

# Unit 3 FAR FROM HOME

# ملخص وأوراق عمل Summary & Worksheets كالمخص وأوراق

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#### أ. ملخص قواعد الوحدة A. Grammar Summary

## 1. The Past Simple Tense زمن الماضى البسيط

كما شرحنا هذه القاعدة في الوحدة السابقة، فإننا ببساطة نستخدم هذا الزمن للتحدث عن أفعال أو أحداث حدثت في الماضي وعلى الأغلب في وقت معلوم من الزمن الماضي، ولا يهمنا هنا مدة استمرار الحدث أو الفعل.

Example: I watched TV in the evening.

ولمعرفة كيفية تركيب الجملة في هذا الزمن، يرجى الرجوع إلى ملخص الوحدة الثانية فلا داعي لتكرار القاعدة هنا.

#### زمن الماضي المستمر 2. The Past Continuous

هذا الزمن يتشابه إلى حد كبير في تركيبه في جميع حالاته مع زمن المضارع المستمر Present Continuous إلا أنه يختلف بطبيعة الحال في زمنه (الماضي) حيث أننا نستخدمه لـ:

1. لوصف خلفية مشهد في قصة ما.

Nada was having breakfast at her hotel. She was sitting at the table and drinking tea.

2. للتحدث عن فعل كان مستمرا في الماضي وقاطعه حدث آخر أو وقع في وقت محدد من الزمن الماضي. وللفعل الأقصر وقتأ نستخدم زمن الماضي البسيط

While he was climbing in the mountains, he broke his leg.

3. للتحدث عن حدثين أو أكثر حدثًا في نفس الوقت في الزمن الماضي.

While I was sunbathing, the children were building a sandcastle.

4. للتركيز على أن حدث وقع لفترة طويلة في الماضي أو لفترة أطول من المعتاد.

He was watching TV all evening – what a waste of time!

while بينما when عندما, as بينما Keywords ועצעים:

Subject + was/were + V<sub>(base form مجرد)</sub>+ ing + Object ... الإثبات Affirmative

- Hanan was playing football. Example:

- They were eating in the kitchen.

Subject + was/were + NOT + V<sub>(base form مجرد)</sub> + ing + Object ... :النفي Negative

- Hanan wasn't playing football. Example:

- They weren't eating in the kitchen.

Interrogative الاستفهام Was/Were + Subject + V<sub>(base form المجرد)</sub> + ing + Object ...

Example: - Was Hanan playing football?

- Were they eating in the kitchen?

انتبه !Watch out: في زمن الماضي المستمر من الممكن أن نستخدم When أو As لربط حدثين وقعا بالتزامن مع بعضهما البعض. بينما في زمن الماضي البسيط نستخدم When و As فقط.

#### 3. Defining Relative Clauses

#### ضمائر الوصل المُعرّفة

ستتعرف في هذه الوحدة على خمس من ضمائر الوصل المُعرِّفة، وهي:

#### Which, who, that, where and whose

1. Which: تستخدم للتحدث عن الأشياء (غير العاقل) والأماكن.

Is this the campsite which/that you stayed at last year?

2. Who: تستخدم للتحدث عن الأشخاص (العاقل).

This is the teacher who/that teaches my class.

3. That: تستخدم بدلاً من Which أو Who وهي تدل على العاقل وغير العاقل.

These are the books which/that I bought yesterday.

Ahmad is the student who/that got a full mark in the exam.

4. Where: تستخدم للتحدث عن الأماكن، وذلك إذا كانت الكلمة التالية هي اسم أو ضمير.

We're visiting the village where my grandma lived for twenty years.

خ. Whose: تستخدم للتعبير عن ملكية شخص لشيء أو شيء لشيء آخر أو عن علاقة تربط شخصين معاً.

I met a girl whose parents own a guesthouse by the sea.

#### ملاحظات:

- ضمائر الوصل which, who, that تأتي عادةً بعد الاسم التي تشير له.
- ـ يمكن أن نحذف ضمائر الوصل المعرّفة which, who, that وذلك فقط إذا كان التركيب الذي يليها هو شبه جملة إسمية أو تركيب كامل (جملة كاملة) يدور حول نفس، انظر للمثال:

We are driving by the houses (which/that) my grandma has described.

#### ب. ورقة عمل القواعد B. Grammar Worksheet

#### Extra grammar questions أسئلة قواعد إضافية

#### Q1. Use the <u>Past Simple</u> or <u>Past Continuous</u> to complete the following sentences:

1.	When Ali and Omar (arrive) home they (see) their mother. She was waiting for them.
2.	It was raining while we (visit) old people who have no one to take care of them.
3.	Were you driving by the river when you (see) the blue car?
4.	I (wash) the dishes when the phone rang.
5.	Something (fall) out of his bag while he was riding his bicycle.
6.	Ali and Omar (walk) along the river one day when they heard a strange sound.
7.	A boy (run) after a cat in order to catch it and throw it into the water.
8.	You (work) as a waitress in a restaurant, when I (meet) you.
9.	When I (walk) into the room it was messed up! The dog (run) around the room and the children (write) on the walls.
10.	Excuse me sir. Can you tell us what you (do) at 11 o'clock last night?
11.	When I (see) the accident, I (call) the police.
12.	I (hear) the news while I (study) for my exams.
13.	The children (play) in the park when it started to rain.
14.	I was watching a movie when I (notice) him standing outside.
15.	She arrived while I (have) a bath, so I couldn't answer the door!
16.	I (see) a famous celebrity while I was shopping on Oxford Street yesterday.
17.	Sawsan (hide) in my wardrobe when Lola found him. She screamed!
18.	The computer (break) while I was checking my bank balance.
19.	She was smiling when the singer (come) on stage.
20.	I (live) in Irbid when my American friend visited me.

#### Q2: Complete the sentences with the correct defining relative clause:

1.	The book I borrowed from you is excellent.	a) who	b) which	c) whose
2.	This is the place we first met.	a) where	b) that	c) which
3.	The car he drives is very fast.	a) whose	b) which	c) who
4.	The laptop she bought is very expensive.	a) which	b) who	c) that
5.	The man lives next door is a doctor.	a) which	b) whose	c) who
6.	The boy bike is broken is looking for help.	a) that	b) whose	c) which
7.	The woman is talking to my mom is my teacher.	a) which	b) who	c) that
8.	The dog barked all night is tired now.	a) whose	b) that	c) who
9.	I saw a movie was very interesting.	a) which	b) who	c) whose
10.	This is the city I was born.	a) that	b) which	c) where
11.	The movie we watched was fantastic.	a) that	b) whose	c) who
12.	The man car was stolen is my neighbour.	a) who	b) whose	c) which
13.	The house they bought is beautiful.	a) where	b) whose	c) that
14.	The park we play football is nearby.	a) where	b) which	c) whose
15.	The person called you is my friend.	a) who	b) whose	c) which
16.	Do you remember the restaurant we had dinner?	a) that	b) where	c) which
17.	The woman son won the prize is very happy.	a) which	b) who	c) whose
18.	The song is playing is my favourite.	a) that	b) where	c) whose
19.	The child toy was lost is crying.	a) whose	b) who	c) which
20.	The artist painted this picture is famous.	a) who	b) whose	c) which

#### تمارين القواعد الهامة والواردة في كتاب القراءة Student Book Exercises Ex.3, S.B Page 27: Match sentences 1–2 with the uses of the Past Continuous a–b. ) At about 7 p.m., we were going along a quiet road. 1. ( 2. ( ) I was staying with my uncle on his farm in Canada. **a.** to give the background to a story **b.** to say that someone was in the middle of an action at a specific time Ex. 7, S.B Page 27: Complete the text with the Past Simple or Past Continuous. We 1......(feel) to France on a car ferry. I 2.....(feel) a bit sick, so I I **5**...... (swim) next to the ship. As I 7...... (watch), it 8..... (jump) high out of the sea. I 9..... (get) a wonderful photo. Ex. 8, S.B Page 27: Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the travel verbs from the box. **1.** I was running to ...... a bus to school when I realised it was a holiday. drive catch 2. The first time I ...... the car, my dad was sitting beside me with his ride sail eyes closed. wait 3. I met my best friend while I ...... at a bus stop. **4.** I ...... my bike when I saw our teacher. **5.** While we ..... on a ferry, there was a storm. Ex. 6, S.B Page 30: Choose the correct relative pronouns. There may be more than one correct answer. Tick two sentences where you can leave out the relative pronoun. **1.** Breakfast was the only meal **that / who / whose** I liked. **2.** $\square$ Cairo is the place **what / where / who** the Great Sphinx stands. **3.** □ Abu Dhabi is a city **where / which / who** has some great architecture. **4.** Arar is a poet *which / who / whose* poems make me happy.

5. Taten Hamama was an Egyptian TV actress that / which / who my parents loved.

Ex. 7, S.B Page 30: Complete the questions with relative pronouns and try to answer them.  What's the name of
1. the place the King of England lives?
2. the city is famous for the Beatles?
3. the scientist discovered black holes?
<b>4.</b> the author books include 'Charlie and the Chocolate Factory'.
تمارين القواعد الهامة والواردة في كتاب التمارين Workbook Exercises
Ex. 1, W.B Page 20: Put the words in order to make sentences.
1. 4 a.m. / everyone / it / sleeping / was / was / and
2. was / Alison / six o'clock / at / eating breakfast
3. for the rain / to stop / waiting / we / were
4. coming up / the sun / was / behind the mountains
5. my bag / I / at eleven o'clock / packing / still / was
Ex. 2, W.B Page 20: Choose the correct forms to complete the sentences.
1. I chose / was choosing a glass model of the Eiffel Tower when I broke / was breaking it!
2. We saw / were seeing a bear while we drove / were driving along the mountain road!
3. We flew / were flying back to Jordan when we saw / were seeing another plane fly past us!
4. As we sailed / were sailing to the island, a dolphin appeared / was appearing in the water!
5. Khalil and Adnan ate / were eating dinner when the waiter dropped / was dropping a bottle of water.
Ex. 3, W.B Page 21: Complete the blog posts with the correct Past Simple or Past Continuous forms of the verbs in brackets.  TELL US YOUR HOLIDAY EXPERIENCES!
We 1 (stay) in Wadi Rum, in Jordan. One day, we decided to walk into the desert to watch the sun go down. At six o'clock, we 2 (walk) towards the sand dunes. It was a beautiful evening. We 3 (sit) on the sand when, suddenly, the wind 4 (start) blowing really hard. It was impossible to see anything. It was scary!
Sand storm in Wadi Rum Desert – Husam, 15
We 5
Flying map! — Dalia, 14

# Ex. 1, W.B Page 23: Choose the correct relative pronouns to complete the sentences about people, places and things.

- 1. It's a sport who / which / where is popular all over the world.
- 2. She's the person whose / who / which was Jordan's first female pilot.
- 3. It's the town where / who / whose the Beatles come from.
- 4. He was the first person which / that / whose played James Bond.
- 5. He's a man who / whose / where home is a castle.
- 6. It's a food that / who / where is famous in Jordan.

# Ex. 2, W.B Page 23: Tick the sentences in which the relative pronoun can be left out. Put a cross if it cannot be left out.

$2\ \square$ Our Maths teacher is the person who we love going on	schoo	ol trips with.
_		
3 ☐ Where's the market where we bought our souvenirs?		

 $4 \square$  These are the ruins that we visited on our second day.

1  $\square$  This is the café in which we had that delicious cake.

5  $\square$  Do you want to see a photo of the waiter who dropped my soup?

 $6 \square$  We met a Chinese couple whose daughter is a famous blogger.

#### Ex. 3, W.B Page 23: Complete the blog with relative pronouns.

#### JORDAN QUIZ

Not many people know much about my country so here's a small quiz for you CAN YOU NAME ...

- 1. a delicious sauce ...... you cook mansaf in?
- 2. the dish ..... is the most popular?
- 3. the national animal ...... you can see in Jordan?
- 4. the actor ...... is known for the film *The Knower*?
- 5. the mountain ...... is over 1,850 metres tall?
- 6. the male athlete ...... won a silver medal for Jordan in Athens, 2004?
- 7. the sport ...... is played by Zaid Abbas?
- 8. the name of the river ...... got its name from Jordan?

1 jameed 2 mansaf
3 Arabian oryx 4 Zuhair Al Noban
5 Jabal Umm ad Dami,
6 Jamil Elshebli 7 Basketball
8 the Jordan River

Ex. 4, W.B Page 23: Join the two sentences using a relative pronoun. Make any Write the relative pronoun in brackets if it is not needed.	other neces	ssary changes.	
1. This is the girl. I told you about her.			
2. This is the taxi driver. He drove us from the airport to the hotel.			
3. This is the room. I shared it with my brother.			
4. This was the local boy. He taught me a few useful phrases.			
5. This is the hotel. We stayed here on holiday.	1120		
6. He is the chef. I love his food.			
Ex. 2, W.B Page 26: Complete the questions with the verbs from the box.			
WOULD YOU RATHER  1 plane?	buy	climb	
2 your bag the night before or at the last minute?	go (x3)	pack	
3 photos with your phone or a camera?	see	sunbathe	
4 camping?	stay	take	
5 a mountain?	travel	visit	
<b>6</b> for a swim or the sights?	watch		
7 a museum or hiking?			
8 souvenirs or the sun rise?			
Ex. 3, W.B Page 26: Choose the correct verbs to complete the sentences. Some	times more	than one verb	) i

possible.

- 1. As the plane was going / landing / taking off, I shut my eyes tightly.
- 2. Excuse me, do you know how to make / put on / put up a tent?
- 3. I had to stand all the way because I forgot to **book / check / pay** a seat.
- **4.** It was an easy trip. It only **stayed / took / travelled** an hour.
- 5. The train *arrived / left / went* on time.
- **6.** We *caught / missed / waited for* the bus, so we had to walk home.

but as we
night?''I
usic, so I
omit the
country. I
country. I n't need a
•
n't need a

#### C. Vocabulary Summary

#### ج. ملخص مفردات الوحدة

Word الكلمة	Type نوع الكلمة	المعنى بالعربية	Word الكلمة	Type نوع الكلمة	المعنى بالعربية
	Lesson 1 Vocabulary and Grammar				
catch a bus	verb	يركب الباص	sail on a ferry	verb	يبحر على متن عبارة
climb a mountain	verb	يتسلق جبلاً	see the sights	verb	شاهد المناظر
drive a car	verb	يقود سيارة	visit relatives	verb	يزور الأقارب
go for a walk / swim / drive	verb	یذهب لیتمشی/ یسبح/ یقود	walk on a beach	verb	يتمشى على الشاطئ
make a trip	verb	يذهب في نزهة	watch the sun rise/set	verb	شاهد شروق/غروب الشمس
pack your bag	verb	احزم امتعتك			
		Lesson 2	Vocabulary		
adventure holiday	noun	عطلة مغامرة	land	verb	تهبط
arrive at/in	verb	يصل إلى	miss the bus	verb	يفوّت الحافلة
board the plane	verb	يصعد إلى الطائرة	package holiday	noun	عطلة شاملة
check-in	verb	يسجل وصول	put on sunscreen	verb	يضع واقي شمس
city break	noun	إجازة في المدينة	put up (tents)	verb	ينصب (الخيام)
cruise	noun	رحلة بحرية	school trip	noun	رحلة مدرسية
excursion	noun	نزهة	stay in (e.g. hotel, campsite, tent)	verb	يقيم في (فندق، مخيم، خيمة)
expedition	noun	رحلة استكشافية	take a coach/ plane/ taxi/ bus/ train/ the underground	verb	يركب حافلة/ طائرة/ تاكسي/ قطار/ قطار أنفاق
go climbing/ hiking/ kayaking/ mountain biking/ sightseeing/ windsurfing	verb	يذهب للنسلق/ ركوب الزوارق/ ركوب الدراجات/ رؤية المناظر/ ركوب الأمواج الشراعية	take off	verb	تقلع (الطائرة)
go/travel by train	verb	يسافر بالقطار	train station	noun	محطة قطار
journey	noun	رحلة	visit a museum	verb	يزور متحف
Lesson 3 Speaking and Vocabulary					
left luggage	noun	أمتعة متروكة / منسية	tube station	noun	محطة قطار الأنفاق
taxi rank	noun	موقف التاكسي	waiting room	noun	غرفة الانتظار
tourist office	noun	مكتب السواح			

Word الكلمة	Type نوع الكلمة	المعنى بالعربية	Word الكلمة	Type نوع الكلمة	المعنى بالعربية
Lesson 5 Listening and Vocabulary					
arrivals	noun	القادمون	delayed	adjective	مؤجلة
boarding pass	noun	بطاقة صعود الطائرة	departure lounge	noun	قاعة المغادرين
book a flight/ seat/ hotel	verb	احجز رحلة طيران/ مقعد/ فندق	gate	noun	بوابة
budget airline	noun	شركة طيران اقتصادية	hand luggage	noun	حقيبة اليد
cancelled	adjective	ملغية	security	noun	أمن / حماية
check-in desk	noun	مكتب تسجيل الوصول	trolley	noun	ترام/ عربة نقل
		Lesson 6 Readin	g and Vocabulary		
hitchhike	verb	السفر بدون تصريح	solo (journey)	adjective	رحلة منفردة
hospitable	adjective	مضياف	valid	adjective	ساري المفعول/ صالح
overland	adjective	السفر براً	visa	noun	تأشيرة
set out	verb	ينطلق			
		Lesson 7 Writin	g and Vocabulary		
enjoyable	adjective	ممتع	spectacular	adjective	مذهل/ خلاب
scenic	adjective	ذات المناظر الخلابة	welcoming	adjective	ترحيبي
Teacher thinks					

get maps/leaflets

# D. Vocabulary Worksheet (من الكتابين) ك. Ex. 2, S.B Page 29: Match the places from the box with the descriptions. a) A place where you can sit and wait for a bus/train Left Luggage taxi rank tourist office tube station waiting room b) A place where you can catch an underground train underground train waiting room c) A place where you can leave heavy bags for a few hours waiting room e) A place where you can find out travel information, book hotels,

#### Ex. 2, S.B Page 31: In pairs, match the airport vocabulary from the box with the definitions.

 arrivals
 boarding pass
 book a flight
budget airline
 cancelled
 check-in (desk)
 delayed
 departure lounge
 gate
 hand luggage
 security
 trolley

#### Ex. 3, S.B Page 31: Complete the text with the correct forms of the words and phrases from Exercise 2.

arrivals
boarding pass
book a flight
budget airline
cancelled
check-in (desk)
delayed
departure lounge
gate
hand luggage
security
trolley

# Ex. 4, S.B Page 33: Match the highlighted words from the text with the definitions.an official mark on a passport that

allows you to enter a country

2. not by sea or air

3. legal, authentic, acceptable ......

4. starting a journey .....

5. alone .....

**6.** travelling in another person's vehicle ......

**7.** welcoming to visitors or guests

setting out
solo
overland
hitchhiking
valid
hospitable
visa

#### Ex. 5, S.B Page 33: Complete the questions with the correct forms of the words from Exercise 4.

1. Is it a good idea to ...... on your own at night?

2. Have you got a ...... passport? When did you get it?

**3.** Are people in your country .....?

4. How do you feel when you ...... on a long journey?

**5.** Can you travel ..... from your country to Norway?

**6.** Do you prefer to travel ...... or with someone else?

......

setting out solo overland hitchhike valid hospitable

#### Ex. 4, S.B Page 35: Match the adjectives from the box with their synonyms.

**1.** Amazing ......

**2.** Attractive ......

**3.** Fun ......

**4.** Hospitable

enjoyable scenic spectacular welcoming

#### Ex. 1, W.B Page 22: Match the kinds of holiday from the box with the definitions.

1. This is a holiday on a boat.

2. Explorers go on this to dangerous places.

**3.** You can go climbing.

4. This is a short trip, maybe just for one day.

5. This includes your flights, hotel and food.

**6.** This is when you travel from one place to another.

adventure
holiday
cruise
excursion
expedition
journey
package holiday

#### Ex. 3, W.B Page 22: Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1. We arrived at / in the airport late in the evening.
- 2. We're going to leave for / to Paris at five in the morning!
- 3. Our plane took off / landed an hour late we were really bored waiting at the airport.
- **4.** What time are we arriving **at / in** Venice?
- **5.** We're travelling **on / by** bus from the airport to our hotel.
- **6.** Did you stay **to / in** a nice hotel in Prague?
- 7. The pilot said that we are going to take off / land at the airport in twenty minutes.
- 8. Nawal checked in /on the hotel immediately after she landed in Rome

•	.B Page 22: Complete the conversations with one word in each gap.  Hurry up! We don't want to 1 m our train.
Hala	Don't worry. We can <b>2</b> g a taxi to the station.
Mother	How was the journey?
Issa	Tiring. We <b>3 b</b> the plane at 6.30 but we didn't <b>4 t</b> off until eight o'clock.
	We <b>5</b> l in Croatia at half past eleven and got to the hotel after midnight.
Omar	Taxis from the airport are expensive. Let's <b>6 t</b> the train into the centre of Madrid.
Farid	OK, but what about when we <b>7 a</b> at the station? Can we walk from there to the hotel?

#### Ex. 1, W.B Page 24: Complete these sentences with the words from the box.

- **1.** How ..... is it to the next station, please?
- **2.** ..... me, I didn't hear that.

- 3. Look, there is the ..... room. We can wait in there.
- **4.** Which ...... does the train leave from?
- **5.** We need to go to a ...... to catch an underground train.
- **6.** We can put our ..... in the boot of the .....

far waiting taxi tube station platform **Pardon** luggage

#### Ex. 2, W.B Page 24: Look at these sentences. Find one word in each sentence which includes silent letters.

- 1. After a busy period at work, I needed to relax so I booked a cheap return flight to Tromso in the far north of Norway.
- 2. 'You won't see much in two days,' my colleagues told me.
- 3. I sat in an aisle seat and we took off on time.
- **4.** I bought some duty free my favourite aftershave and made my way to the gate.
- 5. The airline paid for food and hot drinks, which is important in a country like Norway.

Ex. 3, W.B Page 24: Which of these words have silent letters? Put them in the correct column. There are three extra words.

guest	island	than	tonight	visa	wheel	wonderful
80.00		•		7.50		

silent gh	silent u	silent s	silent h

Ex. 1, W.B Page 26: Complete the phrases with the words from each box.

A) boarding / check-in / city / double / fully / hand / safari / tour	A) boarding /	check-in /	/ citv .	/ double	/ fully	/ hand	/ safari	/ touris
---	---------------	------------	----------	----------	---------	--------	----------	----------

**1.** ..... bed

- **2.** ..... booked
- **3.** ..... break

**4.** ..... desk

- **5.** ..... office
- **6.** ..... park

**7.** ..... pass

8. ..... luggage

#### B) bag / hotel / holiday / luggage / park / rank / room / station

- **9.** five-star.....
- **10.** left.....
- **11.** taxi.....

- **12.** package.....
- **13.** sleeping.....
- **14.** theme.....

**15.** tube.....

**16.** waiting.....

reacher.

## ه. ورقة عمل قطع القراءة والاستيعاب E. Reading Comprehension Worksheet

جميع قطع القراءة والاستيعاب في الوحدة الثالثة مطلوبة، وسأقوم فيما يلي بوضع أسئلة مقترحة تغطى جميع القطع.

# Lesson 1A (SB, page 26): AMAZING MOMENTS PHOTO COMPETITION مسابقة التصوير الفوتوغرافي

Send in a photo of your most amazing holiday moment. Where was it? What were you doing? Write a text of no more than 80 words to tell us about it. You can win fantastic prizes. أرسل صورة لأجمل لحظة في عطلتك. أين كانت؟ ماذا كنت تفعل؟ اكتب نصًا لا يزيد عن 80 كلمة لتخبرنا عنها. يمكنك

#### Wild horses

Habib Mohsen, New York



Last summer we were staying in a hotel in Scotland. One evening, we went for a drive. At about 7 p.m. we were going along a very quiet road. I wasn't looking at the countryside, was playing a video game. Suddenly, my dad stopped the car. Right in front of us were lots of wild horses. They were running straight at our car. As they were going past, I took this photo. It was amazing.

#### الخيول البرية

حبيب محسن، نيويورك

الفوز بجوائز رائعة

في الصيف الماضي كنا نقيم في فندق في اسكتلندا. وفي إحدى الأمسيات، ذهبنا في جولة بالسيارة. وفي حوالي الساعة 7 مساءً كنا نسير على طريق هادئ للغاية. لم أكن أنظر إلى الريف، كنت ألعب لعبة فيديو. وفجأة، أوقف والدي السيارة. كان أمامنا مباشرة الكثير من الخيول البرية. كانت تركض مباشرة نحو سيارتنا. وبينما كانت تمر، التقطت هذه الصورة. كانت مذهلة

#### A whale of a time

Fadi Jabari, London



I was on holiday in Patagonia. One day, I was walking on the beach when I stopped to watch a man kayaking out at sea. Suddenly I saw a huge whale surface, taking the man and the kayak in its mouth for a few moments before letting him go! I took this photo when I saw another whale surfacing. I found out later that the man was OK.

#### حوت من الزمن

فادي جباري، لندن

كنتُ أقضي عطلة في باتاغونيا. في أحد الأيام، كنتُ أتمشى على الشاطئ عندما توقفتُ لأشاهد رجلاً يمارس التجديف بقارب الكاياك في البحر. فجأةً، رأيتُ حوتاً ضخماً يظهر على السطح، ويلتقط الرجل وقارب الكاياك بفمه لبضع لحظات قبل أن يطلقهما! التقطتُ هذه الصورة عندما رأيتُ حوتاً آخر يظهر على السطح. علمتُ لاحقاً أن الرجل بخير.

#### An amazing view

Osama Sabah, Jordan



My family and I went hiking in the Dana Reserve. When we got to the top, I stopped and looked at the view. It was beautiful. I was very tired, but I didn't care. I felt like I was on top of the world.

#### منظر مذهل

أسامة صباح، الأردن

ذهبت أنا وعائلتي للتنزه في محمية ضانا. عندما وصلنا إلى القمة، توقفت ونظرت إلى المنظر. كان جميلاً. كنت متعبًا للغاية، لكنني لم أهتم. شعرت وكأنني على قمة العالم.

#### After reading the text, answer the following questions:

1.	Where was Habib Mohsen staying last summer?
2.	What was Habib doing when his dad stopped the car?
3.	What did Habib see in front of their car?
4.	Why did Habib take a photo?
5.	Where was Fadi?
6.	What was the man doing in the water?
	What surprising thing happened?
	What did the whale do with the man and his kayak?
9.	What did Fadi do when another whale came up?
10.	Was the man hurt or okay after the event?
11.	Why did Fadi take a photo?
12.	Where did Osama Sabah and his family go hiking?
	What did Osama do when they got to the top?
	How did Osama feel after reaching the top?
15.	How did the view make Osama feel?

۱6.	Tr	rue or false:		
	a.	Habib Mohsen was staying in a hotel in Scotland.	☑T	×F
	b.	Habib was playing a video game when his dad stopped the car.	☑T	×F
	C.	Habib saw lots of wild horses in front of their car.	☑T	×F
	d.	Habib took a photo because the sight of wild horses was amazing.	☑T	<b>x</b> F
	e.	Fadi was on holiday in Patagonia.	☑T	×F
	f.	Fadi was kayaking in the sea.	☑T	<b>x</b> F
	g.	The whale kept the man and kayak in its mouth forever.	☑T	<b>x</b> F
	h.	The man was safe after the whale let him go.	☑T	<b>x</b> F
	i.	Two whales were seen during the story.	☑T	<b>x</b> F
	j.	Osama Sabah and his family went hiking in the Dana Reserve.	☑T	<b>x</b> F
	k.	Osama stopped and looked at the view when they got to the top.	☑T	<b>x</b> F
	l.	Osama felt very tired but happy after reaching the top.	☑T	<b>x</b> F
	m.	The view made Osama feel like he was on top of the world.	☑T	<b>x</b> F
17.		hat does the underlined pronouns refer to?  I (paragraph 1):		
	b.	They (paragraph 1): e. It (paragraph 3):		
	C.	<u>I</u> (paragraph 2): f. <u>I</u> (paragraph 3):		
18.		om the text, give one example on the following:  Noun: d. Pronoun (subject):		
		Verb (past continuous): e. Adjective:		
	C.	Verb (past simple):		

#### Lesson 4 A (SB, page 32): Graham Hughes - The Odyssey Expedition

On 1 January 2009, Graham Hughes from Liverpool, England, sailed across the River Plate from Argentina to Uruguay on a ferry. He was setting out on an incredible solo journey. He was going to visit every country in the world. And he was going to be the first person to do it without flying.

في الأول من يناير 2009، أبحر جراهام هيوز من ليفربول بإنجلترا عبر نهر بليت من الأرجنتين إلى أوروجواي على متن عبارة. كان ينطلق في رحلة منفردة لا تصدق. كان يعتزم زيارة كل دول العالم. وكان يعتزم أن يكون أول شخص يقوم بذلك دون طيران.

He was doing it to set a Guinness World Record and to collect money for the charity WaterAid.

It started well. He visited all 12 countries in South America in only two weeks. But then in the Caribbean, he met his first big problem – islands! You can't travel overland to every country in the world, often there are no ferries between islands and Graham can't walk on water. He solved his problem by hitchhiking on other people's boats.

بدأ الأمر بشكل جيد. فقد زار كل الدول الاثنتي عشرة في أمريكا الجنوبية في أسبوعين فقط. ولكن بعد ذلك في منطقة البحر الكاريبي، واجه أول مشكلة كبيرة له - الجزر! لا يمكنك السفر براً إلى كل دول العالم، وغالبًا ما لا توجد عبارات بين الجزر ولا يستطيع جراهام المشي على الماء. حل مشكلته بالتنقل على متن قوارب أشخاص آخرين.

Europe was easy. He got a railway ticket which allowed him to travel everywhere in Europe by train. It only took him a few weeks to visit 50 countries. Then he arrived in Africa.

كانت أوروبا سهلة. حصل على تذكرة قطار سمحت له بالسفر إلى أي مكان في أوروبا بالقطار. لم يستغرق الأمر سوى بضعة أسابيع لزيارة 50 دولة. ثم وصل إلى أفريقيا.

He was planning on just three months there. It took him almost three years! He had problems with transport and also to get the right travel documents. For example, he had a valid passport, but he also needed a visa to enter Mauritania. Unfortunately, they weren't selling visas at the border. So, he travelled 1,250 miles by bus all the way back to the place where he knew that he could get a visa – Morocco.

كان يخطط لقضاء ثلاثة أشهر فقط هناك. استغرق الأمر ما يقرب من ثلاث سنوات! كان لديه مشاكل في النقل وأيضًا في الحصول على وثائق السفر الصحيحة. على سبيل المثال، كان لديه جواز سفر ساري المفعول، لكنه كان بحاجة أيضًا إلى تأشيرة لدخول موريتانيا. لسوء الحظ، لم يكونوا يبيعون التأشيرات على الحدود. لذلك، سافر 1250 ميلاً بالحافلة طوال الطريق إلى المكان الذي عرف أنه يمكنه الحصول على تأشيرة فيه - المغرب.

During his journey Graham learnt how hospitable people can be. One time when he was travelling on a night bus in Iran, he saw an old woman who was talking on her phone. She handed it to him. It was the woman's grandson. 'My grandmother's worried because the bus

arrives very early,' he explained in English. 'She wants to invite you home to make you breakfast.' Graham accepted the invitation.

خلال رحلته، تعلم جراهام مدى حسن ضيافة الناس. ذات مرة عندما كان مسافرًا في حافلة ليلية في إيران، رأى امرأة عجوز تتحدث في هاتفها. سلمته له. كان حفيد المرأة. أوضح بالإنجليزية: "جدتي قلقة لأن الحافلة تصل مبكرًا جدًا. إنها تريد دعوتك إلى المنزل لاعداد وجبة الافطار لك". قبل جر اهام الدعوة.

Finally, after three years, ten months and twenty-one days Graham arrived in the 21 and final country on his odyssey. It was South Sudan, the newest state in the world, a country that didn't even exist when he started his journey.

أخيرًا، بعد ثلاث سنوات وعشرة أشهر وواحد وعشرين يومًا، وصل جراهام إلى البلد الحادي والعشرين والأخير في رحلته. كانت جنوب السودان، أحدث دولة في العالم، وهي دولة لم تكن موجودة حتى عندما بدأ رحلته.

#### After reading the text, answer the following questions:

1.	When did Graham Hughes start his journey, and from where did he sail to Uruguay?
2.	What were the two main goals of Graham Hughes' journey?
3.	How many countries did Graham visit in South America, and how much time did it take him?
4.	What challenge did Graham face in the Caribbean, and how did he solve it?
5.	How did Graham manage to travel across Europe, and how many countries did he visit there?
6.	What difficulties did Graham encounter in Africa, and how long did it take him to travel there?
7.	Describe an example of the hospitality Graham experienced during his journey.
8.	What was the final destination of Graham's journey, and why was it significant?
9.	Did Graham Hughes start his journey on 1 January 2009?
10	Was Graham's journey intended to visit every country without flying?
11.	Did Graham visit all 12 countries in South America in only two weeks?

**a.** Noun: .....

**b.** Verb (present simple): .....

**c.** Verb (past simple): .....

e. Pronoun (object): .....

**f.** Adjective: .....

#### Lesson 7 A (SB, page 34): The world is your oyster

I'm Mazen, I'm sixteen and I'm from London. I write about culture, food and, above all, travelling! The name of my blog comes from Shakespeare: I can do anything I want to, the world's my oyster. It means 'use all the opportunities that the world offers you' – that's my philosophy in life!

أنا مازن، عمري ستة عشر عامًا وأنا من لندن. أكتب عن الثقافة والطعام، وقبل كل شيء، السفر! يأتي اسم مدونتي من شكسبير: يمكنني أن أفعل أي شيء أريده، العالم بين يدي. وهذا يعني "استخدم كل الفرص التي يقدمها لك العالم" - هذه هي فلسفتى في الحياة!

#### 15th May. A wonderful trip to Wales.

15 أيار. رحلة رائعة إلى ويلز.

My cousin Ramzi recently invited me to the small seaside town where <u>he</u> lives – Aberystwyth in Wales.

got a train to Birmingham. Ramzi was waiting for me at the train station. From Birmingham, we caught another train to Aberystwyth. The train journey was slow but very scenic. It was raining when we arrived, so we went straight to the house that Ramzi shares with my aunt and uncle. It was lovely to see them again.

لقد ركبت قطارًا إلى برمنغهام. كان رمزي ينتظرني في محطة القطار. من برمنغهام، ركبنا قطارًا آخر إلى أبيريستويث. كانت رحلة القطار بطيئة ولكنها ذات مناظر خلابة للغاية. كان الجو ممطرًا عندما وصلنا، لذلك ذهبنا مباشرة إلى المنزل الذي يتقاسمه رمزي مع عمى وخالتي. كان من الرائع رؤيتهم مرة أخرى.

The next day we explored Aberystwyth with some of Ramzi's friends. They were very nice and welcoming. We had a walk along a beach, I took some fantastic photos and we visited the castle, too. It was too cold to swim but some brave people were windsurfing! On the third day, we climbed Cader Idris – a big mountain north of the town. It was snowing when we got to the top but the view was spectacular. On the last day, we went for an enjoyable drive along the coast.

في اليوم التالي استكشفنا أبيريستويث مع بعض أصدقاء رمزي. كانوا لطيفين للغاية ومرحبين. لقد قمنا بجولة سيرًا على الأقدام على طول الشاطئ، والتقطت بعض الصور الرائعة وقمنا بزيارة القلعة أيضًا. كان الجو باردًا جدًا بحيث لا يمكن السباحة ولكن بعض الأشخاص الشجعان كانوا يمارسون رياضة ركوب الأمواج الشراعية! في اليوم الثالث، تسلقنا جبل كادر إدريس - وهو جبل كبير شمال المدينة. كان الثلج يتساقط عندما وصلنا إلى القمة ولكن المنظر كان مذهلاً. في اليوم الأخير، ذهبنا في رحلة ممتعة بالسيارة على طول الساحل.

Wales is a small country but people are very open and friendly. For example, everyone smiles and says 'hello' when you pass them on the street – it made a really positive impression. Overall, I had a brilliant time and made some great new friends!

ويلز بلد صغير ولكن الناس منفتحون وودودون للغاية. على سبيل المثال، يبتسم الجميع ويقولون "مرحبًا" عندما تمر بهم في الشارع - لقد ترك ذلك انطباعًا إيجابيًا حقًا. بشكل عام، قضيت وقتًا رائعًا وتعرفت على بعض الأصدقاء الجدد الرائعين!

	ter reading the text, answer the following that is Mazen's blog about?	•		
2.	What philosophy does he follow in life?			
3.	Where did Mazen travel to on the 15th of May,	and who invited him?		
4.	How did Mazen get to Aberystwyth, and who w	as waiting for him at the l	Birmingham	
5.				
3.	What was the weather like when Mazen and R			•
7.	How did Mazen describe the people of Wales?			
3.	What overall impression did the trip leave on h	im?		
9.	True or False:			
	a) Mazen writes about music, education, and s	sports in his blog.	☑T	<b>x</b> F
	b) Mazen travelled to a small seaside town in E	England.	☑T	<b>⋉</b> F
	c) The train journey to Aberystwyth was fast bu	ut uneventful.	☑T	<b>⋉</b> F
	d) It was sunny when Mazen and Ramzi arrive	d in Aberystwyth.	☑T	<b>⋉</b> F
	e) Mazen and Ramzi climbed a mountain calle	d Cader Idris.	☑T	<b>⋉</b> F
	f) People in Wales are very open and friendly,	according to Mazen.	☑T	<b>x</b> F
10.	.What does the underlined pronouns refer to?			
	a. <u>he</u> (line 5):	c. <u>I</u> (line 7):		
	b. <u>The</u> (line 11):			
11.	.From the text, give one example on the following	ng:		
	a. Noun:	d. Pronoun (subject	):	
	b. Verb (present simple):	e. Pronoun (object):		
	c. Verb (past simple):	f. Adjective:		

#### ملحق الاجابات Answers Key

#### إجابات ورقة العمل الإضافية على القواعد Extra Grammar Worksheet

#### Q1: Past Simple & Past Continuous

1. arrived – saw

7. was running

2. were visiting

8. were working – met

18. broke

3. saw

9. walked – was running –

19. came

20. was living

4. was washing

were writing

14. noticed 15. was having

13. were playing

12. heard – was studying

5. fell

10. were doing

16. saw

6. were walking

11. saw - called

17. was hiding

#### **Q2: Relative Pronouns**

1. which

5. who

9. which

13. that

2. where

6. whose

10. where

14. where

17. whose 18. that

3. which

7. who

11. that

15. who

19. whose

4. which / that

8. that

12. whose

16. where

20. who

#### إجابات تمارين القواعد في الكتابين S.B and W.B Grammar Exercises

#### **Student Book Exercises**

Ex.3, S.B Page 27:	1 b	2 a			
Ev. 7. C. P. Dogo 27:	1 were travelling	2 was feeling	3 went	4 was looking	5 saw
Ex. 7, S.B Page 27:	6 was swimming	7 was watching	8 jumped	9 got	
Ex. 8, S.B Page 27:	1 catch	2 was driving	3 was waiting	4 was riding	5 were sailing
Ex. 6, S.B Page 30:	1 √ that	2 where	3 which	4 whose	5 √ that
Ex. 7, S.B Page 30	1 Buckingham Palace	2 which/that, Liverp	oool 3 who/that, S	tephen Hawking	4 whose, Roald Dahl

#### **Workbook Exercises**

	1 It was 4 a.m.	and e	veryone	e was sle	eping		2 Alison was eating breakfast at six o'clock.							
Ex. 1, W.B Page 20:	3 We were wa	ting f	or the ra	ain to sto	p.		4 The sun was coming up behind the mountains.							
	5 I was still pag	king r	ny bag a	at eleven	o'cloc	k.								
Ex. 2, W.B Page 20:	1 was choosing	Ţ,	2 saw,	, were		3 were fly	ing, saw	4 we	ere sailing,		5 were eating,			
Ext. 2, WIB I age 20.	broke	driving					appeared			dropped				
Ev. 2 W.P.Dogo 21	1 were staying		2 were	e walking	5	3 were sit	tting	4 sta	irted		5 were	driving		
Ex. 3, W.B Page 21:	6 was looking		7 opened			8 wasn't l	holding	9 flew						
Ex. 1, W.B Page 23:	1 which	L which 2 who		vho 3 whe		re 4 that			5 whose	9	6 that			
Ex. 2, W.B Page 23:	1 × 2 ✓			3 X		4 🗸		5 X		6 X				
Ex. 3, W.B Page 23:	1 which/that		2 which/that			3 which/that		4 who/that			5 which/that			
	6 who/that		7 which/that			8 which/t	hat							
	1 This is the gir	l who	/that I t	told you a	about.		2 This is the taxi driver who/that drove us from the							
							airport to the hotel.							
Ex. 4, W.B Page 23:	3 This is the ro	om w	hich/tha	at I share	d with	my	4 This was the local boy who/that taught me a few					t me a few		
	brother.		useful phrases.											
	5 This is the ho	day.	6 He is the chef whose food I love.											
Ex. 2, W.B Page 26:	1 travel		2 pack			3 take		4 stay, go			5 sunbathe, climb			
Ex. 2, vv.b Page 20.	6 go, see		7 visit,	, go		8 buy, w	vatch							
Ex. 3, W.B Page 26:	1 landing, taking off 2 put up				3 b	ook	4 took		5 arrived,	left, w	ent (	6 missed		
Ex. 4, W.B Page 26:	1 was shining,	were	driving,	started	2 v	vere you d	oing, called	l, was	packing, w	as liste	ening, di	dn't hear		
Ex. 5, W.B Page 26:	1 that		2 who	/that		3 whose	9	4 (w	hich/that)		5 where	9		
Ex. 6, W.B Page 26:	1 b 2	a	13	3 c	4	b	5 d	6	b					

S.B & V	V.B Voc	cab	ula	ıry	Exe	ercis	se	ین es	تابي	ن الك	لة ه	لهاه	ماني ا	، الم	رين	تما	ابات	إج	
Ex. 2, S.B Page 29:	a waiting room b taxi			axi rank c tu			c tube station		C	d Left Luggage		e tourist office							
Ex. 2, S.B Page 31:	1 hand luggage		2 bu	dget	airline	3 tr	rolle	ey 4	l bo	boarding pass		5	5 departure lounge			9	6 security		
Ext 2, 515 1 age 51.	7 check in (	desk)	8 8	arrivals		9 gat	:e		10	book a	fligh	it	11 de	layed			12	cancelled	
Ex. 3, S.B Page 31:	1 booked	2 bu	ıdget	3 b	oardir	ng pass	S	4 ched	ck-in	ı (desk)	5	sec	urity		6 de	epart	ture lo	unge	
Ex. 5, 5.5 Page 51.	7 delayed		8 can	celled	t	9 har	nd I	uggage	1 ج	10 trolle	еу		11 ga	te			12 arrivals		
Ex. 4, S.B Page 33:	1 hitchhike	2	overla	and	3 v	alid		4 s	4 set out 5		5 s	olo	6 1		6 hitchhike		7 hospitable		Ĵ
Ex. 5, S.B Page 33:	1 hitchhike 2 val			ılid 3 hospi			spit	able	ble 4 set out				5 overland				6 solo		
Ex. 4, S.B Page 35:	1 spectacul	ar	2 scenic		3 enjoyable		able	4 welcoming		3									
Ex. 1, W.B Page 22:	1 cruise	2	2 expe	expedition 3 a		adventure h		e holiday		4 excursion		on	5 package hol		nolid	lay	6	journey	
Ex. 3, W.B Page 22:	1 at	2 fo	r	3	took o	off 4 in		1		5 by (		6 ir	in 71		7 land		8 in		
Ex. 4, W.B Page 22:	1 miss	2	get	·	3 bo	parded	I	4 tal	ке	5 la		nded 6		6 take			7	arrive	
Ex. 1, W.B Page 24:	1 far		2 Par	don		3 wai	itin	g	4 platform		rm	m 5 t		5 tube station			6 lug	gage, tax	.i
Ex. 2, W.B Page 24:	1 flight			2 two	; colle	agues		3 aisle	•			4 bought		ought		5 which			
Ex. 3, W.B Page 24:	silent gh: tonight s			silent s: island			silent	h: w	vheel				5						
Ex. 1, W.B Page 26:	1 double	2 ful	lly	3 ci	ity	4 che	eck-	in 5	5 budget 6 to		6 to	urist	ist 7 safari		8	8 boarding		9 hand	d
Ex. 1, W.B Page 20.	10 hotel	11 l	uggag	e 1	2 rank	13	holi	iday	14 airline 1		15	bag	16 park 17		stat	station 18 room		1	

#### إجابات أسئلة قطع القراءة والاستيعاب Reading Comprehension Worksheet's Answers

#### Lesson 1 A (SB, page 30): AMAZING MOMENTS

- 1. Habib Mohsen was staying in a hotel in Scotland.
- 2. Habib was playing a video game when his dad stopped the car.
- 3. Habib saw lots of wild horses in front of their car.
- 4. Habib took a photo because the sight of wild horses was amazing.
- 5. On holiday in Patagonia.
- 6. He was kayaking.
- 7. A huge whale came up and took the man and his kayak in its mouth for a few moments.
- 8. It held them in its mouth briefly, then let them go.
- 9. He took a photo.
- 10. He was okay.
- 11. To capture the moment when another whale surfaced.
- 12. Osama Sabah and his family went hiking in the Dana Reserve.
- 13. Osama stopped and looked at the view when they got to the top.
- 14. Osama felt very tired but happy after reaching the top.
- 15. The view made Osama feel like he was on top of the world.
- $16. \ a) \ T \qquad b) \ T \qquad c) \ T \qquad d) \ T \qquad e) \ T \qquad f) \ F \qquad g) \ F \qquad h) \ T \qquad i) \ T \qquad j) \ T \qquad k) \ T \qquad l) \ T \qquad m) \ T$
- 17. a) Habib Mohsen b) wild horses c) Fadi Jabari d) My family and I e) the view f) Osama Sabah
- 18. a) Habib, Scotland, Patagonia b) were staying, was eating, were going, was going c) went, stopped, took, started, were, was d) I, we, they, it f) quiet, amazing, great, beautiful

Lesson 4 A (SB, page 36): Graham Hughes - The Odyssey Expedition

- 1. Graham Hughes started his journey on 1 January 2009, and he sailed across the River Plate from Argentina to Uruguay.
- 2. The two main goals of Graham Hughes' journey were to set a Guinness World Record and to collect money for the charity WaterAid.

- 3. Graham visited all 12 countries in South America in only two weeks.
- 4. In the Caribbean, Graham faced the challenge of traveling between islands without ferries, which he solved by hitchhiking on other people's boats.
- 5. Graham managed to travel across Europe by using a railway ticket that allowed him to travel everywhere by train, and he visited 50 countries.
- 6. In Africa, Graham encountered problems with transport and obtaining the right travel documents, taking almost three years to travel there instead of the planned three months.
- 7. An example of the hospitality Graham experienced was when he was traveling on a night bus in Iran, and an old woman invited him to her home for breakfast because she was worried about him arriving early.
- 8. The final destination of Graham's journey was South Sudan, the newest state in the world, significant because it did not exist when he started his journey.

9. Yes, he did. 12. Yes, he did. 15. Yes, he was. 10. Yes, he was. 13. Yes, he did. 11. Yes, he did. 14. Yes, he did. d) T 16. a) T e) T f) T b) F c) F 17. a) hitchhiking b) overland c) valid d) set out f) Hitchhike e) solo g) hospitable 18. a) Graham Hughes b) old woman c) Graham Hughes 19. a) Graham, Liverpool, Argentina ...etc b) do, set, collect ...etc. c) sailed, visited, met, allowed ...etc. d) he, she, it, you ...etc. e) him f) incredible, well, easy ...etc.

#### Lesson 7 A (SB, page 38): The world is your oyster

- 1. Mazen's blog is about culture, food, and traveling.
- 2. His philosophy in life is to use all the opportunities that the world offers, inspired by the saying "the world's my oyster" from Shakespeare.
- 3. Mazen travelled to Aberystwyth in Wales on the 15th of May. He was invited by his cousin Ramzi.
- 4. Mazen got a train to Birmingham, where Ramzi was waiting for him at the train station. From Birmingham, they caught another train to Aberystwyth.
- 5. In Aberystwyth, Mazen and Ramzi, along with Ramzi's friends, walked along a beach, took photos, visited the castle, and saw people windsurfing. They also climbed the mountain Cader Idris.
- 6. It was snowing when Mazen and Ramzi climbed Cader Idris. When they reached the top, they saw a spectacular view.
- 7. Mazen described the people of Wales as very open and friendly, noting that everyone smiles and says 'hello' when you pass them on the street.
- 8. The trip left a very positive impression on him, and he made some great new friends.
- 9. a) F b) F c) F d) F e) T f) T 10. a) Ramzi b) Mazen c) some of Ramzi's friends
- 11. a) Abbas, Musa, Jordan ...etc. b) write, is, come, live ...etc.
  - c) asked, used to dream, dreamt, ...etc. d) I, he, we ...etc. e) his
    - f) big, biggest, skilful ...etc.



