





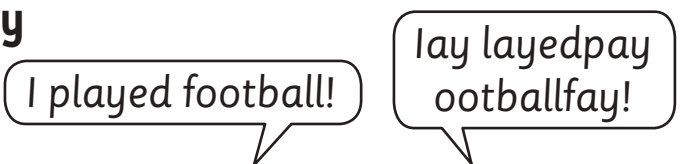
3 What does Millie say? Go to page 66 to find out. **CLIL**

4 **After you read** Match the sentence halves.

- |                                       |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 Hamed's project is about            | a used speaking tubes to talk to each other. |
| 2 Ten years ago, people sent          | b how things were different ten years ago.   |
| 3 100 years ago, people in big houses | c for a secret Discovery Team code.          |
| 4 Millie has an idea                  | d to go between their two houses.            |
| 5 The children make a speaking tube   | e emails and letters.                        |

5 Act out the story.

6 Make sentences in Discovery Team code about what you did last weekend.



1 Look back! Tick (✓) the sentence in this picture.

- 1 Now everyone has mobile phones.
- 2 Mum and Dad didn't have a tablet, but they had a computer.
- 3 100 years ago, people in big houses used them like a phone.



2 Listen and repeat.

Was everything very different ten years ago?

That computer was really big!

Did you have a phone ten years ago?

Yes, we did! We had a phone in the house, but we didn't have a mobile phone.



Last month / weekend ...  
A long time ago / Two days ago / Ten years ago ...



Regular verbs:

play → played, try → tried

Irregular verbs:

have → had, find → found

▶ More verbs in Activity Book page 64.

3 Put the pictures in the correct order. Then listen and check.



4 Retell Ali's story. Write the past tense of the verbs in brackets.

Thirty years ago, when he (1) was (be) a child, Ali's dad (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (go) on holiday to Aqaba with his family. He (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the beach. He (4) \_\_\_\_\_ (play) with his sister and they (5) \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) ice creams. Then he (6) \_\_\_\_\_ (go) swimming. He (7) \_\_\_\_\_ (not/go) swimming near the lifeguards. Suddenly he (8) \_\_\_\_\_ (start) moving out to sea. He (9) \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a long way out when the lifeguards (10) \_\_\_\_\_ (come) to get him on their surfboards.

5 Tell your partner about a story from your childhood. Include one piece of crazy information.

- What happened?
- Where were you?
- Who was with you?



1 <sup>2.7</sup> Listen, point and repeat.



post a letter



send an email



make a face



tell a story



hold a pen



win a race



make a sandwich



tie a shoelace

2 <sup>2.8</sup> <sup>2.9</sup> Listen and sing.



What could you do when  
you were two?

When I was two,  
I could hold a big pen,  
But I couldn't write the  
number ten.

What could you do when  
you were four?

When I was four,  
I could make a face,  
But I really couldn't tie a  
shoelace!



What could you do when  
you were six?

When I was six, I could tell a story,  
Although my sister said  
it was boring!

What could you do when  
you were eight?

When I was eight, I could post a  
letter,  
But I thought sending an email  
was better!

3 <sup>2.10</sup> Listen and repeat.



When I was one, I **could** walk but  
I **couldn't** talk.

**Could** you talk when you were two?

Yes, I **could**. / No, I **couldn't**.

4 In pairs, ask and answer. What could you do when you were five? What couldn't you do?

5 **▶▶ Pupil A: Activity Book, page 60. ▶▶ Pupil B: Activity Book, page 62.**

# World museums



## The Jordan Museum

I went to Amman, Jordan, and I visited the Jordan Museum. It's a museum where you can see ancient objects from Jordan's past. I saw some very famous statues there. They are some of the oldest statues ever made: they're around 9,000 years old! They were amazing.



### Fun fact

Did you know that the Jordan Museum is the biggest museum in Jordan?



## Shanghai Museum of Science and Technology

I like science and technology, so I love this museum in Shanghai, in China. You can explore technology from today, and also learn about Chinese inventions from hundreds of years ago. There are lots of activities for children. I did a science workshop and learned all about robot design. I also watched a film about space exploration. It was fantastic!

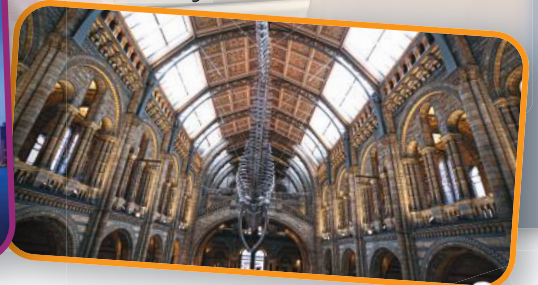


Last year, I visited some amazing museums. I love learning about the past, and in these museums I learned a lot of different things.



## Natural History Museum

I visited this museum in London, England, on holiday. Here I saw a T-Rex and a blue whale, and I learned about plants and volcanoes! Do you know what an earthquake is? It's when the earth shakes! At the Natural History Museum, I went into a room and the floor started shaking like an earthquake! It was so exciting!



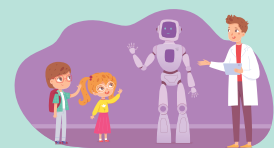
## Project

### Write a guide to a museum.

- In groups, choose a museum in your country.
- Find information about your museum:
  - What can you see there?
  - What can you do there?
- Write about your museum.
- Tell the class about your museum. Act as tour guides.
- Have a class vote: which museum do you want to visit?

### THE CHILDREN'S MUSEUM

The Children's Museum is in Amman, in Jordan.  
You can see ...  
You can learn about ...



- Before you read** What are your favourite museums?

- Listen and read.**



- After you read**

» Activity Book, page 22.

- Which museum do you want to visit? Why?

I want to visit ...  
because ...



- 1  Circle the things you can see in a natural history museum. Underline the things you can see in a science museum.

robots dinosaurs planes plants butterflies

- 2  Listen. Which museum does Abbas want to visit?



- 3  Listen, read and check.

Hello. I'd like some information about the Science Museum, please.

What can you see and do there?

It sounds great! What time does it open and close?

OK. Thank you very much!

Yes, of course. What do you want to know?

You can learn about space rockets, planes, computers and many other things!


It's open every day from 10 am until 6 pm.

You're welcome! Enjoy your visit!



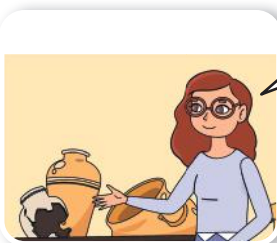
Say it!

I'd like some information about ..., please.  
 What can you see and do there?  
 You can learn about ...  
 What time does it open and close?  
 It's open every day from 10 am until 6 pm.

- 4  In pairs, ask for and give information about a different museum.

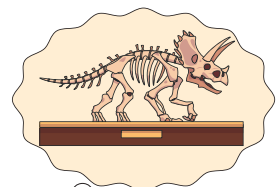
Pronunciation

- 5  Listen and read. What do you notice about the coloured words?



I'd like to **inform** you that there's a lot of **information** in the museum.

I can **describe** the dinosaur. I'll write a good **description**.



Reading

1 **Before you read** Look at the title. What do you already know about cardboard?



2 **Listen and read.**



cardboard

# Mustafa's science blog

## How cardboard is like a bridge

1 Hello, everyone! Today, I visited a museum and found out a lot of amazing information about cardboard!

2 In 1879, a Scottish engineer called Robert Gair invented the cardboard box. In 1906, a cereal company started using very thin cardboard boxes for its cereal.

3 Today, we use cardboard boxes for many different things because cardboard is so strong.

4 Do you know why cardboard is so strong? Inside each piece of cardboard, there are a lot of triangles. Triangles are really strong: they can carry a lot.

5 I learned that there are triangle shapes everywhere: in bridges, in houses, on bikes and even on kites!

triangle



3 **After you read** Write the paragraph number for each heading.

- a Triangles everywhere
- b Introduction
- c Why cardboard is strong
- d History of cardboard
- e Cardboard today

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_





Listening

1 Listen and match. What place did each child go to?



- A Science Museum
- B zoo
- C Car Museum
- D funfair

Speaking

2 Talk about a visit to a museum.

Where did you go?

What did you see there?

I went to ...

I saw ... It was ...

Writing

3 Read the report. Where did Kamal go?

**Report: My visit to the Jordanian National Museum of Fine Arts**

On 20 September, I visited the Jordanian National Museum of Fine Arts in Amman with my family. The Jordanian Museum of Fine Arts is one of the biggest art museums in Jordan. It's a museum of art from Jordan and other countries, too. It's special because there are three buildings and you can see art in the gardens, too. It's beautiful. We walked around the building. Then we went inside and looked at the art. You could see many different types of art, but my favourite thing was a painting by Abd Masoud. I learned a lot about Jordanian and world art when I was there.



Writing

With a report about a visit, you are giving information to your reader. Start with the date of the visit. Then organise your work into paragraphs.

4 Write a report about your visit to a museum or another interesting place.

1 Plan

- Where did you go?
- What's special about it?
- What could you do there?
- What did you learn?

2 Write

On ..., I visited ...  
 The museum/place is ...  
 It's special because ...  
 You could see ...  
 I learned ...

3 Check your work

- Started with a date?
- Used paragraphs?

Activity Book, page 25.

- 1 Look at the picture and answer the questions in your notebook.



- 1 Find eight words from this unit.
- 2 Who is holding something?  
What is it?
- 3 Who is carrying something?  
What is it?
- 4 Who is thinking about posting  
a letter?
- 5 Who is sending an email?
- 6 Who is learning something  
new?
- 7 Who is making a face?
- 8 Who is making a sandwich?

- 2 What couldn't you do when you were five that you can do now?

### Challenge

#### Challenge your classmates and play the game!

Work in two teams. Look back through the unit to find the answers to these questions.

- 1 Find a beard. (1 point)
- 2 What can you see at the Jordan Museum? (1 point)
- 3 Who invented the cardboard box? (1 point)

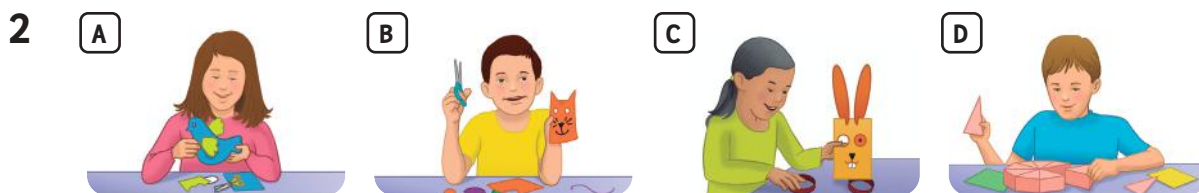
Now think of three more questions to ask the other team.



### A1 Movers Speaking Part 3

This picture is different because ...

#### 1 Which picture is different? Why?



### A1 Movers Reading and Writing Part 3

**tip** Exam

Read the text and all the options first before choosing.

#### 2 Read the text. Choose a word from the box. Write the correct word.



I love technology! I've got a (1) computer on my desk at home. I use it to do my homework and to send (2) \_\_\_\_\_. Sometimes I watch cartoons on it, but usually I watch cartoons on my mum's (3) \_\_\_\_\_. My favourite thing is my (4) \_\_\_\_\_ because I can talk to my friends on it. But I don't (5) \_\_\_\_\_ my friends at night.



mobile phone



computer



tablet



call



emails



# Language booster 1

- 1 How many hobbies can you say?
- 2 Read and say. Then listen and order.



make  
a pizza



bake  
a cake



do an  
experiment



build  
a robot

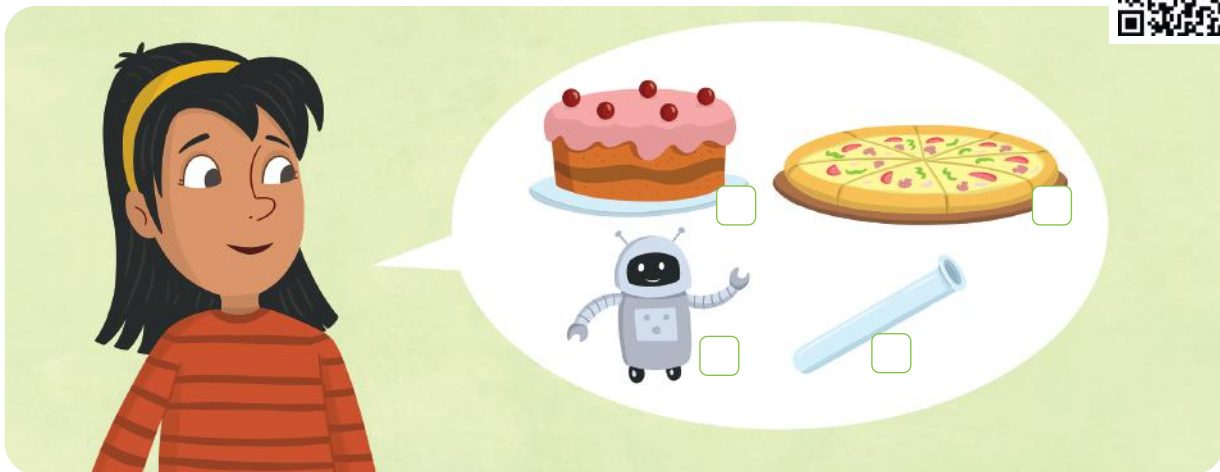


make  
a rocket



visit a  
museum

- 3 Listen and tick (✓) or cross (X). What do the children decide to do?



- 4 Read and circle. Then listen and practise with a partner.



What shall / can we do today?

How about visiting a museum / library?

No, I don't visit / like museums.

What about baking / eating a cake?

That's a bad / great idea! I love baking.

All right. Don't / Let's bake a cake then!



5 Read and circle.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <p>1 How about ...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a play board games?</li> <li>b playing board games?</li> </ul> <p>2 What about ...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a watching a film?</li> <li>b watch a film?</li> </ul> | <p>3 Shall we ...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a visiting my granny?</li> <li>b visit my granny?</li> </ul> <p>4 Let's ...</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a juggle!</li> <li>b juggling!</li> </ul> |
|--|---|

6 Write the words to complete the dialogue.

Let's building ~~making~~ that's How

What shall we do today?

What about <sup>1</sup> making a pizza?

No, I'm not hungry.

<sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ about <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a robot?

Yes, <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a great idea.  
I love robots.

All right. <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ build a robot.

7  Think. Make suggestions with a partner.

What about ...?

How about ...?

No, I don't like ...

No, I'm not good at ...

Yes, I love ...

Yes, great idea!



LC14

What about building a robot?

How about doing an experiment?

Show what you know

Well done!

Can you say different hobbies?

Can you understand a dialogue about activities?

Can you suggest activities to a friend?





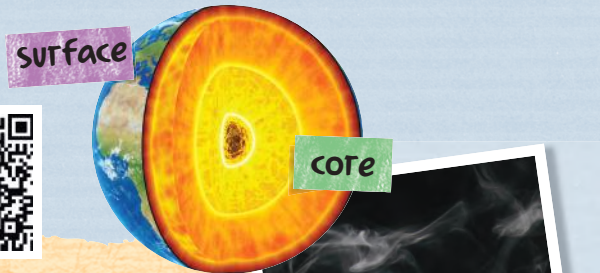
# Are all the planets rocky?

Think

- 1 What do you know about planets?

Learn

- 2  Listen and read.



surface

core

gas

## Are all the planets rocky?

Not all of the eight planets in our solar system are **rocky**. Only four planets are made of rocks. They are the planets nearest to the Sun: Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars. These four planets have got a hard, rocky **surface**, and their **core** is mostly made of **metal**. Space scientists know there are volcanoes, valleys and **craters** on the surface of the rocky planets. They also know that Mars has a very high mountain. Scientists found out that there is another rocky planet outside our solar system. They saw it with a strong telescope in space. Perhaps there are more rocky planets in other solar systems, too.

And what's the Moon like? The Moon is rocky, but it isn't a planet. This is because the Moon doesn't go around the Sun; the Moon goes around the Earth.



crater



rock



metal

check

- 3 Match the questions with the answers.

- 1 Are all the planets in our solar system rocky?
- 2 What's the surface of the rocky planets like?
- 3 What's made of metal?
- 4 What do space scientists know?
- 5 What's the Moon like?

- a The core of the rocky planets.
- b There's another rocky planet outside our solar system.
- c It's rocky but it isn't a planet.
- d No, only Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars.
- e It's hard with volcanoes, valleys and craters.



Let's practise!

1 Read and look at the fact file about the other four planets in our solar system.

Gas giants



**Names of planets:** Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune

**Also called:** Gas giants (Uranus and Neptune sometimes called 'Ice giants')

**Made of:** gas and ice

**Surface:** not hard

**Core:** mostly small and rocky

**Compare with rocky planets:** bigger, further from the Sun, take longer to go round the Sun

2 What do you know about the four planets in the fact file? Read and answer.

- 1 What are the names of the four planets?
- 2 Why are they called 'Ice giants'?
- 3 What is the surface of the planets like?
- 4 What is the core of the planets like?
- 5 Which planets are bigger, the rocky planets or the ice and gas giants?



Show what you know

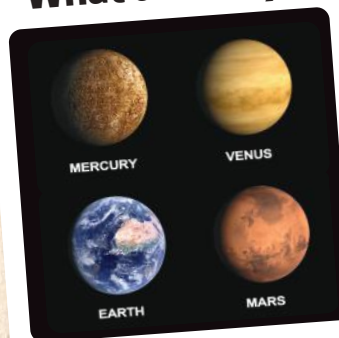


Make a fact file about the rocky planets

- 1 Work in a group. Brainstorm words about the rocky planets from this unit.
- 2 Write three questions about the rocky planets and answer them.
- 3 Choose images from the Internet to print and stick in your fact file.
- 4 Show your fact file to another group.

The rocky planets

What are the rocky planets?  
What are they like?



\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

# Let's explore!

**Space:** Sun, star, rocket, Moon, solar system, space station, Earth, telescope, spacesuit, planet, comet, satellite

**Big numbers:** a hundred, five hundred, a thousand, five thousand, ten thousand, fifty thousand, a hundred thousand, a million

**Pronunciation:** planet, spacesuit, rocket, satellite, astronaut, telescope, scientist, explorer

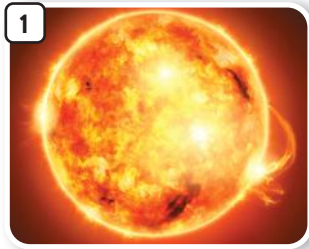
1  What space words do you know?



What's wrong in the picture?  
 Who is doing an experiment?  
 Find three electrical items.  
 Where are the astronauts?



2 Listen, point and repeat.



Sun



Moon



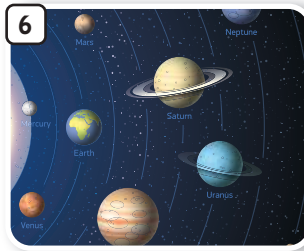
Earth



planet



star



solar system



telescope



comet



rocket



space station



spacesuit



satellite

3 Look for the words from Activity 2 in the picture on page 36. Write the missing word.

4 Write the words in the table in your notebook. How many words can go into each group?

Things that go round the Earth	Things that go round the Sun	Things that people make

5 Play a guessing game.

It flies very quickly. It's got a tail.

A comet?

Yes!



- 1 **Before you read** Which space objects can you find in the story?
- 2 **3.2 Listen and read.**



# The science fair

1

**Science Fair Challenges!**

- 1 Show how far the planets are from the Sun.
- 2 Show how astronauts do everyday things.

Hi, Bo! We're making a model of the solar system for the Science Fair! Here are the planets. We need to show how far they are from the Sun. Look, here's the Earth.

How far is the Moon from the Earth? A thousand kilometres?

A lot further! About 380,000 kilometres!

2

It's lunchtime!

OK, we'll finish the model later.

3

Oh no!

4

Oh no!

**CRASH**

5

BO

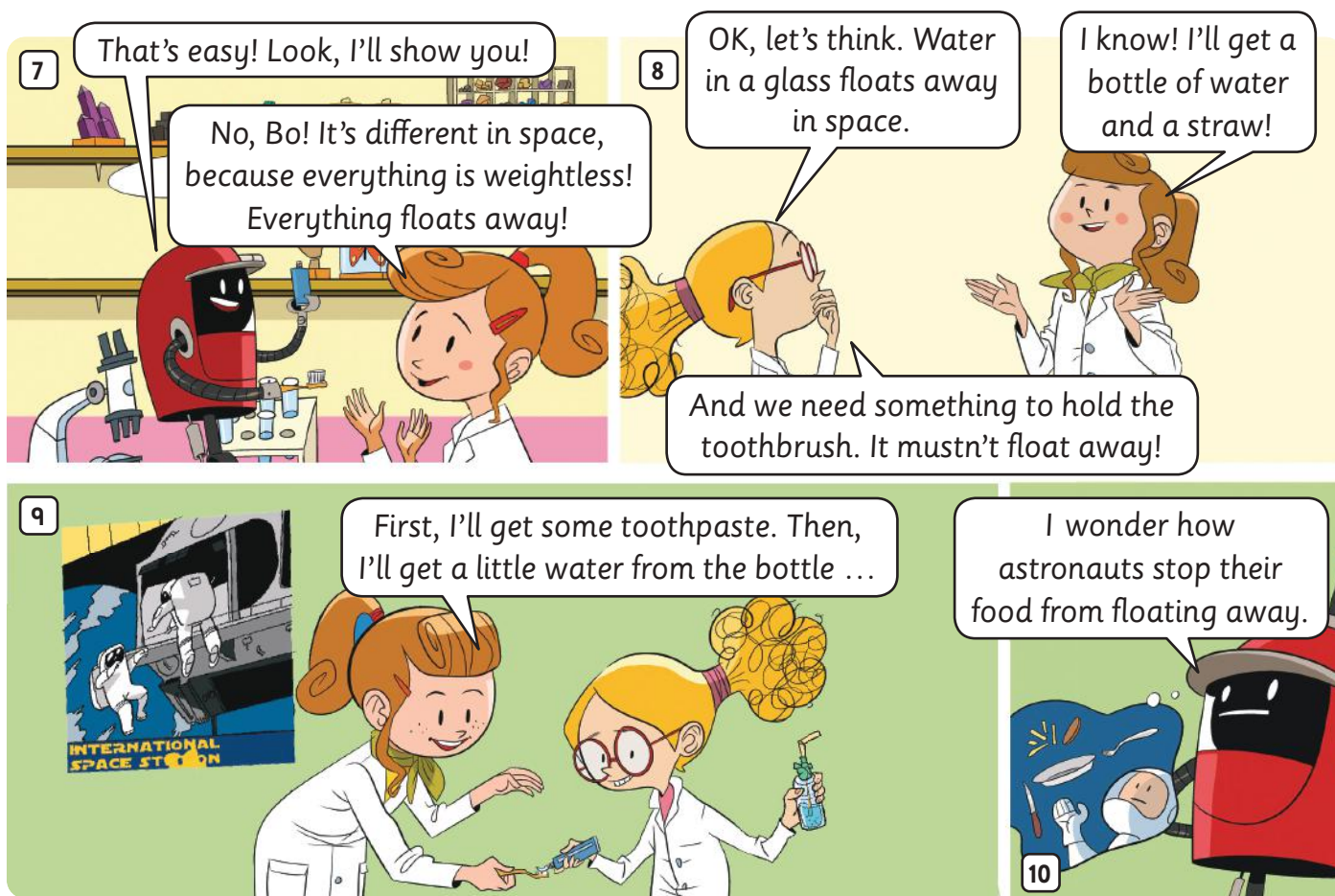
I'm so sorry ... I broke it.

6

What will we do? We won't have time to make a new model later.

I know! We'll do the other challenge! I wonder how astronauts brush their teeth.





3 How do astronauts stop their food from floating away? Go to page 66.




4 **After you read** Correct the false sentences.

- 1 There are three challenges for the Science Fair.  
*There are two challenges for the Science Fair.*
- 2 The children are making a model of the Moon.
- 3 The Moon is about a thousand kilometres from the Earth.
- 4 Brushing your teeth in space is the same as brushing your teeth on Earth.
- 5 The children use a bottle of water to stop the toothbrush from floating away.
- 6 The children don't work hard for the Science Fair.

5 Act out the story.

6 In space, how do you sleep? Design a bed for an astronaut and share.

1  Look back! Tick (✓) the sentence in this picture.

- 1 I'll show you!
- 2 We won't have time to make a new model tomorrow.
- 3 OK, we'll finish the model later.



2  3.3 Listen and repeat.

It's Husam's graduation tomorrow. I'll get him a present later.

What will you get him? What about a book on space?

No, I won't get him a book. I think I'll get him a game.

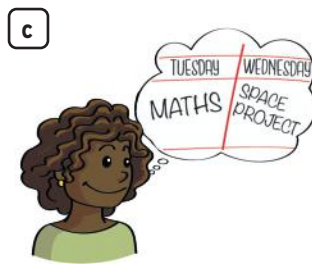
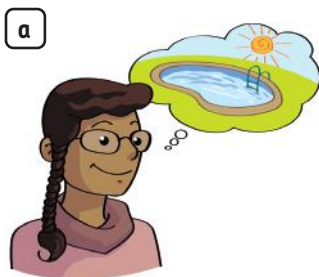


I'll = I will  
I won't = I will not

**Time words**

soon, later, tomorrow, this afternoon, this evening

3  3.4 Listen and say the correct picture.



4   In groups, plan a surprise space party for your friend! What will you do? What won't you do?

I'll bake a rocket cake!

I won't buy the drinks, but I will buy a card.

5   Tell another group about your plan.



## 1 3.6 Listen, point and repeat.

1

**100**

a hundred

2

**500**

five hundred

3

**1,000**

a thousand

4

**5,000**

five thousand

5

**10,000**

ten thousand

6

**50,000**

fifty thousand

7

**100,000**

a hundred thousand

8

**1,000,000**

a million



## 2 3.7 3.8 Listen and sing.

Do you love big numbers?  
Yes, I do!  
Big numbers are fun for me and  
you!

How tall is your dad?  
He's one hundred and eighty  
centimetres tall!  
How high is the Eiffel Tower?  
It's three hundred metres high!  
How deep is the Grand Canyon?  
It's one thousand eight hundred  
metres deep!

How long is the River Nile?  
It's six thousand, six hundred  
and seventy kilometres long!  
How far is the Moon from the Earth?  
Three hundred and eighty-four  
thousand, four hundred kilometres!  
Do you love big numbers?  
Yes, I do!  
Big numbers are fun for me and  
you!



## 3 3.9 Listen and repeat.

How **deep** is the Grand Canyon?  
It's 1,800 metres **deep**.

## 4 3.10 Listen and repeat.

250	795	1,000
2,400	7,650	20,000
100,000	500,000	
700,500	1,000,000	

## 5 Say a number. Your partner points to the number.

## 6 Pupil A: Activity Book, page 61. Pupil B: Activity Book, page 63.

# STONE CIRCLES

A stone circle is a circle of standing stones. People built stone circles thousands of years ago. Some circles are over 6,000 years old! You can find stone circles all over the world.



Castlerigg stone circle



Stonehenge



This is Castlerigg stone circle, in the north of England. It is over 5,000 years old!

Stonehenge is the most famous stone circle in the UK. It is also one of the biggest stone circles. Some of the stones came from Wales, 240 kilometres away. How did people carry the stones so far? Why didn't they use stones from the hills where they lived? No one knows for sure!

Why did people build stone circles? We don't really know, but there are a lot of different ideas!

Many people believe that the circles were meeting places, where

people celebrated important days.

Other people think the circles were ancient markets.

On the longest day of the year, the light of the Sun falls in a certain place on many stone circles. Perhaps the stone circles were ancient calendars to measure the longest and shortest days of the year, or maybe they were places to watch the Sun, Moon and stars, before people had telescopes.

Some people even believe the circles came from space!

What do you think?

## Fun fact

Did you know there are over 1,300 stone circles in the UK?

## Project

### Make a class book about ancient places in your country.

- 1 Work in groups. Choose an ancient place that is over 2,000 years old.
- 2 Find or draw pictures of this place.
- 3 Write about the place.

- What's the name of the place?
  - How old is it?
- 4 Present your place to the class.
  - 5 Make a class book.

### AL-KHAZNEH, PETRA



Al-Khazneh in Petra is over 2,000 years old. It is very famous.

- 1 **Before you read** Where can you see stone circles?



- 2 **Listen and read.**



- 3 **After you read**

» **Activity Book, page 36.**

- 4 **Are there any stone circles or other ancient places in your country?**

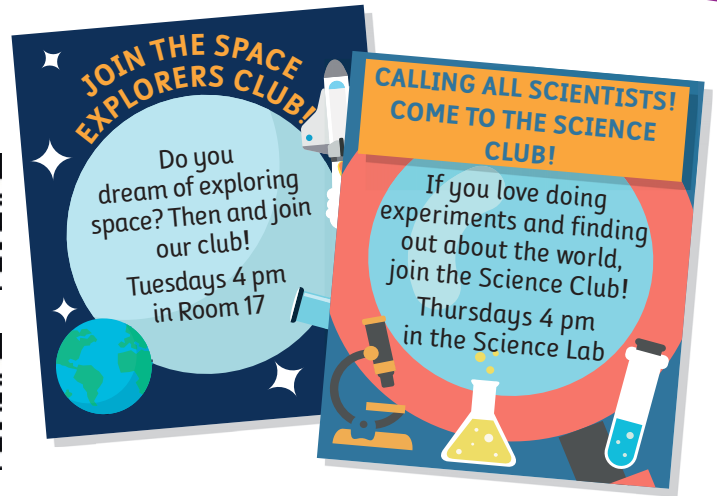
Al-Khazneh is a famous building at Petra.



1 Look at the posters. What type of clubs are they?

2 <sup>3.13</sup> Listen. What type of club does Mariam want to join?

3 <sup>3.14</sup> Listen, read and check.



Hello! I'm Mariam. I'm interested in joining the Space Explorers Club.

Mariam Rahhal.

R-A-H-H-A-L.

23/2/13 - that's the 23<sup>rd</sup> February, 2013.

1287 445006

Hi, Mariam! I'm Laila. OK, what's your name?

How do you spell your last name?

Thanks. What's your date of birth?

OK. What's your home phone number?

Thanks. Welcome to the club!

4 Choose a club to join!

Gardening Club      Maths Club  
Science Club      Gymnastics Club



I'm interested in joining ...  
How do you spell your last name?  
What's your date of birth?  
What's your home phone number?  
1287 445006 = one two eight seven  
double-four five double-oh six

Pronunciation

5 <sup>3.15</sup> Listen and read. Why is part of each word coloured? Listen again and repeat.

planet

spacesuit

rocket

satellite

astronaut

telescope

scientist

explorer



## Reading

1 **Before you read** What do astronauts do on the International Space Station?

2 **3.18** Listen and read.



## LIFE ON THE INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION

The International Space Station (ISS) is a satellite. It orbits the Earth once every 90 minutes, travelling at 28,000 kilometres per hour! But it's different from a normal satellite because about ten astronauts live on it.

The astronauts on the ISS have a lot of jobs to do every day. They do experiments to find



out more about space. They use special tools to fix the station, and if they need to fix something

outside, they put on their spacesuits and do a spacewalk! When they aren't working, astronauts read and take photos.

There's one more important thing for astronauts to do: exercise! People are weightless

in space, so their muscles don't work hard and can become very weak. Astronauts need to exercise for two hours a day!



3 **After you read** Complete the sentences. Write one or two words.

- 1 The International Space Station is a \_\_\_\_\_ with astronauts on it.
- 2 The astronauts \_\_\_\_\_ every day to find out more about space.
- 3 For a spacewalk they need to wear \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ is very important for astronauts because their muscles get weak in space.



Listening

1 Listen and complete the sentences.

- 1 Helen Robertson is a/an \_\_\_\_\_ astronaut.
- 2 Helen spent \_\_\_\_\_ days on the International Space Station.
- 3 On the ISS, Helen's favourite hobby was \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 The astronauts got more food by \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 The rocket was about \_\_\_\_\_ metres tall.

Speaking

2 Imagine you're an astronaut on the International Space Station. What will you do every day? What won't you do?



Writing

3 Read. What is the blog post about?

Hi, this is Astronaut Ali! My blog post today is about food. What do astronauts eat?

In space, we have three meals a day, just like on Earth. But all our food is in bags. You need to add water to some types of food. We have a lot of different types of food, but we don't have food with a lot of crumbs, like biscuits or cakes. If we drop crumbs, they float around, and that's a problem!

**tip** Writing

Use questions to make your writing more interesting. Can you find the question in Ali's blog post?

4 Imagine you're an astronaut on the International Space Station. Write a blog post.

1 Plan

Choose from these topics: food, clothes, repairs, hobbies. Find out more about these topics on the ISS!

- What do you eat/wear/do?
- How is it different from on Earth?

2 Write

Hi, I'm ...

My blog post today is about ...

In space, we ...

Did you know ...?

3 Check your work ✓

- Used a question?

Activity Book, page 37.

- 1 Look at the picture. How many space words can you find?



- 2 Work with a partner. In turns, say the numbers.

645 1,500 2,450 10,000 50,000 35,000 246,500 1,000,000

- 3 You're going into space! What will you take? Tell your partner.

- 4 Circle the correct word. Match with the answers. Then ask and answer.

- |  |                                 |
|--|---------------------------------|
| 1 How <b>far</b> / long / deep is the Moon from the Earth? | a It's 384,400 kilometres away! |
| 2 How <b>tall</b> / high / long is the River Jordan?       | b It's 1,854 metres high!       |
| 3 How <b>deep</b> / far / high is Jabal Umm Ad Dami?       | c It's 251 kilometres long!     |

## Challenge

### Challenge your classmates and play the game!

Work in two teams. Look back through the unit to find the answers to these questions.

- How long is the River Nile? (1 point)
- Find two boys with a telescope. (1 point)
- Where did some of the stones in Stonehenge come from? (1 point)

Now think of three more questions to ask the other team.



### A1 Movers Reading and Writing Part 2

#### 1 Read the text and choose the best answer.

**1 Tareq:** Hi, Majeda! Will you go to Space Club this afternoon?

- Majeda:** **A** No, I don't think I'll go today. I've got a lot of homework.  
**B** No, I had English yesterday. I'm tired.  
**C** No, I haven't got a pen today. Can I borrow yours?

**2 Tareq:** Did you make a rocket last week at Space Club?

- Majeda:** **A** Yes, I painted a picture.  
**B** Yes, but I didn't finish it.  
**C** Yes, I made a comet.

**3 Majeda:** Oh no! I haven't got my bag! I think I left it on the bus!

- Tareq:** **A** I'll go to the park and look for it.  
**B** I'll ask if I can drive the bus home.  
**C** I'll go and ask the bus driver if he's got it.

**4 Tareq:** Look! I talked to the bus driver! Here's your bag!

- Majeda:** **A** No, thanks, Tareq!  
**B** Thank you, Tareq!  
**C** Sorry, Tareq!

**tip** Exam

The answers are often very similar. Make sure you read each one carefully.

### A1 Movers Speaking Part 4

#### 2 Let's talk about space. Answer the questions.

- What do you know about the solar system?
- How is life different in space?
- Would you like to be an astronaut? Why?

# 4

LEARN 2 BE

## Off to the shops

**Shops:** butcher's, newsagent's, phone shop, greengrocer's, jeweller's, corner shop, fishmonger's, sports shop, shoe shop, pharmacy, gift shop, toy shop

**Money and prices:** money box, save, purse, spend, wallet, buy, birthday money, sell

**Pronunciation:** pay, payment, encourage, encouragement

### 1 How many shops do you know?



What doesn't belong in the picture?  
 Can you find some coins and a tablet?  
 How many people are carrying bags?  
 What's the name of the building where the shops are?



2 Listen, point and repeat.



butcher's



greengrocer's



fishmonger's



pharmacy



newsagent's



jeweller's



sports shop



gift shop



phone shop



corner shop



shoe shop



toy shop

3 Look for the words from Activity 2 in the picture on page 48. Write the missing word. \_\_\_\_\_

4 You and your partner need to buy some things from the shops. Decide where you'll go.



I need to buy a necklace for my sister.

We'll go to the jeweller's or the gift shop!



1 Before you read Which shops can you see in the story?

2 Listen and read.



1 I have to buy a present for my mum. I'll get her a new mobile phone case. There's a case which she really likes in the phone shop.

Where's the phone shop?

It's upstairs. We have to go up the escalator.

2 This is amazing! What is it?

It's an escalator! It's a machine which carries you upstairs and downstairs!

How does it work?

3 Well, an escalator is actually three simple machines! It's got a wheel and a ...

4 What an unkind man!

Are you OK?

5 Yes, I am, thanks. Come on, let's go to the phone shop.

6 Is this the phone case which your mum likes?

No, it isn't. She loves the one which has the comet on it. But I can't see it ...

7 This one?

Yes, that's it!

8 Hey, isn't that the man who walked into me earlier? What's he doing?

He's stealing those phones!



3 Who is the thief? Go to page 66 to find out.



4 **After you read** Number the sentences in the correct order to tell the story.

- a They go up the escalator.
- b The children see a man stealing a phone.
- c The children look for the thief outside the shop.
- d Bo tries to stop the thief.
- e A man walks into Katy.
- f They tell the shop assistant about the thief.

5 Act out the story.

6 Design your own phone case! Tell your partner about it.

1 🔍 **Look back! Tick (✓) the sentence in this picture.**

- 1 Isn't that the man who walked into me earlier?
- 2 Is this the phone case which your mum likes?
- 3 It's a machine which carries you upstairs and downstairs.



2 🎧 **Listen and repeat.**

It's the man **who** we saw earlier. (person)

That's the phone case **which** my mum wants. (thing)

We're in the shop **where** my brother works. (place)



3 **Circle the correct word.**

- 1 That's the girl **who** / **which** / **where** bought a ball from the sports shop.
- 2 This is Sharp's Shoes. It's the shop **who** / **which** / **where** I buy all my shoes.
- 3 Look, that's the boy **who** / **which** / **where** lives next door to us!
- 4 Amer likes magazines **who** / **which** / **where** are about space.
- 5 Can you see that house? That's the house **who** / **which** / **where** my dad lived as a child.

4 👤 **In pairs, describe a person, place or thing. Your partner guesses.**

It's a shop where you can buy medicine.

The pharmacy?

Yes!





1 <sup>4.5</sup> Listen, point and repeat.



money box



purse



wallet



birthday money



save



spend



buy



sell

2 <sup>4.6</sup> <sup>4.7</sup> Listen and sing.



I stood outside the toy shop,  
And I saw a big, blue boat.  
I have to spend my birthday  
money,  
So I can buy that boat!

I don't have to buy it now,  
I can save money every day.  
But I have to spend my birthday  
money,  
So I can buy that boat!

3 <sup>4.8</sup> Listen and repeat.



I **have to** / He **has to** spend my/his birthday money.

I **don't have to** / He **doesn't have to** buy it now.

Do you **have to** buy that boat? Yes, I **do**. / No, I **don't**.

Does he **have to** buy that boat? Yes, he **does**. / No, he **doesn't**.

4 In pairs, ask and answer.

What do you  
have to do at  
home?

I have to tidy my room!

I don't have to tidy  
my room, but I have  
to help my mum.

5 **► Pupil A: Activity Book, page 61. ► Pupil B: Activity Book, page 63.**

# The world of the corner shop

Which shop will you go to when you need something quickly, or when you want to spend your money? Do you have to go to a supermarket or a shopping centre? Or will you go to a corner shop, where it's quick and easy to get what you need?

Most corner shops sell sweets, food, drinks, newspapers and magazines. In the UK, corner shops also sell stamps, cleaning products and stationery, such as pens and greetings cards.

In Australia, a traditional corner shop is called a *milk bar*. In New Zealand, it's called a *dairy*. In the past, milk bars and dairies sold a lot of milk and ice cream, and some were also cafés where you could eat and drink. Now they usually sell a lot of different foods and drinks, as well as milk and ice cream.

In North America, there are many different names for corner shops! In New York, a corner shop is often called a *bodega*. In other parts of the USA, it's a *convenience store*.

There are many names for corner shops, but one thing is the same: we all buy things from them!

## Fun fact

Did you know that South Korea has more convenience stores for each person than any other country in the world?



1 **Before you read** What do you buy from corner shops?

2 **Listen and read.**



3 **After you read**

» **Activity Book, page 48.**

4 **In pairs, ask and answer.**

- What does your corner shop sell?
- What do you like buying there?






## Project

**Make a TV advert for a corner shop!**

- 1 Work in groups.
  - Choose a name for your shop.
  - Decide what you sell in the shop.
  - Choose three things to say about your shop.
- 2 Plan and practise your TV advert.
- 3 Present your advert to the class.





- 1  What can you find in a gift shop?
- 2  4.10 Listen. How much is the present which Laith buys?
- 3  4.11 Listen, read and check.

Hi, can I look at a necklace which is in the window, please?

Sure. Which necklace would you like?

The one which has got the blue star on it.

Here it is.

How much is it?

It's fifteen dinars and fifty piastres.

Oh, I haven't got enough money. I've only got thirteen dinars.

How about the necklace which has a flower on it? That's twelve ninety-nine.

OK, that's a good idea. I'll have that one, please. Thank you!

My pleasure!



- 4 Go shopping for presents for your family.

Say it!

Can I look at a necklace which is in the window, please?  
 How much is it?  
 It's fifteen dinars and fifty piastres. / It's fifteen fifty.  
 I'll have that one, please.  
 Thank you!  
 My pleasure!

### Pronunciation

- 5  4.12 Listen and read. What do you notice about the coloured words?



I'll **pay** for the necklace.  
 I have coins for the **payment**.

I'll **encourage** my friends to walk to the sports shop. They need **encouragement** to walk!



## Reading

1 **Before you read** What kind of text is it?

2 Listen and read.



Hi Ibrahim!

Guess what? On Saturday I saw a store detective catch some thieves! In the sports shop near us, there were some trainers which I really wanted. For months, I saved money. Finally, on Saturday Dad and I went to buy them. Dad and I were waiting for the shop assistant when a man and a woman came into the shop. We saw them put some expensive trainers into their bags before the shop assistant came out of the storeroom with the trainers for me. They were thieves!

I didn't know what to do. Then I noticed the woman nearby. She took out her purse, which had a lot of money in it. She opened her purse and counted the money loudly. The thieves watched her. Then she dropped her purse! As she walked away, she kicked it into the storeroom.

The thieves went straight into the storeroom to get the purse. Then the woman suddenly came back, quickly shut the storeroom door and shouted for help. It turned out the woman was a store detective! The police came and took the thieves away! Can you imagine?

From,  
Tareq

3 **After you read** Tick (✓) the best summary.

- a Tareq saved money to buy some trainers. In the sports shop he saw thieves stealing expensive trainers. The store detective caught the thieves. The police came and took the thieves away.
- b Tareq saved money to buy some trainers. In the sports shop he saw thieves stealing expensive trainers. The police came and took the thieves away.

**tip** Reading

A summary should mention all the important points in the story. Which summary does that?



## Listening

1   Listen and write.**Shopping in Westport**

Main shopping street: High Street

- 1 Indoor market has cafés, a greengrocer's, a \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 The shopping centre is called the \_\_\_\_\_ Centre.
- 3 For medicine: go to the \_\_\_\_\_ in the shopping centre.

## Speaking

## 2 Ask and answer where they like to go shopping.

Where do you like to go shopping?

I like to go shopping in the sports shop and the gift shop.



## Writing

## 3 Read. What does Mariam like to buy from the greengrocer's?

Hi Nour,

You asked for some advice about good places to shop in my city.

On Rainbow Street there are a lot of great shops and there's also a market where you can buy delicious food.

There's a fishmonger's, a butcher's and a greengrocer's at the market. I love the apples and pears from the greengrocer's!

There's a big shopping centre where you can buy clothes and presents. There are gift shops, a jeweller's, shoe shops and a big toy shop which is called Happy Toys. My favourite shop is the toy shop, of course!

From Mariam



## 4 Write an email to a friend suggesting some shops to visit where you live.

## 1 Plan

- Which shops should he/she visit?
- Are the shops at a shopping centre, at a market or on a street?
- What special things can he/she buy there?

## 2 Write

You asked for some advice about ...  
At the market ...  
At the shopping centre ...  
I love ...

## 3 Check your work ✓

- Used an apostrophe correctly?



## Writing

We use an apostrophe after some shop names. That's because *the greengrocer's* is short for *the greengrocer's shop = shop of the greengrocer*.

Activity Book, page 51.

1 Sort the words. Write the words in your notebook.

jeweller's    pharmacy    sports shop    newsagent's    butcher's  
corner shop    fishmonger's    gift shop

Shops where you can buy food	Shops where you can buy jewellery	Shops where you can buy medicine	Shops where you can buy something to wear

2  Muneer, Rana, Aisha and Ramzi have to buy and sell some things. Describe what they have to and don't have to do. Your partner guesses.

	Muneer	Rana	Aisha	Ramzi
sell a bike	✓	✗	✓	✗
spend birthday money	✗	✓	✗	✓
buy a new wallet	✓	✗	✗	✓
buy a new money box	✗	✓	✓	✗

He has to sell a bike. He doesn't have to spend his birthday money.

Yes!    Muneer?

### Challenge

Challenge your classmates and play the game!

Work in two teams. Look back through the unit to find the answers to these questions.

- 1 Find a person who is holding a credit card. (1 point)
- 2 Find the name for a corner shop in New Zealand. (1 point)
- 3 Say 14.53 JD in two different ways. (1 point)

Now think of three more questions to ask the other team.

## A1 Movers Reading and Writing Part 1

1 **Look and read. Choose the correct words and tell your partner.**

**tip** Exam

Remember: you won't need all the pictures!  
But check each picture carefully to make sure you've got the right one.



- 1 This is a place where you can buy presents for your family and friends.
- 2 This is something which people use to carry their money.
- 3 This is something which you can save your money in.
- 4 This is a small shop on the street where you can buy a lot of different things.
- 5 You do this when you take your money to a shop and buy something with it.

Number 1.  
Gift shop.

## A1 Movers Speaking Part 4

2 **Let's talk about shopping. Answer the questions.**

- How often do you go shopping?
- Who do you go shopping with?
- What shops do you like to go to?
- What kinds of things do you buy?





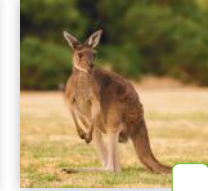

# Language booster 2

1 🕒 How many animals can you say? Which of them can ...

- run
- swim
- jump
- fly
- climb
- hop
- ?









2 🎧 Read and say. Listen and number.

					
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
horse	turtle	monkey	parrot	kangaroo	rabbit

3 🎧 Listen and match.



<p>1  Hello</p> <p>talk</p>	<p>2 </p> <p>run</p>	<p>kangaroo</p>
<p>3 </p> <p>jump</p>	<p>4 </p> <p>swim</p>	<p>monkey</p>
<p>5 </p> <p>hop</p>	<p>6 </p> <p>climb</p>	<p>horse</p>
		<p>parrot</p>
		<p>rabbit</p>
		<p>turtle</p>



4 LC2.3 Read and write *True* or *False*. Listen and check your answers.



- 1 A turtle swims more quickly than a dolphin.
- 2 A rabbit hops more easily than a panda.
- 3 A parrot talks more quietly than a frog.

False

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

5 Think of animals you know. Make true sentences.



A rabbit hops more easily than a horse.

LC2.4

A parrot flies **more quickly** than a bee.  
A seahorse swims **more slowly** than a dolphin.

6 Read the sentences. Tick (✓) the correct animal.

1 Which animal is the <b>quickest</b> ?	 <input type="checkbox"/>	 <input type="checkbox"/>	 <input type="checkbox"/>
2 Which animal is the <b>quietest</b> ?	 <input type="checkbox"/>	 <input type="checkbox"/>	 <input type="checkbox"/>

7 Talk in pairs. Which animal do you like best?



I like the parrot best.

Because it's beautiful.

Why?

LC2.5

The shark is **the quickest**.  
I like the lion **best**.

Show what you know

Well done!

Can you name animals and say what they can do?

Can you compare what different animals can do?

Can you talk about the animal you like best?





## How can plants keep us healthy?

Think

1 What do you know about keeping healthy?

Learn

2  Listen and read.



source of vitamins  
and minerals



spinach

### How can plants keep us healthy?

Plants are important because they are a **source** of food. All fruit and vegetables come from plants and eating fruit and vegetables keeps us healthy. For example, beans and peas have got **proteins** in them.

We need proteins to help our bodies grow and get better when we're hurt. When we eat oranges and apples or make them into a fruit drink, we get a lot of **vitamins** and **minerals** from them.

There are also vitamins and minerals in green vegetables, for example, in **spinach**. We need vitamins and minerals to keep our bodies and teeth strong.

source of  
proteins

To keep fit and healthy, we need to eat some **carbohydrates**, too. Carbohydrates give us energy. Potatoes are a source of carbohydrates, but we can also find them in pasta and bread. That's because pasta and bread come from **wheat** and wheat is a plant. When we eat fruit and vegetables every day, our bodies get some proteins, vitamins, minerals and carbohydrates.

So eating food from plants keeps us healthy!

source of  
carbohydrates

wheat

check

3 Write words from the text.

- 1 These keep our bodies and our teeth strong. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 These give us energy. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 This is a plant we can make into bread and pasta. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 These help our bodies to grow and get better when we're hurt. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 This vegetable gives us vitamins and minerals. \_\_\_\_\_





Let's practise!

1 Look at these four groups of food. Think! Write the two words that go into the 'fats' group.

2 Read and check. Were you right?

Foods that are fats keep us warm. Some plants are a source of fats. Olive oil and some nuts are fats but to keep healthy, we shouldn't eat a lot of fat.

Show what you know



Make a healthy food plate with four types of food.

- 1 Brainstorm healthy foods for each part of the plate.
- 2 Draw a plate, or use a paper one, with the four food groups. Colour and label them.
- 3 Find pictures of two foods for each part of the plate.
- 4 Circle the foods that come from plants.
- 5 Compare your plate with three friends. Say why your plates are healthy.





My name's Diya!  
Harvest Festival is one of  
my favourite festivals!



# Harvest Festival

## 1 Listen and read.



**H**arvest Festival is every year in September in India. Now we celebrate it in Jordan. At Harvest Festival, we celebrate because the **harvest** is finished and we are **grateful** that we have food on our tables.

Everyone usually brings some food to school: it can be food from your garden or it can be food from a shop. In our garden we have an apple tree, so I usually bring a big bag of apples to school. Other people bring **tins** of food. Then we share the food with people in our **community**.



### Harvest poem

by Diya

Harvest our food from the fields.  
Bring our food to our tables.  
Share our food with others.  
This is our Harvest Festival!



### Fun fact

The full moon at Harvest Festival time is called a Harvest Moon!

## 2 Answer the questions.

- 1 When is Harvest Festival?
- 2 Why does Diya's school celebrate Harvest Festival?
- 3 What do children bring to school?
- 4 What do they do with the food?

## 3 Do you celebrate a harvest? What do you do?

## 4 Make a Harvest Festival basket.

- 1 In groups, plan what to put in your Harvest Festival basket.
- 2 Find a box or basket and decorate it.
- 3 Bring fruits, vegetables and other food to school. If you can't bring real food, find photos.
- 4 Share the food with your classmates!



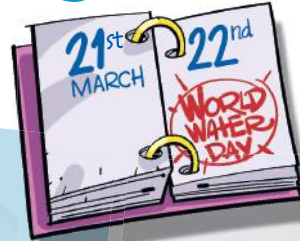


Hello, I'm Farid! I think World Water Day is really important!



# World Water Day

## 1 Listen and read.



On World Water Day, we think about water and how **important** it is. In Jordan, most people have clean **running water**, but millions of people all over the world don't have any. At our school, we **raise money** on World Water Day to help more people get clean water.

This year, we made posters about how you can save water, and put them around the school. Then we all dressed up in blue. We had a cake **sale**. We sold cakes with blue **decorations**. We sold water bottles that you can use again and again. In one day, we raised over 200 dinars! We sent the money to a **charity** that helps people get clean water.



## 2 Finish the sentences.

- 1 World Water Day is on \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 Many people in the world don't have \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 At Farid's school on World Water Day, they raise money to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 They sold blue cakes and \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 They raised \_\_\_\_\_.

## 3 What can you do on World Water Day?

## 4 Make a whiteboard presentation about saving water.



- 1 In groups, think of three ways you can save water.
- 2 Draw and write about them.
- 3 Present your ideas to the class.



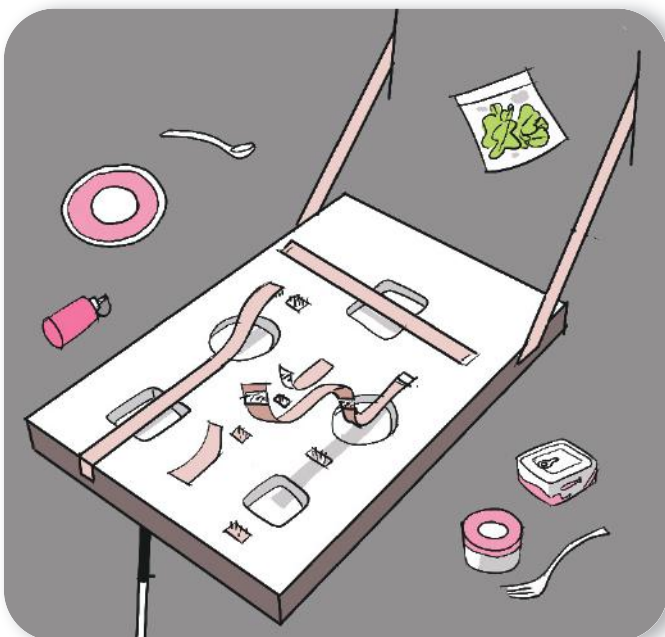
Unit 1 Pages 10–11



Unit 2 Pages 22–23



Unit 3 Pages 38–39



Unit 4 Pages 50–51





## Unit 1

My mum is **shorter** than me.

She's **the shortest** person in our family!

I'm **more hard-working** than my best friend.

I'm **the most hard-working** person in the class!

I'm **good at** baking cakes.

I'm **not very good at** making pizza.

Katie is **great at** acting.

Harry's **terrible at** juggling!

## Unit 2

**Was** everything very different ten years **ago**?

That computer **was** really big!

**Did** you **have** a phone ten years **ago**?

Yes, we **did**! We **had** a phone in the house, but we **didn't have** a mobile phone.

When I was one, I **could** walk but I **couldn't** talk.

**Could** you talk when you were two?

Yes, I **could**. / No, I **couldn't**.

## Unit 3

It's Jack's graduation tomorrow. I'll **get** him a present later.

What **will** you **get** him? What about a book on space?

No, I **won't get** him a book. I think I'll **get** him a game.

**How deep** is the Grand Canyon?

It's 1,800 metres **deep**.

## Unit 4

It's the man **who** we saw earlier. (person)

That's the phone case **which** my mum wants. (thing)

We're in the shop **where** my brother works. (place)

I **have to** / He **has to** save some money!

I **don't have to** / He **doesn't have to** buy it now.

**Do** you **have to** buy that boat?  
Yes, I **do**. / No, I **don't**.

**Does** he **have to** buy that boat?  
Yes, he **does**. / No, he **doesn't**.

# Progress path

 In pairs, read and answer. Then tick (✓).

Welcome

Describe your friend.

He's / She's got ...

Unit 3

What number is this?

**1,000,000**

Unit 1

Say three things  
you're good at.

Unit 1

Use adjectives to  
describe yourself.

Unit 2

What could you do  
when you were five?

Unit 2

Where did you go  
last weekend?

# CHALLENGE 1

## Unit 3

Plan a party for your friend. What will you do?

Circle the odd one out.

satellite

space station

planet

rocket

## Unit 4

This is a shop where you can buy ...

some apples.

a doll.

fish.

meat.

## Unit 4

What shops are there in your town?

# CHALLENGE 2

Go shopping for your classmate. You shop and your classmate is the shop assistant.





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